

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Tuesday, September 20, 2022 Special Meeting Community Meeting Room & Virtual 5:30 PM

Pursuant to <u>AB 361</u> Palo Alto City Council and Committee meetings will be held as "hybrid" meetings with the option to attend by teleconference/video conference or in person. To maximize public safety while still maintaining transparency and public access, members of the public can choose to participate from home or attend in person. Information on how the public may observe and participate in the meeting is located at the end of the agenda.

HOW TO PARTICIPATE

VIRTUAL PARTICIPATION

CLICK HERE TO JOIN (https://cityofpaloalto.zoom.us/j/99227307235)

Meeting ID: 992 2730 7235 Phone:1(669)900-6833

The meeting will be broadcast on Cable TV Channel 26, live on YouTube at https://www.youtube.com/c/cityofpaloalto, and streamed to Midpen Media Center at https://midpenmedia.org.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

Public Comments will be accepted both in person and via Zoom meeting. All requests to speak will be taken until 5 minutes after the staff's presentation. Written public comments can be submitted in advance to city.council@cityofpaloalto.org and will be provided to the Committee and available for inspection on the City's website. Please clearly indicate which agenda item you are referencing in your email subject line.

CALL TO ORDER

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Members of the public may speak to any item NOT on the agenda.

ACTION ITEMS

1. Accept California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Presentation Pension Annual Valuation Reports as of June 30, 2021

FUTURE MEETINGS AND AGENDAS

ADJOURNMENT

PUBLIC COMMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Members of the Public may provide public comments to hybrid meetings via email, in person, teleconference, or by phone.

- 1. **Written public comments** may be submitted by email to city.council@cityofpaloalto.org.
- 2. **In person public comments** please complete a speaker request card located on the table at the entrance to the Council Chambers, and deliver it to the City Clerk prior to discussion of the item.
- 3. **Spoken public comments using a computer or smart phone** will be accepted through the teleconference meeting. To address the Council, click on the link below to access a Zoom-based meeting. Please read the following instructions carefully.
 - You may download the Zoom client or connect to the meeting in- browser. If using your browser, make sure you are using a current, up-to-date browser: Chrome 30+, Firefox 27+, Microsoft Edge 12+, Safari 7+. Certain functionality may be disabled in older browsers including Internet Explorer. Or download the Zoom application onto your phone from the Apple App Store or Google Play Store and enter the Meeting ID below
 - You may be asked to enter an email address and name. We request that you identify yourself by name as this will be visible online and will be used to notify you that it is your turn to speak.
 - When you wish to speak on an Agenda Item, click on "raise hand." The Clerk will activate and unmute speakers in turn. Speakers will be notified shortly before they are called to speak.
 - When called, please limit your remarks to the time limit allotted.
 - A timer will be shown on the computer to help keep track of your comments.
- 4. **Spoken public comments using a phone** use the telephone number listed below. When you wish to speak on an agenda item hit *9 on your phone so we know that you wish to speak. You will be asked to provide your first and last name before addressing the Council. You will be advised how long you have to speak. When called please limit your remarks to the agenda item and time limit allotted.

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AMERICANS WITH DISABILITY ACT (ADA)

Persons with disabilities who require auxiliary aids or services in using City facilities, services or programs or who would like information on the City's compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, may contact (650) 329-2550 (Voice) 48 hours or more in advance.



City of Palo Alto Finance Committee Staff Report

(ID # 14628)

Meeting Date: 9/20/2022 Report Type: Action Items

Title: Accept California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Pension Annual Valuation Reports as of June 30, 2021

From: City Manager

Lead Department: Administrative Services

Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Finance Committee accept and forward to the City Council for information, the June 30, 2021 CalPERS Annual Valuation reports for the Miscellaneous and Safety Pension Plans.

Background

The City of Palo Alto offers its employees and retirees a defined pension benefit plan which is managed and administered by CalPERS, a State of California Pension Trust Program. The CalPERS program maintains two pension plans for the City: one for safety employees (sworn fire and police personnel) and another for miscellaneous employees (all other non-safety personnel employed by the City, including field personnel, administrative support, and managers).

There are three tiers of benefits within the two plans described above. Table 1 below details the current pension plans and the different benefit levels in each tier. It takes City employees five (5) years of service to vest in any tier of the pension program. Attachment A outlines the number of employees in each tier by pension plan and employee group as of September 2022.

Table 1: City of Palo Alto Pension Benefit Plans and Tiers

	Miscellaneous	Safety: Fire	Safety: Police
Tier 1	2.7%/service year worked;	3.0%/service year worked;	3.0%/service year worked;
	eligibility starting at the age	eligibility starting at the age of	eligibility starting at the age
	of 55 (2.7% @ 55)	50 (3.0% @ 50)	of 50 (3.0% @ 50)
Tier 2	Effective July 16, 2010:	Effective June 7, 2012:	Effective December 6, 2012:
	2.0%/service year worked,	3.0%/service year worked,	3.0%/service year worked,
	eligibility starting at age 60	eligibility starting at age 55	eligibility starting at age 55
	(2.0% @ 60)	(3.0% @ 55)	(3.0% @ 55)

Tier 3	Effective January 1, 2013:	Effective January 1, 2013:	Effective January 1, 2013:
"PEPRA"*	2.0%/service year worked;	2.7%/service year worked;	2.7%/service year worked;
	eligibility starting at age 62	eligibility starting at age 57	eligibility starting at age 57
	(2.0% at 62)	(2.7% at 57)	(2.7% at 57)

^{*} Under the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), the benefit calculation is limited by a maximum salary of \$161,969 in 2022 for both the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, therefore it is calculated based on service years but cannot exceed the \$161,969. The final salary calculation is based on the average of the highest three years.

The CalPERS Annual Valuation reports are included in Attachments B and C and provide an actuarial analysis of the City of Palo Alto pension trust plans based on member and financial data as of June 30, 2021. The purpose of these reports is to provide an update on the assets and accrued liabilities of plans, determine minimum employer contributions for the coming fiscal year, and communicate significant changes in actuarial assumptions or policies. The valuation reports included for review as part of this memo will be used to inform the FY 2024 – FY 2033 Long Range Financial Forecast and FY 2024 budget. The calculations for annual employer contributions are based on a set of actuarial assumptions for demographic (e.g., mortality, retirement, termination, and disability rates) and economic factors (e.g., future investment earnings, inflations, salary growth). These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate for future experience of the plans and are long term in nature. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions, and actuarial experience that is different than anticipated. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.9 percent over the 20 years ending June 30, 2021, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6 percent to +21.3 percent. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2021.

CalPERS FY 2024 & Projected Employer Contributions

CalPERS has two components designated in the annual billing of employer contributions to employee pension accounts. These two components are: 1) the Normal Cost (NC); and 2) the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) payment. The combined cost of NC and UAL reflect the total Actuarial Determined Contribution (ADC), or total cost, and is commonly referred to as the blended rate.

- The NC reflects the employer contribution for the plan retirement benefits provided to current employees based on the current set of assumptions and is billed as a percentage of payroll.
- 2. The UAL represents the employer amortization of unfunded accrued liability and is billed as a flat dollar rate. The CalPERS's annual payment is calculated to pay down the City's unfunded accrued pension liability over the amortization timeline. If all actuarial assumptions were realized through the amortization timeline, the City would eliminate its unfunded pension liability after making these annual payments.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City has taken several proactive steps to address rising pension costs and long-term liabilities, including cost-sharing in labor agreements, establishing an irrevocable Section 115

Pension Trust ("Pension Trust"), and adopting a Pension Funding Policy. In January 2017, the City Council authorized the establishment of a Pension Trust, administered by Public Agency Retirement Service (PARS) (CMR 7553). Contributions were initially made to the Pension Trust on an ad-hoc basis, using one-time savings or excess revenues. In October 2018, the City Council directed staff to use a more conservative discount rate as compared to CalPERS for the NC portion of the liability, transferring the additional ("supplemental") funding beyond CalPERS actuarial determined contribution levels to the Pension Trust (CMR 9740). Additional one-time contributions continue to be made each year if excess revenues or unspent savings are available, subject to City Council approval. This practice was reinforced in the development of a Pension Funding Policy, adopted by the City Council in November 2020 (CMR 11722). As part of policy goals, the City seeks to reach a 90 percent funded status by FY 2036. This policy is an evergreen policy that automatically renews until goals are complete, subject to modification at the City Council's direction, and is intended to identify a path forward for the City to address its pension obligations on an ongoing basis, ensure prudent and proactive financial planning, and avoid significant impacts to service delivery. This policy requires that staff consult with an actuary every three years to inform the City Council of the progress towards achieving this goal.

Discussion

In November 2021, CalPERS completed an Asset Liability Management (ALM) process to review the capital market assumptions and the strategic asset allocation to ascertain whether a change in the discount rate and other economic assumptions is warranted. As part of this process, the Actuarial Office also completed an Experience Study to review pension demographics for potential modification. This comprehensive review is completed every four years and last resulted in a reduction in the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent. Notable outcomes of the recent ALM process include but are not limited to the following:

- Reduction to the discount rate from 7.0 to 6.8 percent;
- New actuarial assumptions, including a reduction for price inflation from 2.50 to 2.30 percent; and
- New asset allocation to target 1/3 investment in private assets, add 5 percent leverage, and reduce public equity exposure

In the Period ending June 30, 2021, the plan experienced a 21.3 percent investment return as compared to a 6.8 percent return assumed by CalPERS. This gain triggered the CalPERS Risk Mitigation Policy to use of a portion of the gains to offset the costs of reducing the expected volatility of future investment returns. Consistent with the current amortization policy, the resulting investment gain will be amortized over 20 years with a 5-year ramp-up period. Overall, the funded status of the Public Employee's Retirement Fund (PERF) increased 10.6 percent over the prior year, from 70.6 percent to 81.2 percent as of June 30, 2021. This report does not consider the preliminary -6.1 percent return on investments for the period ending June 30, 2022 (6.8 percent target); this investment loss will be included in the report issued in fall 2023 and incorporated in the FY 2025 budget. CalPERS estimates that this loss will result in a 9.2 percent decrease in the total PERF, from 81.2 percent to 72.0 percent as of June 30, 2022.

Public Employee's Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) Employee Contributions The California Public Employee's Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) was enacted in 2013 to address structural concerns relating to the public retirement employee system and changed the way CalPERS retirement and health benefits were applied and placed compensation benefits on members. Provisions included reduced benefit formulas and increased retirement age and created a lower pensionable compensation cap (\$161,969 in FY 2022). Additionally, PEPRA members are subject to possible increases or decreases to their contribution rate based on the requirement that members contribute at least 50 percent of the total annual NC of their pension benefit. As a result of the June 30, 2021 valuation, the PEPRA employee contribution for the Miscellaneous group will increase 1.00 percent, from 6.25 percent to 7.25 percent. This is the first rate increase for the PEPRA Miscellaneous members since the inception of the plan. There is no change for PEPRA employees in the Safety group, the 11.75 percent contribution remains unchanged from the prior year. The most recent change for the Safety plan occurred in the June 30, 2018 valuation (FY 2021), resulting in a 1.00 percent increase from 10.75 percent to 11.75 percent. Additionally, the City has negotiated Memoranda of Agreements (MOAs) with labor groups to include provisions for employees to accept a greater share of pension costs; Miscellaneous groups pick-up 1-2 percent and Safety groups pick up 3-4 percent of the employer share of pension costs¹. Therefore, a PEPRA employee in the Miscellaneous group will contribute a total of 8.25 percent (MGMT and UMPAPA) to 9.25 percent (SEIU) of pensionable salary beginning in FY 2024. This rate is inclusive of the PEPRA required rate of 7.25 percent plus the negotiated terms to pay 1.00 percent (MGMT and UMPAPA) and 2.00 percent (SEIU) of the employer share.

<u>Current and Projected Employer Contributions</u>

The ADC for the Miscellaneous Plan is \$38.8 million in FY 2024, a decrease of \$0.6 million (1.6 percent), from an ADC of \$39.5 million in FY 2023. The ADC for the Safety Plan is \$20.7 million in FY 2024, a decrease of \$0.2 million (1.0 percent), from an ADC of \$20.9 in FY 2023. The ADC will inform the development of the FY 2024–FY 2033 Long Range Financial Forecast and FY 2024 Adopted Budget.

Tables 2 summarizes the projected employer contributions required for each plan to fund the ADC and the NC and UAL that make up this rate. Over the next six years, CalPERS estimates that future ADCs will steadily decrease from a peak of 44.8 percent of payroll in FY 2024 to 30.7 percent of payroll by FY 2029 for the Miscellaneous plan. Over the same six-year span, CalPERS estimates that the ADC will peak at 74.0 percent of payroll in FY 2024 and steadily decrease to 63.2 percent of payroll in 2029 for Safety. Of important note, these results do not include preliminary investment losses incurred June 30, 2022. Additionally, investment gains and losses are subject to a five-year ramp-up period. Therefore, investment gains recognized in the June

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¹ <u>Safety Group</u>: Fire Chiefs Association (FCA), International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF), and Police Management Association (PMA) at 4.0%, Palo Alto Peace Officers' Association (PAPOA) at 3.5%. <u>Miscellaneous Group</u>: Service Employees International Union (SEIU) at 2.0%, and Management, Professionals, and Council Appointees (MGMT) and Utilities Management and Professionals (UMPAPA) at 1.0%,

30, 2021 valuation will be phased in from FY 2024 through FY 2028.

TABLE 2: CalPERS Current and Projected Employer Contributions*

Miscellaneous	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
NC (%)**	11.0	10.6	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.7	10.4	10.1
UAL (%)	30.8	32.3	33.1	32.2	27.8	22.2	20.5	20.6
Total ADC (% payroll)	41.8%	42.9%	44.8%	43.6%	38.9%	32.9%	30.9%	30.7%
NC (\$)	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	10.0
UAL (\$)**	26.4	29.7	28.7	28.6	25.5	20.8	19.8	20.5
Total ADC (\$)	\$35.7M	\$39.5M	\$38.8M	\$38.8M	\$35.6M	\$30.9M	\$29.8M	\$30.5M

Safety	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
NC (%)**	21.5	20.6	22.6	22.0	21.3	20.7	20.1	19.4
UAL (%)	48.0	50.6	51.4	50.3	48.2	46.1	43.5	43.8
Total ADC (% payroll)	69.6%	71.1%	74.0%	72.3%	69.5%	66.8%	63.6%	63.2%
NC (\$)	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2
UAL (\$)**	13.3	14.9	14.4	14.5	14.3	14.0	13.6	14.1
Total ADC (\$)	\$19.2M	\$20.9M	\$20.7M	\$20.8M	\$20.5M	\$20.3M	\$19.9M	\$20.3M

^{*} The City's current Memoranda of Agreements (MOAs) with labor groups include provisions for employees to accept a greater share of pension costs to curtail the City's growing pension expense; Miscellaneous groups pick-up 1-2% and Safety groups pick up 3-4%. CalPERS does not consider these amounts in valuation calculations.

** The City makes payments to CalPERS for NC as a percentage of payroll and for UAL as a flat dollar rate. For illustrative purposes, this table uses CalPERS estimates to restate the total ADC (NC and UAL) in respective terms.

Pension Plan's Funded Status

The funded status is a measure of how well funded, or how "on track" a plan is with respect to assets versus accrued liabilities. As of June 30, 2021, the funded status of the overall Public Employee's Retirement Fund (PERF) increased 10.6 percent over the prior year, from 70.6 percent to 81.2 percent. This rate is higher than the City's funded status of 75.3 percent for Miscellaneous and 69.4 percent for Safety. Table 3 details the City's June 30, 2021 funded status for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans with an assumed rate of return of 6.8 percent. The total unfunded pension liability decreased from \$510.4 million as of June 30, 2020 to \$391.9 million as of June 30, 2021. This represents a decrease of \$118.5 million, or 23.2 percent over the prior year. This significant change is predominantly due to a significant investment return of 21.3 percent in 2020-2021 and does not consider preliminary investments losses of 6.1 percent for the period ending June 30, 2021. CalPERS estimates that this loss will result in a 9.2 percent decrease in the overall funded status of the PERF, from 81.2 percent to 72.0 percent as of June 30, 2022.

TABLE 3: CalPERS Projected Unfunded Accrued Liability

	As of June 30, 2018	As of June 30, 2019	As of June 30, 2020	As of June 30,2021
Miscellaneous	284,856,248	294,703,569	317,116,346	236,033,956
Miscellaneous Funded Status	65.8%	66.1%	65.1%	75.3%
Safety	170,712,183	182,221,129	193,301,713	155,885,841
Safety Funded Status	62.2%	61.3%	60.3%	69.4%
TOTAL UNFUNDED PENSION LIABILITY	\$455,568,431	\$476,924,698	\$510,418,059	\$391,919,797
% Change from Prior Year	9.8%	4.7%	7.0%	-23.2%

Long-term Financial Planning

The City has taken several proactive steps to address rising pension costs and long-term liabilities, including cost-sharing in labor agreements, establishing an irrevocable Section 115 Pension Trust ("Pension Trust"), and adopting a Pension Funding Policy. Consistent with City Council direction, staff continues to calculate the NC of pension at a more conservative discount rate than CalPERS and transmits amounts above required payments to the Pension Trust. Additional one-time contributions continue to be made each year if excess revenues or unspent savings are available, subject to City Council approval.

The FY 2023 Adopted Budget includes a two-year plan to reduce the discount rate for supplemental contributions to the Pension Trust from a previously approved rate of 6.2 percent to 5.3 percent. This action more closely aligns the discount rate with the recent ALM study, which includes a survey of external asset managers and consultants to gain expert projections on expected market returns. In the most recent ALM study, the median expected returns of survey participants were 5.3 percent (10-year) to 6.2 percent (20-year)². It is important to note that the Pension Policy does not require realignment of this rate based on market returns, or other external factors. However, a lower discount rate aligns with the policy's intent to fund pensions at a rate that more closely reflects market projections. The City has engaged in extensive conversations to address the cost of current and forecasted pension benefits, including strategies to pre-fund long-term pension obligations. As part of pension funding guidelines in September 2018, the Finance Committee directed the use of a 6.2 percent rate of return for financial planning purposes (CMR 9604). This rate was consistent with CalPERS investment consultant (Wilshire Associates) 10-year projection as of November 2016³. Wilshire continues to provide pension consultancy services to CalPERS and participates in survey responses included in the ALM study. Staff anticipates returning to the Finance Committee in fall 2022 to engage in a more detailed discussion on the Pension Policy, including external and

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/alm-quarterly-webinar-08-03-2021.pdf

https://web.archive.org/web/20161221170559/https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/boardagendas/201608/invest/item07b-01.pdf

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² CalPERS ALM Quarterly Webinar, August 03.2021 (slide 26) -

³ Wilshire CalPERS Performance Review, June 30, 2016 (slide 12) -

other factors to use as guidance in setting the discount rate for supplemental contributions. In total, planned contributions (principal) of nearly \$50 million to the pension Trust Fund will have been made since inception in FY 2017 through FY 2023 (65 percent from the General Fund). The Trust Fund is invested in a moderately conservative portfolio, earning 11.5 percent for the year ending June 30, 2021, a 5.4 percent increase over the prior year return of 6.1 percent. These additional funds are not factored into the CalPERS reports funded status, when included the City's combined funded status is 76.6 percent.

Timeline and Next Steps

Staff is preparing for a series of meetings with the Finance Committee this year to further review the current status of the City and its Council approved Pension Funding Policy. As part of the policy and Council direction, periodic reviews are included to assess and respond to changes impacting the City's pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plans. Staff expect as part of this review to memorialize any practices adjusted since the adoption of the policy, reviewing progress towards policy goals and discuss and review any modifications to the Pension Policy or budgetary practices used to inform financial planning of these benefits.

The FY 2024 annual budget development process will begin with the FY 2024–2033 Long Range Financial Forecast (LRFF) in December 2022.

Below is a list of expected reports and City Council updates over the coming months. Staff will continue to update the City Council and incorporate information as it becomes available.

- Oct/November 2022: Review Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB)/Retiree Healthcare Trust Funds: Staff are working to arrange an item including representatives from Public Agency Retirement Service (PARS) and CalPERS will discuss performance and investment strategy of the City's Section 115 Pension Trust and California Employers' Retirement Benefit Trust (CERBT).
- Nov/December 2022: Pension Policy Check-in: Staff is engaged with an actuary to complete a comprehensive analysis of pension plans including but not limited to funding policy, economic and demographic assumptions, and other risk mitigation strategies. This analysis will be used to inform the progress the City has made towards Pension Policy goals of meeting a 90 percent funding level by FY 2036 (15 years).
- <u>Dec/January: FY 2024 to FY 2033 Long Range Financial Forecast (LRFF):</u> Annually, staff brings forward a LRFF that projects the City's financial outlook over the next 10 years based on current City Council approved service levels and several alternative scenarios.
- May/June: FY 2024 Budget Deliberations and City Council Adoption: Actuarially
 determined contributions as calculated by CalPERS in the June 30, 2021 valuation
 reports and the additional contributions per the pension funding are used as part of the
 development of the FY 2024 budget and City's pension contributions.

Resource Impact

This is an informational report and will be used to inform the development of the FY 2024–2033

Long Range Financial Forecast (LRFF), the FY 2024 Adopted Operating Budget, and other long-term financial planning.

Environmental Review

This report is not a project for the purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act. Environmental review is not required.

Attachments:

- Attachment A: City of Palo Alto Pension Plan Benefit Levels Enrollment by Plan and Employee Group
- Attachment B: CalPERS Miscellaneous Valuation as of June 30, 2021
- Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021

City of Palo Alto

Attachment A:

City of Palo Alto Pension Plan Benefit Levels Enrollment by Plan and Employee Group

Miscellaneous Plans

Employee Count Employee Group Sept 2022 Sept 2021 **City Council & Council Appointees** 10 9 Tier 1 1 2 Tier 2 3 3 5 Tier 3 180 **Management and Professional** 186 72 74 Tier 1 35 Tier 2 32 Tier 3 82 71 Service Employees' International 490 491 Tier 1 167 192 Tier 2 47 55 Tier 3* 276 244 **Utilities Management** 42 30 Tier 1 35 4 Tier 2 4 8 Tier 3

Safety Plans

Surcey i lans				
Employee Group	= =	ee Count Sept 2021		
IAFF	81	79		
Tier 1	40	45		
Tier 2	9	8		
Tier 3	32	26		
Fire Chief's Association	5	4		
Tier 1	5	4		
Tier 2	0	0		
Tier 3	0	0		
Fire Management	2	3		
Tier 1	2	3		
Tier 2	0	0		
Tier 3	0	0		
PAPOA	63	68		
Tier 1	27	33		
Tier 2	4	4		
Tier 3	32	31		
Police Management Association	6	6		
Tier 1	6	6		
Tier 2	0	0		
Tier 3	0	0		
Police Management	1	2		
Tier 1	0	1		
Tier 2	1	1		
Tier 3	0	0		

Grand Total Miscellaneous Plans	/2/	/2/
Tier 1	270	302
Tier 2	86	96
Tier 3	371	329

Tiered Percentage Miscellaneous Plans

Tier 1	37.1%	41.5%
Tier 2	11.8%	13.2%
Tier 3	51.0%	45.3%

Tier Definitions

Tier 1	2.7% @ 55
Tier 2	2% @ 60
Tier 3	2% @ 62

Grand Total Safety Plans	158	162
Tier 1	80	91
Tier 2	14	13
Tier 3	64	58

Tiered Percentage Safety Plans

Tier 1	50.6%	56.2%
Tier 2	8.9%	8.0%
Tier 3	40.5%	35.8%

Tier Definitions

Tier 1	3.0% @ 50
Tier 2	3% @ 55
Tier 3	2.7% @ 57



California Public Employees' Retirement System Actuarial Office

400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811 | Phone: (916) 795-3000 | Fax: (916) 795-2744 888 CalPERS (or 888-225-7377) | TTY: (877) 249-7442 | <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u>

July 2022

Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto (CalPERS ID: 6373437857) Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021

Dear Employer,

Attached to this letter, you will find the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation report for the rate plan noted above. **Provided** in this report is the determination of the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24. In addition, the report also contains important information regarding the current financial status of the plan as well as projections and risk measures to aid in planning for the future.

Actuarial valuations are based on assumptions regarding future plan experience including investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the types of benefits provided, and longevity among retirees. The CalPERS Board of Administration (board) adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of CalPERS actuarial and investment teams and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation reflects all prior differences between actual and assumed experience and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed. This valuation is based on an investment return assumption of 6.8%, which was adopted by the board in November 2021. Other assumptions used in this report are those recommended in the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021.

Required Contributions

The table below shows the minimum required employer contributions and the PEPRA member rate for FY 2023-24 along with an estimate of the required contribution for FY 2024-25. Employee contributions other than cost sharing (whether paid by the employer or the employee) are in addition to the results shown below. **The required employer contributions in this report do not reflect any cost sharing arrangement between the agency and the employees.**

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost Rate	Employer Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability	PEPRA Member Rate
2023-24	11.73%	\$28,654,772	7.25%
Projected Results			
2024-25	11.4%	<i>\$28,639,000</i>	TBD

The actual investment return for FY 2021-22 was not known at the time this report was prepared. The projections above assume the investment return for that year would be 6.8%. *To the extent the actual investment return for FY 2021-22 differs from 6.8%, the actual contribution requirements for FY 2024-25 will differ from those shown above.* For additional details regarding the assumptions and methods used for these projections, please refer to the "Projected Employer Contributions" in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section. This section also contains projected required contributions through FY *2028-29*.

Changes from Previous Year's Valuations

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for FY 2020-21. Since the return exceeded the 7.00% discount rate sufficiently, the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy allows CalPERS to use a portion of the investment gain to offset the cost of reducing the expected volatility of future investment returns. Based on the thresholds specified in the policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumption for public agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation as part of its Asset Liability Management process.

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Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

(CalPERS ID: 6373437857)

Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021

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asset allocation, along with the new capital market assumptions and economic assumptions, support a discount rate of 6.80%. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30%.

Besides the above noted changes, there may also be changes specific to the plan such as contract amendments and funding changes.

Further descriptions of general changes are included in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section and in Appendix A, "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions." The effects of the changes on the required contributions are included in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions" section.

Questions

We understand that you might have questions about these results, and the plan actuary whose signature is on the valuation report is available to discuss. If you have other questions, you may call the Customer Contact Center at (888)-CalPERS or (888-225-7377).

Sincerely,

SCOTT TERANDO, ASA, EA, MAAA, FCA, CFA

Chief Actuary, CalPERS



Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2021

for the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

(CalPERS ID: 6373437857) (Rate Plan ID: 8)

Required Contributions for Fiscal Year July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024

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CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Actuarial Certification

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to disclose, fully and fairly, the funded condition of the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto and satisfies the actuarial valuation requirements of Government Code section 7504. This valuation is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2021 provided by the various CalPERS databases and the benefits under this plan with CalPERS as of the date this report was produced. It is our opinion that the valuation has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for this plan, as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The undersigned is an actuary who satisfies the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

DAVID CLEMENT, ASA, MAAA, EA Senior Pension Actuary, CalPERS

Highlights and Executive Summary

- Introduction
- Purpose of the Report
- Required Contributions
- Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions
- Plan's Funded Status
- Projected Employer Contributions
- Cost
- Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation
- Subsequent Events

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Introduction

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation of the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This actuarial valuation sets the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24.

Purpose of the Report

The actuarial valuation was prepared by the CalPERS Actuarial Office using data as of June 30, 2021. The purpose of the report is to:

- Set forth the assets and accrued liabilities of this plan as of June 30, 2021;
- Determine the minimum required employer contributions for the FY July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024;
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2021 to the CalPERS Board of Administration (board) and other interested parties.

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 for an Agent Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available from CalPERS and details for ordering are available on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov).

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The agency should contact the plan actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; changes in plan provisions or applicable law; and differences between the required contributions determined by the valuation and the actual contributions made by the agency.

Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

This report includes the following risk disclosures consistent with the recommendations of Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 51 and recommended by the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) in the Model Disclosure Elements document:

- A "Scenario Test," projecting future results under different investment income returns.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results using alternative discount rates 5.8% and 7.8%.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results assuming rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current post-retirement mortality assumptions adopted in 2021.
- Plan maturity measures indicating how sensitive a plan may be to the risks noted above.

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Required Contributions

	Fiscal Year
Required Employer Contributions	2023-24
Employer Normal Cost Rate	11.73%
Plus	
Required Payment on Amortization Bases	\$28,654,772
Paid either as	
1) Monthly Payment	\$2,387,898
Or	
2) Annual Prepayment Option*	\$27,727,539
Required PEPRA Member Contribution Rate	7.25%

The total minimum required employer contribution is the sum of the Plan's Employer Normal Cost Rate (expressed as a percentage of payroll and paid as payroll is reported) plus the Employer Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Contribution Amount (billed monthly (1) or prepaid annually (2) in dollars).

* Only the UAL portion of the employer contribution can be prepaid (which must be received in full no later than July 31).

For additional detail regarding the determination of the required contribution for PEPRA members, see "PEPRA Member Contribution Rates" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Required member contributions for Classic members can be found in Appendix B.

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2022-23	2023-24
Normal Cost Contribution as a Percentage of Payroll		
Total Normal Cost Employee Contribution ¹ Employer Normal Cost ²	17.78% 7.20% 10.58%	19.28% 7.55% 11.73%
Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	\$92,090,103	\$86,604,632
Estimated Employer Contributions Based On Projected Payroll		
Total Normal Cost Employee Contribution	\$16,373,620 6,630,487	\$16,697,373 6,538,650
Employer Normal Cost	9,743,133	10,158,723
Unfunded Liability Contribution % of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	29,715,229 32.27%	28,654,772 33.09%
Estimated Total Employer Contribution % of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	\$39,458,362 42.85%	\$38,813,495 44.82%

¹ For classic members, this is the percentage specified in the Public Employees' Retirement Law, net of any reduction from the use of a modified formula or other factors. For PEPRA members, the member contribution rate is based on 50% of the normal cost. A development of PEPRA member contribution rates can be found in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Employee cost sharing is not shown in this report.

² The Employer Normal Cost is a blended rate for all benefit groups in the plan. For a breakout of normal cost by benefit group, see "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions

The minimum required employer contribution towards the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) for this rate plan for FY 2023-24 is \$28,654,772. CalPERS allows agencies to make additional discretionary payments (ADPs) at any time and in any amount. These optional payments serve to reduce the UAL and future required contributions and can result in significant long-term savings. Agencies can also use ADPs to stabilize annual contributions as a fixed dollar amount, percent of payroll or percent of revenue.

Provided below are select ADP options for consideration. Making such an ADP during FY 2023-24 does not require an ADP be made in any future year, nor does it change the remaining amortization period of any portion of unfunded liability. For information on permanent changes to amortization periods, see the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report.

Agencies considering making an ADP should contact CalPERS for additional information.

Minimum Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year 2023-24

Estimated	Minimum UAL	ADP	Total UAL	Estimated Total
Normal Cost	Payment		Contribution	Contribution
\$10,158,723	\$28,654,772	\$0	\$28,654,772	\$38,813,495

Alternative Fiscal Year 2023-24 Employer Contributions for Greater UAL Reduction

Funding Target	Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP ¹	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
10 years	\$10,158,723	\$28,654,772	\$336,302	\$28,991,074	\$39,149,797
5 years	\$10,158,723	\$28,654,772	\$21,200,805	\$49,855,577	\$60,014,300

¹ The ADP amounts are assumed to be made in the middle of the fiscal year. A payment made earlier or later in the fiscal year would have to be less or more than the amount shown to have the same effect on the UAL amortization.

Note that the calculations above are based on the projected Unfunded Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2023 as determined in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation. New unfunded liabilities can emerge in future years due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions, and actuarial experience different than assumed. Making an ADP illustrated above for the indicated number of years will not result in a plan that is exactly 100% funded in the indicated number of years. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next and can diverge significantly from projections over a period of several years.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$1,023,471,916	\$1,083,646,563
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability	909,429,635	956,179,582
3. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	592,313,289	720,145,626
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) – (3)]	\$317,116,346	\$236,033,956
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	65.1%	75.3%

The UAL and funded ratio are assessments of the need for future employer contributions based on the actuarial cost method used to fund the plan. The UAL is the present value of future employer contributions for service that has already been earned and is in addition to future normal cost contributions for active members. The funded ratio, on the other hand, is a relative measure of funded status that allows for comparison between plans of different sizes. For measures of funded status that are appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities, please see "Hypothetical Termination Liability" in the "Risk Analysis" section.

Projected Employer Contributions

The table below shows the required and projected employer contributions (before cost sharing) for the next six fiscal years. The projection assumes that all actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur during the projection period. In particular, the investment return beginning with FY 2021-22 is assumed to be 6.80% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses. Actual contribution rates during this projection period could be significantly higher or lower than the projection shown below. The projected normal cost percentages below reflect that the normal cost will continue to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower cost benefit tiers. Future contribution requirements may differ significantly from those shown below. The actual long-term cost of the plan will depend on the actual benefits and expenses paid and the actual investment experience of the fund.

	Required Contribution	Projected Future Employer Contributions (Assumes 6.80% Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22 and Beyond)				
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29
Normal Cost %	11.73%	11.4%	11.1%	10.7%	10.4%	10.1%
UAL Payment	\$28,654,772	\$28,639,000	\$25,475,000	\$20,811,000	\$19,750,000	\$20,467,000

Total as a % of Payroll*	44.82%	43.6%	38.9%	32.9%	30.9%	30.7%
Projected Payroll	\$86,604,632	\$89,029,562	\$91,522,389	\$94,085,016	\$96,719,397	<i>\$99,427,539</i>

^{*} Illustrative only and based on the projected payroll shown.

For some sources of UAL, the change in UAL is amortized using a 5-year ramp up. For more information, please see "Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" under "Actuarial Methods" in Appendix A. This method phases in the impact of the change in UAL over a 5-year period in order to reduce employer cost volatility from year to year. As a result of this methodology, dramatic changes in the required employer contributions in any one year are less likely. However, required contributions can change gradually and significantly over the next five years. In years when there is a large increase in UAL, the relatively small amortization payments during the ramp up period could result in a funded ratio that is projected to decrease initially while the contribution impact of the increase in the UAL is phased in.

For projected contributions under alternate investment return scenarios, please see the "Future Investment Return Scenarios" in the "Risk Analysis" section. Our online pension plan projection tool, Pension Outlook, is available in the Employers section of the CalPERS website. Pension Outlook can help plan and budget pension costs under various scenarios.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Cost

Actuarial Determination of Plan Cost

Contributions to fund the plan are comprised of two components:

- Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll
- Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount

For fiscal years prior to 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a percentage of total active payroll. Starting with FY 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component is expressed as a dollar amount and invoiced on a monthly basis. There is an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component is expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (e.g., mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (e.g., future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate of future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.9% over the 20 years ending June 30, 2021, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6% to +21.3%. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2021.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation

Benefits

The standard actuarial practice at CaIPERS is to recognize mandated legislative benefit changes in the first annual valuation following the effective date of the legislation. Voluntary benefit changes by plan amendment are generally included in the first valuation that is prepared after the amendment becomes effective, even if the valuation date is prior to the effective date of the amendment.

This valuation generally reflects plan changes by amendments effective before the date of the report. Please refer to the "Plan's Major Benefit Options" and Appendix B for a summary of the plan provisions used in this valuation. The effect of any mandated benefit changes or plan amendments on the unfunded liability is shown in the "(Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21" and the effect on the employer contribution is shown in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions." It should be noted that no change in liability or contribution is shown for any plan changes which were already included in the prior year's valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumptions for Public Agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new asset portfolio as part of its Asset Liability Management process. The new asset mix supports a 6.80% discount rate, which reflects a change in the price inflation assumption to 2.30%.

Subsequent Events

The contribution requirements determined in this actuarial valuation report are based on demographic and financial information as of June 30, 2021. Changes subsequent to that date are not reflected. Investment returns below the assumed rate of return may increase future required contributions while investment returns above the assumed rate of return may decrease future required contributions.

The projected employer contributions on Page 6 are calculated under the assumption that the discount rate remains at 6.8% going forward and that the realized rate of return on assets for FY 2021-22 is 6.8%.

This actuarial valuation report reflects statutory changes, regulatory changes, and board actions through January 2022. Any subsequent changes or actions are not reflected.

Assets

- Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets
- Asset Allocation
- CalPERS History of Investment Returns

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets

1.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20 including Receivables	\$592,313,289
2.	Change in Receivables for Service Buybacks	(180,910)
3.	Employer Contributions	31,005,355
4.	Employee Contributions	6,975,879
5.	Benefit Payments to Retirees and Beneficiaries	(46,809,253)
6.	Refunds	(217,860)
7.	Transfers	0
8.	Service Credit Purchase (SCP) Payments and Interest	500,212
9.	Administrative Expenses	(749,764)
10.	Miscellaneous Adjustments	0
11.	Investment Return (Net of Investment Expenses)	137,308,678
12.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21 including Receivables	\$720,145,626

Attachment B: CalPERS Miscellaneous Valuation as of June 30, 2021 CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Asset Allocation

CalPERS adheres to an Asset Allocation Strategy which establishes asset class allocation policy targets and ranges and manages those asset class allocations within their policy ranges. CalPERS Investment Belief No. 6 recognizes that strategic asset allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return.

The asset allocation shown below reflects the allocation of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) in its entirety as of June 30, 2021. The assets for City of Palo Alto Miscellaneous Plan are part of the PERF and are invested accordingly.

Asset Class	Current Allocation as of 6/30/2021	Policy Target Allocation as of 6/30/2021
Public Equity	51.4%	50.0%
Private Equity	8.3%	8.0%
Global Fixed Income	29.8%	28.0%
Real Assets	9.6%	13.0%
Liquidity	1.0%	1.0%
Total Fund Level Portfolios	2.5%	0.0%
Trust Level Financing	(2.6%)	0.0%
Total Fund	100.0%	100.0%

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted changes to the strategic asset allocation as shown in the Policy Target Allocation below expressed as a percentage of total assets.

Strategic Asset Allocation Policy Targets

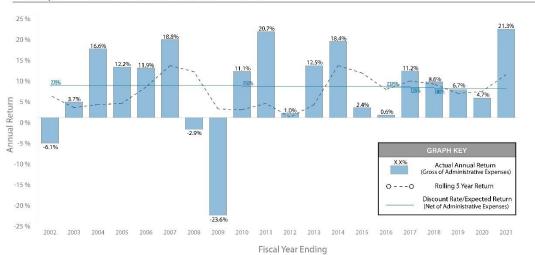
Asset Class	Policy Target Allocation effective 11/17/2021
Global Equity Cap-weighted	30.0%
Global Equity Non-cap-weighted	12.0%
Private Equity	13.0%
Private Debt	5.0%
Emerging Market Sovereign Bonds	5.0%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%
Treasuries	5.0%
Real Assets	15.0%
Leverage	(5.0%)
Total Fund	100.0%

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CalPERS History of Investment Returns

The following is a chart with the 20-year historical annual returns of the PERF for each fiscal year ending on June 30 as reported by the Investment Office. Investment returns reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses. The assumed rate of return, however, is net of both investment and administrative expenses. The Investment Office uses a three-month lag on private assets for investment performance reporting purposes. This can lead to a timing difference in the returns below and those used for financial reporting purposes. The investment gain or loss calculation in this report relies on assets that have been audited and are appropriate for financial reporting. Because of these differences, it is possible for the Investment Office to report a return higher than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment loss, or a return lower than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment gain.

History of Investment Returns (2002 - 2021)



The table below shows annualized investment returns of the PERF for various time periods ending on June 30, 2021 (figures reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses). These returns are the annual rates that if compounded over the indicated number of years would equate to the actual time-weighted investment performance of the PERF. It should be recognized that in any given year the rate of return is volatile. The portfolio has an expected volatility of 12.0% per year based on the most recent Asset Liability Management study. The realized volatility is a measure of the risk of the portfolio expressed as the standard deviation of the fund's total monthly return distribution, expressed as an annual percentage. Due to their volatile nature, when looking at investment returns, it is more instructive to look at returns over longer time horizons.

History of CalPERS Compound Annual Rates of Return and Volatilities									
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year	30 year				
Compound Annual Return	21.3%	10.3%	8.5%	6.9%	8.4%				
Realized Volatility	-	7.3%	7.2%	8.5%	8.5%				

Liabilities and Contributions

- Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities
- (Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 6/30/21
- Schedule of Amortization Bases
- Amortization Schedule and Alternatives
- Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions
- Employer Contribution History
- Funding History
- Normal Cost by Benefit Group
- PEPRA Member Contribution Rates

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Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Present Value of Projected Benefits		
a) Active Members	\$415,029,592	\$425,818,364
b) Transferred Members	38,702,466	43,056,289
c) Terminated Members	19,811,280	20,009,393
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments	549,928,578	594,762,517
e) Total	\$1,023,471,916	\$1,083,646,563
2. Present Value of Future Employer Normal Costs	\$64,609,385	\$77,169,423
3. Present Value of Future Employee Contributions	\$49,432,896	\$50,297,558
4. Entry Age Accrued Liability		
a) Active Members [(1a) - (2) - (3)]	\$300,987,311	\$298,351,383
b) Transferred Members (1b)	38,702,466	43,056,289
c) Terminated Members (1c)	19,811,280	20,009,393
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments (1d)	549,928,578	594,762,517
e) Total	\$909,429,635	\$956,179,582
5. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$592,313,289	\$720,145,626
6. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(4e) - (5)]	\$317,116,346	\$236,033,956
7. Funded Ratio [(5) / (4e)]	65.1%	75.3%

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(Gain)/Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21

To calculate the cost requirements of the plan, assumptions are made about future events that affect the amount and timing of benefits to be paid and assets to be accumulated. Each year, actual experience is compared to the expected experience based on the actuarial assumptions. This results in actuarial gains or losses, as shown below.

.000	assign sile in selection	
1.	Total (Gain)/Loss for the Year	
	a) Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) as of 6/30/20	\$317,116,346
	b) Expected Payment on the UAL during 2020-21	23,432,860
	c) Interest through $6/30/21$ [.07 x (1a) - ((1.07) ^{1/2} - 1) x (1b)]	21,391,866
	d) Expected UAL before all other changes [(1a) - (1b) + (1c)]	315,075,352
	e) Change due to plan changes	0
	f) Change due to AL Significant Increase	0
	g) Change due to assumption change	507,3 4 8
	h) Change due to method change	0
	i) Change due to Funding Risk Mitigation	21,671,636
	j) Expected UAL after all other changes $[(1d) + (1e) + (1f) + (1g) + (1h) + (1i)]$	337,254,336
	k) Actual UAL as of 6/30/21	236,033,956
	l) Total (Gain)/Loss for 2020-21 [(1k) - (1j)]	(\$101,220,380)
2.	Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year	
	a) Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20	\$592,313,289
	b) Prior Fiscal Year Receivables	(972,288)
	c) Current Fiscal Year Receivables	`791,379
	d) Contributions Received	37,981,23 4

j) Investment (Gain)/Loss [(2h) - (2i)]3. Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year

Actual Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21

Expected Return at 7% per year

Benefits and Refunds Paid

f)

g)

h)

i)

Non Investment (Sum)/ 2005 for the real	
a) Total (Gain)/Loss (11)	(\$101,220,380)
b) Investment (Gain)/Loss (2j)	(94,652,805)
c) Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss [(3a) - (3b)]	(\$6,567,575)

Transfers, SCP Payments and Interest, and Miscellaneous Adjustments

Expected Assets as of 6/30/21 [(2a) + (2b) + (2c) + (2d) + (2e) + (2f) + (2g)]

(47,027,114)

41,906,109

720,145,626

(\$94,652,805)

625,492,821

500,213

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Schedule of Amortization Bases

Below is the schedule of the plan's amortization bases. Note that there is a two-year lag between the valuation date and the start of the contribution year.

- The assets, liabilities, and funded status of the plan are measured as of the valuation date: June 30, 2021.
- The required employer contributions determined by the valuation are for the fiscal year beginning two years after the valuation date: FY 2023-24.

This two-year lag is necessary due to the amount of time needed to extract and test the membership and financial data, and the need to provide public agencies with their required employer contribution well in advance of the start of the fiscal year.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is used to determine the employer contribution and therefore must be rolled forward two years from the valuation date to the first day of the fiscal year for which the contribution is being determined. The UAL is rolled forward each year by subtracting the expected payment on the UAL for the fiscal year and adjusting for interest. The expected payment on the UAL for a fiscal year is equal to the Expected Employer Contribution for the fiscal year minus the Expected Normal Cost for the year. The Employer Contribution for the first fiscal year is determined by the actuarial valuation two years ago and the contribution for the second year is from the actuarial valuation one year ago. Additional discretionary payments are reflected in the Expected Payments column in the fiscal year they were made by the agency.

Reason for Base	Date Est.	Ramp Level 2023-24	Ramp Shape	Escala- tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/21	Expected Payment 2021-22	Balance 6/30/22	Expected Payment 2022-23	Balance 6/30/23	Minimum Required Payment 2023-24
Assumption Change	6/30/03	No F	Ramp	2.80%	2	8,682,514	2,383,606	6,809,609	2,449,156	4,741,605	2,496,841
Method Change	6/30/04	No F	Ramp	2.80%	3	(748,460)	(167,641)	(626,108)	(172,252)	(490,671)	(175,518)
Benefit Change	6/30/05	No F	Ramp	2.80%	3	16,581,832	3,714,028	13,871,168	3,816,163	10,870,629	3,888,537
Assumption Change	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	8	21,483,598	2,648,920	20,206,981	2,721,766	18,768,272	2,760,473
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	18	16,644,190	1,231,252	16,503,569	1,265,112	16,318,393	1,270,929
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/10	No F	Ramp	2.80%	19	1,386,328	99,393	1,377,882	102,127	1,366,036	102,505
Assumption Change	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	10	10,667,425	1,137,991	10,216,764	1,169,285	9,703,117	1,183,563
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	20	(58,758)	(4,092)	(58,525)	(4,204)	(58,160)	(4,216)
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	26,089,758	1,767,962	26,036,777	1,816,581	25,929,949	1,820,158
Payment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	3,094,804	209,718	3,088,520	215,485	3,075,848	215,910
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/13	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	22	81,863,300	5,707,054	81,532,102	5,863,997	81,016,191	5,880,343
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/14	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	23	(52,079,364)	(3,532,907)	(51,969,710)	(3,630,062)	(51,752,196)	(3,637,070)
Assumption Change	6/30/14	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	13	43,936,194	4,418,049	42,358,063	4,539,546	40,547,059	4,589,850
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/15	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	24	32,336,309	2,138,299	32,325,372	2,197,103	32,252,921	2,199,492
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/16	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	25	36,647,560	1,916,817	37,158,677	2,461,912	37,141,227	2,462,580
Assumption Change	6/30/16	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	15	14,141,407	1,040,563	14,027,662	1,336,473	13,600,377	1,348,739
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/17	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	26	(20,139,642)	(791,461)	(20,691,210)	(1,084,301)	(20,977,651)	(1,354,707)
Assumption Change	6/30/17	100%	Up/Down	2.80%	16	15,134,060	823,972	15,311,650	1,128,841	15,186,252	1,422,767
Assumption Change	6/30/18	80%	Up/Down	2.80%	17	27,339,970	996,963	28,168,786	1,536,570	28,496,309	2,063,437
Method Change	6/30/18	80%	Up/Down	2.80%	17	5,295,879	193,116	5,456,425	297,641	5,519,868	399,697

Minimum

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Schedule of Amortization Bases (continued)

		Ramp		Escala-			Expected		Expected		Required
	Date	Level	Ramp	tion	Amort.	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment
Reason for Base	Est.	2023-24	Shape	Rate	Period	6/30/21	2021-22	6/30/22	2022-23	6/30/23	2023-24
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/18	80%	Up/Down	2.80%	27	(6,128,919)	(162,917)	(6,377,320)	(251,096)	(6,551,485)	(334,277)
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	60%	Up Only	0.00%	18	2,545,544	55,656	2,661,124	111,311	2,727,047	163,968
Non-Investment (Gain)/	Loss 6/30/19	No	Ramp	0.00%	18	5,849,145	533,753	5,695,285	533,753	5,530,962	524,400
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	40%	Up Only	0.00%	19	14,800,998	0	15,807,466	346,261	16,524,533	679,278
Non-Investment (Gain)/	Loss 6/30/20	No	Ramp	0.00%	19	9,709,680	0	10,369,938	948,061	10,095,329	931,019
Assumption Change	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	507,348	(696,584)	1,261,726	(716,088)	2,087,558	187,721
Net Investment (Gain)	6/30/21	20%	Up Only	0.00%	20	(71,705,015)	0	(76,580,956)	0_	(81,788,461)	(1,758,018)
Non-Investment (Gain)/	Loss 6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	(6,567,575)	0	(7,014,170)	0_	(7,491,134)	(673,629)
Risk Mitigation	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	21,671,636	(671,999)	23,839,778	(690,815)	26,174,799	27,050,107
Risk Mitigation Offset	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	(22,947,790)	0	(24,508,240)	0	(26,174,799)	(27,050,107)
Total						236,033,956	24,989,511	226,259,085	28,308,326	212,389,724	28,654,772

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Amortization Schedule and Alternatives

The amortization schedule on the previous page shows the minimum contributions required according to the CalPERS amortization policy. Many agencies have expressed a desire for a more stable pattern of payments or have indicated interest in paying off the unfunded accrued liabilities more quickly than required. As such, we have provided alternative amortization schedules to help analyze the current amortization schedule and illustrate the potential savings of accelerating unfunded liability payments.

Shown on the following page are future year amortization payments based on 1) the current amortization schedule reflecting the individual bases and remaining periods shown on the previous page, and 2) alternative "fresh start" amortization schedules using two sample periods that would both result in interest savings relative to the current amortization schedule. To initiate a Fresh Start, please contact the plan actuary.

The Current Amortization Schedule typically contains both positive and negative bases. Positive bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes or plan experience that increase unfunded liability. Negative bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes, or plan experience that decrease unfunded liability. The combination of positive and negative bases within an amortization schedule can result in unusual or problematic circumstances in future years, such as:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

In any year when one of the above scenarios occurs, the actuary will consider corrective action such as replacing the existing unfunded liability bases with a single "fresh start" base and amortizing it over an appropriate period.

The Current Amortization Schedule on the following page may appear to show that, based on the current amortization bases, one of the above scenarios will occur at some point in the future. It is impossible to know today whether such a scenario will in fact arise since there will be additional bases added to the amortization schedule in each future year. Should such a scenario arise in any future year, the actuary will take appropriate action based on guidelines in the CalPERS amortization policy.

Amortization Schedule and Alternatives (continued)

	Αl	ter	'na	ıti	ve	S	ch	ed	ul	es
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	Current Am Scheo		10 Year Amo	ortization	5 Year Amortization	
Date	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment
6/30/2023	212,389,724	28,654,772	212,389,724	28,991,074	212,389,724	49,855,577
6/30/2024	197,219,216	28,638,969	196,871,665	28,991,074	175,309,435	49,855,577
6/30/2025	181,033,443	25,475,161	180,298,378	28,991,074	135,707,686	49,855,577
6/30/2026	167,016,644	20,811,196	162,598,107	28,991,074	93,413,019	49,855,578
6/30/2027	156,866,639	19,750,445	143,694,218	28,991,074	48,242,313	49,855,577
6/30/2028	147,122,654	20,467,226	123,504,865	28,991,075		
6/30/2029	135,975,328	21,204,088	101,942,634	28,991,074		
6/30/2030	123,308,478	21,961,576	78,914,173	28,991,075		
6/30/2031	108,997,466	19,297,342	54,319,775	28,991,074		
6/30/2032	96,466,630	18,824,467	28,052,959	28,991,074		
6/30/2033	83,572,386	16,745,409				
6/30/2034	71,949,918	15,768,752				
6/30/2035	60,546,438	14,323,336				
6/30/2036	49,861,275	11,898,300				
6/30/2037	40,955,653	10,672,875				
6/30/2038	32,710,854	9,364,917				
6/30/2039	25,257,105	8,390,374				
6/30/2040	18,303,635	7,804,363				
6/30/2041	11,482,935	3,366,357				
6/30/2042	8,784,842	86,089				
6/30/2043	9,293,242	8,087,908				
6/30/2044	1,566,807	1,619,202				
6/30/2045						
6/30/2046						
6/30/2047						
6/30/2048						
6/30/2049						
6/30/2050						
6/30/2051						
6/30/2052						
Total		222 212 124		290 010 742		240 277 996

Total	333,213,124	289,910,742	249,277,886
Interest Paid	120,823,400	77,521,018	36,888,162
Estimated Savings		43,302,382	83,935,238

g) Effect of Golden Handshake

i) Effect of AL Significant Increase

j) Effect of assumption changes

I) Effect of method change

h) Effect of plan changes

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Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions

Attachment B: CalPERS Miscellaneous Valuation as of June 30, 2021

Normal Cost (% of Payroll)

1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	
a) Employer Normal Cost	10.58%
b) Employee contribution	7.20%
c) Total Normal Cost	17.78%
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of demographic experience	(0.17%)
b) Effect of plan changes	0.00%
c) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation	0.82%
d) Effect of assumption changes	0.85%
e) Effect of method changes	0.00%
f) Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (e)]	1.50%
3. For Period 7/1/23 – 6/30/24	
a) Employer Normal Cost	11.73%
b) Employee contribution	7.55%
c) Total Normal Cost	19.28%
Employer Normal Cost Change [(3a) – (1a)]	1.15%
Employee Contribution Change [(3b) – (1b)]	0.35%
Unfunded Liability Contribution (\$)	
1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	29,715,229
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of adjustments to prior year's amortization schedule	0
b) Effect of elimination of amortization bases	0
c) Effect of progression of amortization bases ¹	1,719,408
d) Effect of net investment (gain) after Funding Risk Mitigation ²	(1,758,018)
e) Effect of non-investment (gain)/loss during the prior year	(673,629)
f) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation (re-amortize existing bases at 6.8%)	(466,137)

3. For Period 7/1/23 - 6/30/24[(1) + (2m)]28,654,772

The amounts shown for the period 7/1/22 - 6/30/23 may be different if a prepayment of unfunded actuarial liability is made or a plan change became effective after the prior year's actuarial valuation was performed.

k) Effect of changes due to Fresh Start or one year recognition of small balances

m)Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (I)]

0

0

0

0

0

117,919

(1,060,457)

¹ Includes scheduled escalation in individual amortization base payments due to the 5-year ramp and payroll growth assumption used in the pre-2019 amortization policy.

² The unfunded liability contribution for the investment (gain)/loss during the year prior to the valuation date is 20% of the "full" annual requirement due to the 5-year ramp. Increases to this amount that occur during the ramp period will be included in line c) in future years.

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Employer Contribution History

The table below provides a recent history of the required employer contributions for the plan. The amounts are based on the actuarial valuation from two years prior and does not account for prepayments or benefit changes made during a fiscal year. Additional discretionary payments before July 1, 2018 or after June 30, 2021 are not included.

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost	Unfunded Rate	Unfunded Liability	Additional Discretionary Payments
1 eai	Normal Cost	Official Rate	Payment (\$)	Payments
2014 - 15	10.283%	15.839%	N/A	N/A
2015 - 16	10.358%	17.336%	N/A	N/A
2016 - 17	10.334%	18.556%	N/A	N/A
2017 - 18	10.039%	N/A	15,765,273	N/A
2018 - 19	10.217%	N/A	18,392,618	0
2019 - 20	10.716%	N/A	21,287,260	0
2020 - 21	11.487%	N/A	23,432,860	0
2021 - 22	10.95%	N/A	26,358,094	
2022 - 23	10.58%	N/A	29,715,229	
2023 - 24	11.73%	N/A	28,654,772	

Funding History

The table below shows the recent history of actuarial accrued liability, market value of assets, unfunded accrued liability, funded ratio and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
6/30/2012	\$576,182,013	\$373,592,926	\$202,589,087	64.8%	\$62,910,810
6/30/2013	602,540,178	412,227,784	190,312,394	68.4%	64,439,680
6/30/2014	666,978,627	475,566,994	191,411,633	71.3%	67,802,942
6/30/2015	696,699,220	477,031,099	219,668,121	68.5%	71,574,823
6/30/2016	730,382,476	468,702,245	261,680,231	64.2%	75,345,962
6/30/2017	772,526,669	511,805,893	260,720,776	66.3%	78,476,098
6/30/2018	831,958,865	547,102,617	284,856,248	65.8%	80,363,405
6/30/2019	868,716, 44 0	574,012,871	294,703,569	66.1%	78,848,216
6/30/2020	909,429,635	592,313,289	317,116,346	65.1%	84,892,137
6/30/2021	956,179,582	720,145,626	236,033,956	75.3%	79,718,988

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Normal Cost by Benefit Group

The table below displays the Total Normal Cost broken out by benefit group for FY 2023-24. The Total Normal Cost is the annual cost of service accrual for the fiscal year for active employees and can be viewed as the long-term contribution rate for the benefits contracted. Generally, the normal cost for a benefit group subject to more generous benefit provisions will exceed the normal cost for a group with less generous benefits. However, based on the characteristics of the members (particularly when the number of actives is small), this may not be the case. Future measurements of the Total Normal Cost for each group may differ significantly from the current values due to such factors as: changes in the demographics of the group, changes in economic and demographic assumptions, changes in plan benefits or applicable law.

		Total Normal		
Rate Plan		Cost	Number of	Payroll on
<u>Identifier</u>	Benefit Group Name	FY 2023-24	Actives	6/30/2021
8	Miscellaneous First Level	23.70%	306	\$36,349,177
26004	Miscellaneous PEPRA Level	14.25%	321	\$30,849,866
30157	Miscellaneous Second Level	19.23%	96	\$12,519,945
	Plan Total	19.28%	723	\$79,718,988

Note that if a Benefit Group above has multiple bargaining units, each of which has separately contracted for different benefits such as Employer Paid Member Contributions, then the Normal Cost shownfor the respective benefit level does not reflect those differences. Additionally, if a Second Level Benefit Group amended to the same benefit formula as a First Level Benefit Group, their Normal Costs may be dissimilar due to demographic or other population differences. For questions in these situations, please contact the plan actuary.

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PEPRA Member Contribution Rates

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 ("PEPRA") established new benefit formulas, final compensation period, and contribution requirements for "new" employees (generally those first hired into a CalPERS-covered position on or after January 1, 2013). In accordance with Government Code section 7522.30(b), "new members ... shall have an initial contribution rate of at least 50% of the normal cost rate." The normal cost for the plan is dependent on the benefit levels, actuarial assumptions, and demographics of the plan, particularly members' entry age into the plan. Should the total normal cost of the plan change by more than 1% from the base total normal cost established for the plan, the new member rate shall be 50% of the new normal cost rounded to the nearest quarter percent.

The table below shows the determination of the PEPRA member contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, based on 50% of the Total Normal Cost for each respective plan as of the June 30, 2021 valuation.

		Basis for Current Rate		Rates Effective July 1, 2023			023
Rate Plan Identifier	Benefit Group Name	Total Normal Cost	Member Rate	Total Normal Cost	Change	Change Needed	Member Rate
26004	Miscellaneous PEPRA Level	12.500%	6.25%	14.25%	1.750%	Yes	7.25%

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions. For this reason, the PEPRA member contribution rate determined in the table above may not equal 50% of the total normal cost of the PEPRA group shown on the "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" page.

Risk Analysis

- Future Investment Return Scenarios
- Discount Rate Sensitivity
- Mortality Rate Sensitivity
- Maturity Measures
- Maturity Measures History
- Hypothetical Termination Liability

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Future Investment Return Scenarios

Analysis using the investment return scenarios from the Asset Liability Management process completed in 2021 was performed to determine the effects of various future investment returns on required employer contributions. The projections below reflect the impact of the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy. The projected normal cost rates reflect that the rates are anticipated to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower-cost benefit tiers. The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes in assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur.

The first table shows projected contribution requirements if the fund were to earn either 3.0% or 10.8% annually. These alternate investment returns were chosen because 90% of long-term average returns are expected to fall between them over the 20-year period ending June 30, 2041.

Assumed Annual Return FY 2021-22		Projected	Employer Con	tributions	
through FY 2040-41	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29
3.0% (5 th percentile)					
Normal Cost Rate	11.4%	11.1%	10.7%	10.4%	10.1%
UAL Contribution	\$29,306,000	\$27,491,000	\$24,873,000	\$26,572,000	\$30,777,000
10.8% (95 th percentile)					
Normal Cost Rate	11.6%	11.6%	11.5%	11.4%	11.3%
UAL Contribution	\$27,995,000	\$23,599,000	\$17,050,000	\$13,338,000	\$0

Required contributions outside of this range are also possible. In particular, whereas it is unlikely that investment returns will average less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% over a 20-year period, the likelihood of a single investment return less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% in any given year is much greater. The following analysis illustrates the effect of an extreme, single year investment return.

The portfolio has an expected volatility (or standard deviation) of 12.0% per year. Accordingly, in any given year there is a 16% probability that the annual return will be -5.2% or less and a 2.5% probability that the annual return will be -17.2% or less. These returns represent one and two standard deviations below the expected return of 6.8%.

The following table shows the effect of a one or two standard deviation investment loss in FY 2021-22 on the FY 2024-25 contribution requirements. Note that a single-year investment gain or loss decreases or increases the required UAL contribution amount incrementally for each of the next five years, not just one, due to the 5-year ramp in the amortization policy. However, the contribution requirements beyond the first year are also impacted by investment returns beyond the first year. Historically, significant downturns in the market are often followed by higher than average returns. Such investment gains would offset the impact of these single year negative returns in years beyond FY 2024-25.

Assumed Annual Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22	Required Project Employer Employ Contributions Contribu FY 2023-24 FY 2024	
(17.2%) (2 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	11.73%	11.4%
UAL Contribution	\$28,654,772	\$32,851,000
(5.2%) (1 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	11.73%	11.4%
UAL Contribution	\$28,654,772	\$30,745,000

- Without investment gains (returns higher than 6.8%) in year FY 2022-23 or later, projected contributions rates would continue to rise over the next four years due to the continued phase-in of the impact of the illustrated investment loss in FY 2021-22.
- The Pension Outlook Tool can be used to model projected contributions for these scenarios beyond FY 2024-25 as well as to model other investment return scenarios.

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Discount Rate Sensitivity

The discount rate assumption is calculated as the sum of the assumed real rate of return and the assumed annual price inflation, currently 4.5% and 2.3%, respectively. Changing either the price inflation assumption or the real rate of return assumption will change the discount rate. The sensitivity of the valuation results to the discount rate assumption depends on which component of the discount rate is changed. Shown below are various valuation results as of June 30, 2021 assuming alternate discount rates by changing the two components independently. Results are shown using the current discount rate of 6.8% as well as alternate discount rates of 5.8% and 7.8%. The rates of 5.8% and 7.8% were selected since they illustrate the impact of a 1.0% increase or decrease to the 6.8% assumption.

Sensitivity to the Real Rate of Return Assumption

	1% Lower	Current	1% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	Real Return Rate	Assumptions	Real Return Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%
Real Rate of Return	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	24.49%	19.28%	15.35%
b) Accrued Liability	\$1,079,948,215	\$956,179,582	\$853,808,167
c) Market Value of Assets	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$359,802,589	\$236,033,956	\$133,662,541
e) Funded Ratio	66.7%	75.3%	84.3%

Sensitivity to the Price Inflation Assumption

As of June 30, 2021	1% Lower Inflation Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Inflation Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	1.3%	2.3%	3.3%
Real Rate of Return	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	20.27%	19.28%	17.53%
b) Accrued Liability	\$987,053,305	\$956,179,582	\$881,745,5 44
c) Market Value of Assets	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$266,907,679	\$236,033,956	\$161,599,918
e) Funded Ratio	73.0%	75.3%	81.7%

Mortality Rate Sensitivity

The following table looks at the change in the June 30, 2021 plan costs and funded status under two different longevity scenarios, namely assuming rates of post-retirement mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions. This type of analysis highlights the impact on the plan of improving or worsening mortality over the long term.

	10% Lower	Current	10% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	Mortality Rates	Assumptions	Mortality Rates
a) Total Normal Cost	19.61%	19.28%	18.97%
b) Accrued Liability	\$976,703,835	\$956,179,582	\$937,336,721
c) Market Value of Assets	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626	\$720,145,626
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$256,558,209	\$236,033,956	\$217,191,095
e) Funded Ratio	73.7%	75.3%	76.8%

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Maturity Measures

As pension plans mature they become more sensitive to risks. Understanding plan maturity and how it affects the ability of a pension plan sponsor to tolerate risk is important in understanding how the plan is impacted by investment return volatility, other economic variables and changes in longevity or other demographic assumptions. One way to look at the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of a plan's retiree liability to its total liability. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very low ratio of retiree liability to total liability. As the plan matures, the ratio increases. A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60%-65%.

Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Retiree Accrued Liability	549,928,578	594,762,517
2. Total Accrued Liability	909,429,635	956,179,582
3. Ratio of Retiree AL to Total AL [(1) / (2)]	60%	62%

Another measure of the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is the ratio of actives to retirees, also called the support ratio. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very high ratio of active to retired members. As the plan matures and members retire, the ratio declines. A mature plan will often have a ratio near or below one.

To calculate the support ratio for the rate plan, retirees and beneficiaries receiving a continuance are each counted as one, even though they may have only worked a portion of their careers as an active member of this rate plan. For this reason, the support ratio, while intuitive, may be less informative than the ratio of retiree liability to total accrued liability above. For comparison, the support ratio for all CalPERS public agency plans is 0.82 and is calculated consistently with how it is for the individual rate plan. Note that to calculate the support ratio for all public agency plans, a retiree with service from more than one CalPERS agency is counted as a retiree more than once.

Support Ratio	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
1. Number of Actives	777	723	
2. Number of Retirees	1,223	1,276	
3. Support Ratio [(1) / (2)]	0.64	0.57	

The actuarial calculations supplied in this communication are based on various assumptions about long-term demographic and economic behavior. Unless these assumptions (e.g., terminations, deaths, disabilities, retirements, salary growth, investment return) are exactly realized each year, there will be differences on a year-to-year basis. The year-to-year differences between actual experience and the assumptions are called actuarial gains and losses and serve to lower or raise required employer contributions from one year to the next. Therefore, employer contributions will inevitably fluctuate, especially due to the ups and downs of investment returns.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Maturity Measures (continued)

Asset Volatility Ratio

Shown in the table below is the asset volatility ratio (AVR), which is the ratio of market value of assets to payroll. Plans that have a higher AVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, a plan with AVR of 8 may experience twice the contribution volatility due to investment return volatility than a plan with AVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio is a measure of the current situation. It increases over time but generally tends to stabilize as a plan matures.

Liability Volatility Ratio

Also shown in the table below is the liability volatility ratio (LVR), which is the ratio of accrued liability to payroll. Plans that have a higher LVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to changes in liability. For example, a plan with LVR of 8 is expected to have twice the contribution volatility of a plan with LVR of 4 when there is a change in accrued liability, such as when there is a change in actuarial assumptions. It should be noted that this ratio indicates a longer-term potential for contribution volatility, since the AVR, described above, will tend to move closer to the LVR as the funded ratio approaches 100%.

Contribution Volatility	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Market Value of Assets without Receivables	\$591,341,001	\$719,354,248
2. Payroll	84,892,137	79,718,988
3. Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR) [(1) / (2)]	7.0	9.0
4. Accrued Liability	\$909,429,635	\$956,179,582
5. Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR) [(4) / (2)]	10.7	12.0

Maturity Measures History

_	Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio	
	6/30/2017	57%	0.74	6.5	9.8	
	6/30/2018	57%	0.72	6.8	10.4	
	6/30/2019	61%	0.65	7.3	11.0	
	6/30/2020	60%	0.64	7.0	10.7	
	6/30/2021	62%	0.57	9.0	12.0	

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Hypothetical Termination Liability

The hypothetical termination liability is an estimate of the financial position of the plan had the contract with CalPERS been terminated as of June 30, 2021. The plan liability on a termination basis is calculated differently from the plan's ongoing funding liability. For this hypothetical termination liability calculation, both compensation and service are frozen as of the valuation date and no future pay increases or service accruals are assumed. This measure of funded status is not appropriate for assessing the need for future employer contributions in the case of an ongoing plan, that is, for an employer that continues to provide CalPERS retirement benefits to active employees.

A more conservative investment policy and asset allocation strategy was adopted by the board for the Terminated Agency Pool. The Terminated Agency Pool has limited funding sources since no future employer contributions will be made. Therefore, expected benefit payments are secured by risk-free assets and benefit security for members is increased while limiting the funding risk. However, this asset allocation has a lower expected rate of return than the PERF and consequently, a lower discount rate assumption. The lower discount rate for the Terminated Agency Pool results in higher liabilities for terminated plans.

The effective termination discount rate will depend on actual market rates of return for risk-free securities on the date of termination. As market discount rates are variable the table below shows a range for the hypothetical termination liability based on the lowest and highest interest rates observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after.

Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Hypothetical Termination Liability ^{1,2} at 1.00%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 1.00%	Hypothetical Termination Liability ^{1,2} at 2.25%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 2.25%	
\$720 145 626	\$2,052,630,754	35.1%	\$1 332 485 128	\$1 704 527 809	42.2%	\$984 382 183	_

¹ The hypothetical liabilities calculated above include a 5% contingency load. The contingency load and other actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix A.

In order to terminate the plan, first contact our Pension Contract Services unit to initiate a Resolution of Intent to Terminate. The completed Resolution will allow the plan actuary to provide a preliminary termination valuation with a more up-to-date estimate of the plan liabilities. Before beginning this process, please consult with the plan actuary.

² The discount rate used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date. The discount rates used in the table are based on 20-year Treasury bonds, rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point, which is a good proxy for most plans. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021, the valuation date.

Plan's Major Benefit Provisions

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Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major <u>optional</u> benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Appendix B.

	Benefit Group						
Member Category	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	No Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	No No Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	No No Yes
Benefit Provision							
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified	2% @ 55 No Full	2.7% @ 55 No Full	2% @ 60 No Full		2% @ 62 No Full	2% @ 62 No Full	
Employee Contribution Rate		8.00%	7.00%		6.25%	6.25%	
Final Average Compensation Period	One Year	One Year	One Year		Three Year	Three Year	
Sick Leave Credit	No	No	No		No	No	
Non-Industrial Disability	Standard	Standard	Standard		Standard	Standard	
Industrial Disability	No	No	No		No	No	
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)	No Level 1 No No	No Level 1 No No	No Level 1 No No		No Level 1 No No	No Level 1 No No	
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

	Benefit Group	p
Member Category	Misc	Misc
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	No No Yes	No No Yes
Benefit Provision		
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified		
Employee Contribution Rate		
Final Average Compensation Period		
Sick Leave Credit		
Non-Industrial Disability		
Industrial Disability		
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)		
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No
COLA	2%	2%

Appendices

- Appendix A Actuarial Methods and Assumptions
- Appendix B Principal Plan Provisions
- Appendix C Participant Data
- Appendix D Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

- Actuarial Data
- Actuarial Methods
- Actuarial Assumptions
- Miscellaneous

Actuarial Data

As stated in the Actuarial Certification, the data which serves as the basis of this valuation has been obtained from the various CalPERS databases. We have reviewed the valuation data and believe that it is reasonable and appropriate in aggregate. We are unaware of any potential data issues that would have a material effect on the results of this valuation, except that data does not always contain the latest salary information for former members now in reciprocal systems and does not recognize the potential for unusually large salary deviation in certain cases such as elected officials. Therefore, salary information in these cases may not be accurate. These situations are relatively infrequent, however, and generally do not have a material impact on the required employer contributions.

Actuarial Methods

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial cost method used is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, projected benefits are determined for all members and the associated liabilities are spread in a manner that produces level annual cost as a percentage of pay in each year from the member's entry age to their assumed retirement age on the valuation date. The cost allocated to the current fiscal year is called the normal cost.

The actuarial accrued liability for active members is then calculated as the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for members currently receiving benefits and for members entitled to deferred benefits is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No normal costs are applicable for these participants.

CalPERS uses an in-house proprietary actuarial model for calculating plan costs. We believe this model is fit for its intended purpose and meets all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. Furthermore, the actuarial results of our model are independently confirmed periodically by outside auditing actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used are internally consistent and the generated results are reasonable.

Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The excess of the total actuarial accrued liability over the market value of plan assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAL). Funding requirements are determined by adding the normal cost and a payment toward the UAL. The UAL payment is equal to the sum of individual amortization payments, each representing a different source of UAL for a given measurement period.

Amortization payments are determined according to the CalPERS amortization policy. The board adopted a new policy effective for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy applies prospectively only; amortization bases (sources of UAL) established prior to the June 30, 2019 valuation will continue to be amortized according to the prior policy.

Prior Policy (Bases Established prior to June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level percentage of payroll whereby the payment increases each year at an escalation rate. Gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 30-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramp. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake will be amortized over a period of five years. Bases established prior to June 30, 2013 may be amortized differently. A summary is provided in the following table:

	Source							
	(Gain)/Loss						
Driver	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake			
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years			
Escalation Rate - Active Plans - Inactive Plans	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%			
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0			
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0			

The 5-year ramp up means that the payments in the first four years of the amortization period are 20%, 40%, 60% and 80% of the "full" payment which begins in year five. The 5-year ramp down means that the reverse is true in the final four years of the amortization period.

Current Policy (Bases Established on or after June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level dollar amount. Investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning of the amortization period. Non-investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with no ramps. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake are amortized over a period of five years. A summary is provided in the table below:

	Source						
	(Gain)/Loss		A /				
	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/ Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake		
Amortization Period	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years		
Escalation Rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Ramp Up	5	0	0	0	0		
Ramp Down	0	0	0	0	0		

Exceptions for Inconsistencies

An exception to the amortization rules above is used whenever their application results in inconsistencies. In these cases, a "fresh start" approach is used. This means that the current unfunded actuarial liability is projected and amortized over a set number of years. For example, a fresh start is needed in the following situations:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

It should be noted that the actuary may determine that a fresh start is necessary under other circumstances. In all cases of a fresh start, the period is set by the actuary at what is deemed appropriate; however, the period will not be greater than 20 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Appendix A

Exceptions for Plans in Surplus

If a surplus exists (i.e., the Market Value of Assets exceeds the plan's accrued liability) any prior amortization layers shall be considered fully amortized, and the surplus shall not be amortized.

In the event of any subsequent unfunded liability, a Fresh Start shall be used with an amortization period of 20 years or less.

Exceptions for Small Amounts

Where small unfunded liabilities are identified in annual valuations which result in small payment amounts, the actuary may shorten the remaining period for these bases.

- When the balance of a single amortization base has an absolute value less than \$250, the amortization period is reduced to one year.
- When the entire unfunded liability is a small amount, the actuary may perform a Fresh Start and use an appropriate amortization period.

Exceptions for Inactive Plans

The following exceptions apply to plans classified as Inactive. These plans have no active members and no expectation to have active members in the future.

- Amortization of the unfunded liability is on a "level dollar" basis rather than a "level percent of pay" basis. For amortization layers, which utilize a ramp up and ramp down, the "ultimate" payment is constant.
- Actuarial judgment will be used to shorten amortization periods for Inactive plans with existing periods that are deemed too long given the duration of the liability. The specific demographics of the plan will be used to determine if shorter periods may be more appropriate.

Exceptions for Inactive Agencies

For a public agency with no active members in any CalPERS rate plan, the unfunded liability shall be amortized over a closed amortization period of no more than 15 years.

Asset Valuation Method

The Actuarial Value of Assets is set equal to the market value of assets. Asset values include accounts receivable.

PEPRA Normal Cost Rate Methodology

Per Government Code Section 7522.30(b), the "normal cost rate" shall mean the annual actuarially determined normal cost for the plan of retirement benefits provided to the new member and shall be established based on actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities and costs as part of the annual actuarial valuation. The plan of retirement benefits shall include any elements that would impact the actuarial determination of the normal cost, including, but not limited to, the retirement formula, eligibility and vesting criteria, ancillary benefit provisions, and any automatic cost-of-living adjustments as determined by the public retirement system.

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions.

Actuarial Assumptions

In 2021, CalPERS completed its most recent asset liability management study incorporating actuarial assumptions and strategic asset allocation. In November 2021, the board adopted changes to the asset allocation that increased the expected volatility of returns. The adopted asset allocation was expected to have a long-term blended return that continued to support a discount rate assumption of 6.80%. The board also approved several changes to the demographic assumptions that more closely aligned with actual experience.

For more details and additional rationale for the selection of the actuarial assumptions, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website under: Forms and Publications. Click on "View All" and search for Experience Study.

All actuarial assumptions (except the discount rates used for the hypothetical termination liability) represent an estimate of future experience rather than observations of the estimates inherent in market data.

Economic Assumptions

Discount Rate

The prescribed discount rate assumption, adopted by the board on November 17, 2021, is 6.80% compounded annually (net of investment and administrative expenses) as of June 30, 2021.

Termination Liability Discount Rate

The current discount rate assumption used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date.

The hypothetical termination liabilities in this report are calculated using an observed range of m arket interest rates. This range is based on the lowest and highest 20-year Treasury bond observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after. The 20-year Treasury bond has a similar duration to most plan liabilities and serves as a good proxy for the termination discount rate. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021.

Salary Growth

Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service. A sample of assumed increases are shown below. Wage inflation assumption in the valuation year (2.80% for 2021) is added to these factors for total salary growth.

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0764	0.0621	0.0521
1	0.0663	0.0528	0.0424
2	0.0576	0.0449	0.0346
3	0.0501	0.0381	0.0282
4	0.0435	0.0324	0.0229
5	0.0378	0.0276	0.0187
10	0.0201	0.0126	0.0108
15	0.0155	0.0102	0.0071
20	0.0119	0.0083	0.0047
25	0.0091	0.0067	0.0031
30	0.0070	0.0054	0.0020

Public Agency Fire

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1517	0.1549	0.0631
1	0.1191	0.1138	0.0517
2	0.0936	0.0835	0.0423
3	0.0735	0.0613	0.0346
4	0.0577	0.0451	0.0284
5	0.0453	0.0331	0.0232
10	0.0188	0.0143	0.0077
15	0.0165	0.0124	0.0088
20	0.0145	0.0108	0.0101
25	0.0127	0.0094	0.0115
30	0.0112	0.0082	0.0132

Public Agency Police

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1181	0.1051	0.0653
1	0.0934	0.0812	0.0532
2	0.0738	0.0628	0.0434
3	0.0584	0.0485	0.0353
4	0.0462	0.0375	0.0288
5	0.0365	0.0290	0.0235
10	0.0185	0.0155	0.0118
15	0.0183	0.0150	0.0131
20	0.0181	0.0145	0.0145
25	0.0179	0.0141	0.0161
30	0.0178	0.0136	0.0179

Salary Growth (continued)

Public Agency County Peace Officers

	<u> </u>	<u>, </u>	
Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1238	0.1053	0.0890
1	0.0941	0.0805	0.0674
2	0.0715	0.0616	0.0510
3	0.0544	0.0471	0.0387
4	0.0413	0.0360	0.0293
5	0.0314	0.0276	0.0222
10	0.0184	0.0142	0.0072
15	0.0174	0.0124	0.0073
20	0.0164	0.0108	0.0074
25	0.0155	0.0094	0.0075
30	0.0147	0.0083	0.0077

Schools

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0275	0.0275	0.0200
1	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
2	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
3	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
4	0.0388	0.0314	0.0245
5	0.0308	0.0239	0.0179
10	0.0236	0.0160	0.0121
15	0.0182	0.0135	0.0103
20	0.0145	0.0109	0.0085
25	0.0124	0.0102	0.0058
30	0.0075	0.0053	0.0019

- The Miscellaneous salary scale is used for Local Prosecutors.
- The Police salary scale is used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Price Inflation

2.30% compounded annually.

Wage Inflation

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting individual salary increases).

Payroll Growth

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting the payroll over which the unfunded liability is amortized for level percent of payroll bases). This assumption is used for all plans with active members.

Non-valued Potential Additional Liabilities

The potential liability loss for a cost-of-living increase exceeding the 2.30% price inflation assumption and any potential liability loss from future member service purchases that are not reflected in the valuation.

Miscellaneous Loading Factors

Credit for Unused Sick Leave

Total years of service is increased by 1% for those plans that have adopted the provision of providing Credit for Unused Sick Leave.

Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC)

Total years of service is increased by the Employee Contribution Rate for those plans with the provision providing for the Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC) during the final compensation period.

Norris Decision (Best Factors)

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1982 have projected benefit amounts increased in order to reflect the use of "Best Factors" in the calculation of optional benefit forms. This is due to a 1983 Supreme Court decision, known as the Norris decision, which required males and females to be treated equally in the determination of benefit amounts. Consequently, anyone already employed at that time is given the best possible conversion factor when optional benefits are determined. No loading is necessary for employees hired after July 1, 1982.

Termination Liability

The termination liabilities include a 5% contingency load. This load is for unforeseen improvements in mortality.

Demographic Assumptions

Pre-Retirement Mortality

The mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board in November 2021. For purposes of the mortality rates, the rates incorporate generational mortality to capture on-going mortality improvement. Generational mortality explicitly assumes that members born more recently will live longer than the members born before them thereby capturing the mortality improvement seen in the past and expected continued improvement. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website

Rates vary by age and gender are shown in the table below. This table only contains a sample of the 2017 base table rates for illustrative purposes. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for Safety plans (except for local Safety members described in Section 20423.6 where the agency has not specifically contracted for industrial death benefits.)

	Miscell	aneous	Safety				
	Non-Industrial Death (Not Job-Related)		Non-Indus (Not Job	trial Death -Related)	Industrial Death (Job-Related)		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	0.00039	0.00014	0.00038	0.00014	0.00004	0.00002	
25	0.00033	0.00013	0.00034	0.00018	0.00004	0.00002	
30	0.00044	0.00019	0.00042	0.00025	0.00005	0.00003	
35	0.00058	0.00029	0.00048	0.00034	0.00005	0.00004	
40	0.00075	0.00039	0.00055	0.00042	0.00006	0.00005	
45	0.00093	0.00054	0.00066	0.00053	0.00007	0.00006	
50	0.00134	0.00081	0.00092	0.00073	0.00010	0.00008	
55	0.00198	0.00123	0.00138	0.00106	0.00015	0.00012	
60	0.00287	0.00179	0.00221	0.00151	0.00025	0.00017	
65	0.00403	0.00250	0.00346	0.00194	0.00038	0.00022	
70	0.00594	0.00404	0.00606	0.00358	0.00067	0.00040	
75	0.00933	0.00688	0.01099	0.00699	0.00122	0.00078	
80	0.01515	0.01149	0.02027	0.01410	0.00225	0.00157	

- The pre-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.
- Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. If so, each non-industrial death rate shown above will be split into two components: 99% will become the non-industrial death rate and 1% will become the industrial death rate.

Post-Retirement Mortality

Rates vary by age, type of retirement, and gender. See sample rates in table below. These rates are used for all plans.

			Non-Industrially Disabled		Industrial	y Disabled
	Healthy Recipients		(Not Job-Related)		(Job-Related)	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
50	0.00267	0.00199	0.01701	0.01439	0.00430	0.00311
55	0.00390	0.00325	0.02210	0.01734	0.00621	0.00550
60	0.00578	0.00455	0.02708	0.01962	0.00944	0.00868
65	0.00857	0.00612	0.03334	0.02276	0.01394	0.01190
70	0.01333	0.00996	0.04001	0.02910	0.02163	0.01858
75	0.02391	0.01783	0.05376	0.04160	0.03446	0.03134
80	0.04371	0.03403	0.07936	0.06112	0.05853	0.05183
85	0.08274	0.06166	0.11561	0.09385	0.10137	0.08045
90	0.14539	0.11086	0.16608	0.14396	0.16584	0.12434
95	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364
100	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582
105	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679
110	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000

The post-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

Marital Status

For active members, a percentage who are married upon retirement is assumed according to the member category as shown in the following table.

Member Category	Percent Married
Miscellaneous Member	70%
Local Police	85%
Local Fire	85%
Other Local Safety	70%
School Police	85%
Local County Peace Officers	75%

Age of Spouse

It is assumed that female spouses are 3 years younger than male spouses. This assumption is used for all plans.

Terminated Members

It is assumed that terminated members refund immediately if non-vested. Terminated members who are vested are assumed to retire at age 59 for Miscellaneous members and age 54 for Safety members.

Attachment B: CalPERS Miscellaneous Valuation as of June 30, 2021 CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Appendix A

Termination with Refund

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

Public Agency Miscellaneous

Duration of												
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry /	Age 25	Entry	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	Age 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.1851	0.1944	0.1769	0.1899	0.1631	0.1824	0.1493	0.1749	0.1490	0.1731	0.1487	0.1713
1	0.1531	0.1673	0.1432	0.1602	0.1266	0.1484	0.1101	0.1366	0.1069	0.1323	0.1037	0.1280
2	0.1218	0.1381	0.1125	0.1307	0.0970	0.1183	0.0815	0.1058	0.0771	0.0998	0.0726	0.0938
3	0.0927	0.1085	0.0852	0.1020	0.0727	0.0912	0.0601	0.0804	0.0556	0.0737	0.0511	0.0669
4	0.0672	0.0801	0.0616	0.0752	0.0524	0.0670	0.0431	0.0587	0.0392	0.0523	0.0352	0.0459
5	0.0463	0.0551	0.0423	0.0517	0.0358	0.0461	0.0292	0.0404	0.0261	0.0350	0.0230	0.0296
10	0.0112	0.0140	0.0101	0.0129	0.0083	0.0112	0.0064	0.0094	0.0048	0.0071	0.0033	0.0049
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Public Agency Safety

			,,	/		
Duration of						_
Service	Fir	е	Poli	ce	County Pea	ce Officer
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.1022	0.1317	0.1298	0.1389	0.1086	0.1284
1	0.0686	0.1007	0.0789	0.0904	0.0777	0.0998
2	0.0441	0.0743	0.0464	0.0566	0.0549	0.0759
3	0.0272	0.0524	0.0274	0.0343	0.0385	0.0562
4	0.0161	0.0349	0.0170	0.0206	0.0268	0.0402
5	0.0092	0.0214	0.0113	0.0128	0.0186	0.0276
10	0.0015	0.0000	0.0032	0.0047	0.0046	0.0038
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0023	0.0036
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

• The police termination and refund rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Attachment B: CalPERS Miscellaneous Valuation as of June 30, 2021 CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Termination with Refund (continued)

Schools

Duration of												
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry A	Age 25	Entry	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	Age 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.2054	0.2120	0.1933	0.1952	0.1730	0.1672	0.1527	0.1392	0.1423	0.1212	0.1318	0.1032
1	0.1922	0.2069	0.1778	0.1883	0.1539	0.1573	0.1300	0.1264	0.1191	0.1087	0.1083	0.0910
2	0.1678	0.1859	0.1536	0.1681	0.1298	0.1383	0.1060	0.1086	0.0957	0.0934	0.0853	0.0782
3	0.1384	0.1575	0.1256	0.1417	0.1042	0.1155	0.0829	0.0893	0.0736	0.0774	0.0643	0.0656
4	0.1085	0.1274	0.0978	0.1143	0.0800	0.0925	0.0622	0.0707	0.0542	0.0620	0.0462	0.0533
5	0.0816	0.0991	0.0732	0.0887	0.0590	0.0713	0.0449	0.0539	0.0383	0.0476	0.0317	0.0413
10	0.0222	0.0248	0.0200	0.0221	0.0163	0.0174	0.0125	0.0128	0.0094	0.0100	0.0063	0.0072
15	0.0106	0.0132	0.0095	0.0113	0.0077	0.0083	0.0058	0.0052	0.0040	0.0039	0.0021	0.0026
20	0.0059	0.0065	0.0050	0.0054	0.0035	0.0036	0.0021	0.0019	0.0010	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0029	0.0034	0.0025	0.0029	0.0018	0.0020	0.0010	0.0012	0.0005	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0012	0.0015	0.0011	0.0013	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0009	0.0005	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0006	0.0007	0.0006	0.0007	0.0005	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000

Termination with Vested Benefits

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

Public Agency Miscellaneous

Duration of										
Service	Entry Age 20		Entry A	Age 25	Entry A	\ge 30	Entry A	\ge 35	Entry A	Age 40
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
5	0.0381	0.0524	0.0381	0.0524	0.0358	0.0464	0.0334	0.0405	0.0301	0.0380
10	0.0265	0.0362	0.0265	0.0362	0.0254	0.0334	0.0244	0.0307	0.0197	0.0236
15	0.0180	0.0252	0.0180	0.0252	0.0166	0.0213	0.0152	0.0174	0.0119	0.0132
20	0.0141	0.0175	0.0141	0.0175	0.0110	0.0131	0.0079	0.0087	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0084	0.0108	0.0084	0.0108	0.0064	0.0076	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0047	0.0056	0.0047	0.0056	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0038	0.0041	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Public Agency Safety

Duration of Service	Fir	æ	Poli	ce	County Peace Officer		
	Male Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	
5	0.0089	0.0224	0.0156	0.0272	0.0177	0.0266	
10	0.0066	0.0164	0.0113	0.0198	0.0126	0.0189	
15	0.0048	0.0120	0.0083	0.0144	0.0089	0.0134	
20	0.0035	0.0088	0.0060	0.0105	0.0063	0.0095	
25	0.0024	0.0061	0.0042	0.0073	0.0042	0.0063	
30	0.0012	0.0031	0.0021	0.0037	0.0021	0.0031	
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	

- After termination with vested benefits, a Miscellaneous member is assumed to retire at age 59 and a Safety member at age 54.
- The Police termination with vested benefits rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Schools

Entry Age 40	
Female	
0.0272	
0.0233	
0.0142	
0.0000	
0.0000	
0.0000	
0.0000	

Non-Industrial (Not Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and gender for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by age and category for Safety plans.

	Miscellaneous		Fire	Police	County Peace Officer	Schools	
Age	Male	Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male	Female
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
25	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
30	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
35	0.0004	0.0007	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0004
40	0.0009	0.0012	0.0001	0.0002	0.0006	0.0010	0.0008
45	0.0015	0.0019	0.0002	0.0003	0.0011	0.0019	0.0015
50	0.0015	0.0019	0.0004	0.0005	0.0016	0.0027	0.0021
55	0.0014	0.0013	0.0006	0.0007	0.0009	0.0024	0.0017
60	0.0012	0.0009	0.0006	0.0011	0.0005	0.0020	0.0010

- The Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- The police non-industrial disability rates are also used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Industrial (Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and category.

Age	Fire	Police	County Peace Officer
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0004
25	0.0002	0.0017	0.0013
30	0.0006	0.0048	0.0025
35	0.0012	0.0079	0.0037
40	0.0023	0.0110	0.0051
45	0.0040	0.0141	0.0067
50	0.0208	0.0185	0.0092
55	0.0307	0.0479	0.0151
60	0.0438	0.0602	0.0174

- The police industrial disability rates are also used for Local Sheriff and Other Safety.
- 50% of the police industrial disability rates are used for School Police.
- 1% of the police industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- Normally, rates are zero for Miscellaneous plans unless the agency has specifically contracted
 for industrial disability benefits. If so, each Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rate will be
 split into two components: 50% will become the non-industrial disability rate and 50% will
 become the industrial disability rate.

Retirement rates vary by age, service, and formula, except for the Safety Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55 formulas, where retirement rates vary by age only.

Public Agency Miscellaneous 1.5% at 65

	Duration of Service										
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years					
50	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.019					
51	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.017					
52	0.010	0.014	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.024					
53	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.017	0.019	0.022					
54	0.012	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.025	0.028					
55	0.018	0.025	0.031	0.035	0.038	0.043					
56	0.015	0.021	0.025	0.029	0.032	0.036					
57	0.020	0.028	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.048					
58	0.024	0.033	0.040	0.046	0.052	0.058					
59	0.028	0.039	0.048	0.054	0.060	0.067					
60	0.049	0.069	0.083	0.094	0.105	0.118					
61	0.062	0.087	0.106	0.120	0.133	0.150					
62	0.104	0.146	0.177	0.200	0.223	0.251					
63	0.099	0.139	0.169	0.191	0.213	0.239					
64	0.097	0.136	0.165	0.186	0.209	0.233					
65	0.140	0.197	0.240	0.271	0.302	0.339					
66	0.092	0.130	0.157	0.177	0.198	0.222					
67	0.129	0.181	0.220	0.249	0.277	0.311					
68	0.092	0.129	0.156	0.177	0.197	0.221					
69	0.092	0.130	0.158	0.178	0.199	0.224					
70	0.103	0.144	0.175	0.198	0.221	0.248					

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 60

	<u> </u>	DIIC Agency	miscellant	270 at	. 00	
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.010	0.011	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.017
51	0.017	0.013	0.014	0.010	0.010	0.010
52	0.014	0.014	0.018	0.015	0.016	0.016
53	0.015	0.012	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.011
54	0.006	0.010	0.017	0.016	0.018	0.018
55	0.012	0.016	0.024	0.032	0.036	0.036
56	0.010	0.014	0.023	0.030	0.034	0.034
57	0.006	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.044	0.044
58	0.022	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.046	0.046
59	0.039	0.033	0.040	0.047	0.050	0.050
60	0.063	0.069	0.074	0.090	0.137	0.116
61	0.044	0.058	0.066	0.083	0.131	0.113
62	0.084	0.107	0.121	0.153	0.238	0.205
63	0.173	0.166	0.165	0.191	0.283	0.235
64	0.120	0.145	0.164	0.147	0.160	0.172
65	0.138	0.160	0.214	0.216	0.237	0.283
66	0.198	0.228	0.249	0.216	0.228	0.239
67	0.207	0.242	0.230	0.233	0.233	0.233
68	0.201	0.234	0.225	0.231	0.231	0.231
69	0.152	0.173	0.164	0.166	0.166	0.166
70	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 55

		_	Duration (of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.021	0.023	0.024
51	0.013	0.017	0.017	0.018	0.018	0.019
52	0.013	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.020	0.021
53	0.013	0.019	0.021	0.024	0.025	0.026
54	0.017	0.025	0.028	0.032	0.033	0.035
55	0.045	0.042	0.053	0.086	0.098	0.123
56	0.018	0.036	0.056	0.086	0.102	0.119
57	0.041	0.046	0.056	0.076	0.094	0.120
58	0.052	0.044	0.048	0.074	0.106	0.123
59	0.043	0.058	0.073	0.092	0.105	0.126
60	0.059	0.064	0.083	0.115	0.154	0.170
61	0.087	0.074	0.087	0.107	0.147	0.168
62	0.115	0.123	0.151	0.180	0.227	0.237
63	0.116	0.127	0.164	0.202	0.252	0.261
64	0.084	0.138	0.153	0.190	0.227	0.228
65	0.167	0.187	0.210	0.262	0.288	0.291
66	0.187	0.258	0.280	0.308	0.318	0.319
67	0.195	0.235	0.244	0.277	0.269	0.280
68	0.228	0.248	0.250	0.241	0.245	0.245
69	0.188	0.201	0.209	0.219	0.231	0.231
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.5% at 55

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.5% at 55							
			Duration	of Service			
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.014	0.017	0.027	0.035	0.046	0.050	
51	0.019	0.021	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.040	
52	0.018	0.020	0.026	0.034	0.038	0.037	
53	0.013	0.021	0.031	0.045	0.052	0.053	
54	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.046	0.057	0.068	
55	0.029	0.042	0.064	0.109	0.150	0.225	
56	0.036	0.047	0.068	0.106	0.134	0.194	
57	0.051	0.047	0.060	0.092	0.116	0.166	
58	0.035	0.046	0.062	0.093	0.119	0.170	
59	0.029	0.053	0.072	0.112	0.139	0.165	
60	0.039	0.069	0.094	0.157	0.177	0.221	
61	0.080	0.077	0.086	0.140	0.167	0.205	
62	0.086	0.131	0.149	0.220	0.244	0.284	
63	0.135	0.135	0.147	0.214	0.222	0.262	
64	0.114	0.128	0.158	0.177	0.233	0.229	
65	0.112	0.174	0.222	0.209	0.268	0.273	
66	0.235	0.254	0.297	0.289	0.321	0.337	
67	0.237	0.240	0.267	0.249	0.267	0.277	
68	0.258	0.271	0.275	0.207	0.210	0.212	
69	0.117	0.208	0.266	0.219	0.250	0.270	
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55

	Duration of Service					
۸۵۵	- Vaara	10 Van:			2F Van::-	20 Van::-
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.011	0.016	0.022	0.033	0.034	0.038
51	0.018	0.019	0.023	0.032	0.031	0.031
52	0.019	0.020	0.026	0.035	0.034	0.037
53	0.020	0.020	0.025	0.043	0.048	0.053
54	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.052	0.053	0.070
55	0.045	0.058	0.082	0.138	0.208	0.278
56	0.057	0.062	0.080	0.121	0.178	0.222
57	0.045	0.052	0.071	0.106	0.147	0.182
58	0.074	0.060	0.074	0.118	0.163	0.182
59	0.058	0.067	0.086	0.123	0.158	0.187
60	0.087	0.084	0.096	0.142	0.165	0.198
61	0.073	0.084	0.101	0.138	0.173	0.218
62	0.130	0.133	0.146	0.187	0.214	0.249
63	0.122	0.140	0.160	0.204	0.209	0.243
64	0.104	0.124	0.154	0.202	0.214	0.230
65	0.182	0.201	0.242	0.264	0.293	0.293
66	0.272	0.249	0.273	0.285	0.312	0.312
67	0.182	0.217	0.254	0.249	0.264	0.264
68	0.223	0.197	0.218	0.242	0.273	0.273
69	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217
70	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227

Public Agency Miscellaneous 3% at 60

	Fui	Diff Agency	Miscelland	eous 3 70 at	. 00	
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.015	0.020	0.025	0.039	0.040	0.044
51	0.041	0.034	0.032	0.041	0.036	0.037
52	0.024	0.020	0.022	0.039	0.040	0.041
53	0.018	0.024	0.032	0.047	0.048	0.057
54	0.033	0.033	0.035	0.051	0.049	0.052
55	0.137	0.043	0.051	0.065	0.076	0.108
56	0.173	0.038	0.054	0.075	0.085	0.117
57	0.019	0.035	0.059	0.088	0.111	0.134
58	0.011	0.040	0.070	0.105	0.133	0.162
59	0.194	0.056	0.064	0.081	0.113	0.163
60	0.081	0.085	0.133	0.215	0.280	0.333
61	0.080	0.090	0.134	0.170	0.223	0.292
62	0.137	0.153	0.201	0.250	0.278	0.288
63	0.128	0.140	0.183	0.227	0.251	0.260
64	0.174	0.147	0.173	0.224	0.239	0.264
65	0.152	0.201	0.262	0.299	0.323	0.323
66	0.272	0.273	0.317	0.355	0.380	0.380
67	0.218	0.237	0.268	0.274	0.284	0.284
68	0.200	0.228	0.269	0.285	0.299	0.299
69	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
70	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245

Service Retirement

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 62

		,				
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
52	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.019	0.031
53	0.007	0.011	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.032
54	0.007	0.011	0.015	0.019	0.023	0.034
55	0.010	0.019	0.028	0.036	0.061	0.096
56	0.014	0.026	0.038	0.050	0.075	0.108
57	0.018	0.029	0.039	0.050	0.074	0.107
58	0.023	0.035	0.048	0.060	0.073	0.099
59	0.025	0.038	0.051	0.065	0.092	0.128
60	0.031	0.051	0.071	0.091	0.111	0.138
61	0.038	0.058	0.079	0.100	0.121	0.167
62	0.044	0.074	0.104	0.134	0.164	0.214
63	0.077	0.105	0.134	0.163	0.192	0.237
64	0.072	0.101	0.129	0.158	0.187	0.242
65	0.108	0.141	0.173	0.206	0.239	0.300
66	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
67	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
68	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
69	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
70	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333

Service Retirement

Public Agency Fire Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55

Pu	blic Agency Fire	e Hait Pay at 55 and 2%	at 55
Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.016	56	0.111
51	0.000	57	0.000
52	0.034	58	0.095
53	0.020	59	0.044
54	0.041	60	1.000
55	0.075		

Public Agency Police Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55

		-	
Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.026	56	0.069
51	0.000	57	0.051
52	0.016	58	0.072
53	0.027	59	0.070
54	0.010	60	0.300
55	0.167		

Service Retirement

Public Agency Police 2% at 50

			,	_ ; 0 44 0 0		
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.018	0.077	0.056	0.046	0.043	0.046
51	0.022	0.087	0.060	0.048	0.044	0.047
52	0.020	0.102	0.081	0.071	0.069	0.075
53	0.016	0.072	0.053	0.045	0.042	0.046
5 4	0.006	0.071	0.071	0.069	0.072	0.080
55	0.009	0.040	0.099	0.157	0.186	0.186
56	0.020	0.051	0.108	0.165	0.194	0.194
57	0.036	0.072	0.106	0.139	0.156	0.156
58	0.001	0.046	0.089	0.130	0.152	0.152
59	0.066	0.094	0.119	0.143	0.155	0.155
60	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
61	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134
62	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184
63	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
64	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency F	Fire 2º	% at	50
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	· ubild/igency · ile = /o ucoo						
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.054	0.054	0.056	0.080	0.064	0.066	
51	0.020	0.020	0.021	0.030	0.024	0.024	
52	0.037	0.037	0.038	0.054	0.043	0.045	
53	0.051	0.051	0.053	0.076	0.061	0.063	
54	0.082	0.082	0.085	0.121	0.097	0.100	
55	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	
56	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	
57	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	
58	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	
59	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	
60	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	
61	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
62	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
63	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
64	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Service Retirement

Public Agency Police 3% at 55

Duration of Service						
5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
0.019	0.053	0.045	0.054	0.057	0.061	
0.002	0.017	0.028	0.044	0.053	0.060	
0.002	0.031	0.037	0.051	0.059	0.066	
0.026	0.049	0.049	0.080	0.099	0.114	
0.019	0.034	0.047	0.091	0.121	0.142	
0.006	0.115	0.141	0.199	0.231	0.259	
0.017	0.188	0.121	0.173	0.199	0.199	
0.008	0.137	0.093	0.136	0.157	0.157	
0.017	0.126	0.105	0.164	0.194	0.194	
0.026	0.146	0.110	0.167	0.195	0.195	
0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	
0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	
0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	
0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	
0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	
1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
	0.019 0.002 0.002 0.026 0.019 0.006 0.017 0.008 0.017 0.026 0.155 0.210 0.262 0.172	0.019 0.053 0.002 0.017 0.002 0.031 0.026 0.049 0.019 0.034 0.006 0.115 0.017 0.188 0.008 0.137 0.017 0.126 0.026 0.146 0.155 0.155 0.210 0.210 0.262 0.262 0.172 0.172 0.227 0.227	5 Years 10 Years 15 Years 0.019 0.053 0.045 0.002 0.017 0.028 0.002 0.031 0.037 0.026 0.049 0.049 0.019 0.034 0.047 0.006 0.115 0.141 0.017 0.188 0.121 0.008 0.137 0.093 0.017 0.126 0.105 0.026 0.146 0.110 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.262 0.262 0.262 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.227 0.227 0.227	0.019 0.053 0.045 0.054 0.002 0.017 0.028 0.044 0.002 0.031 0.037 0.051 0.026 0.049 0.049 0.080 0.019 0.034 0.047 0.091 0.006 0.115 0.141 0.199 0.017 0.188 0.121 0.173 0.008 0.137 0.093 0.136 0.017 0.126 0.105 0.164 0.026 0.146 0.110 0.167 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.262 0.262 0.262 0.262 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.227 0.227 0.227 0.227	5 Years 10 Years 15 Years 20 Years 25 Years 0.019 0.053 0.045 0.054 0.057 0.002 0.017 0.028 0.044 0.053 0.002 0.031 0.037 0.051 0.059 0.026 0.049 0.049 0.080 0.099 0.019 0.034 0.047 0.091 0.121 0.006 0.115 0.141 0.199 0.231 0.017 0.188 0.121 0.173 0.199 0.008 0.137 0.093 0.136 0.157 0.017 0.126 0.105 0.164 0.194 0.026 0.146 0.110 0.167 0.195 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.155 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.210 0.262 0.262 0.262 0.262 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.172 0.227 0.227 0.227 <td< td=""></td<>	

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 3% at 55

Fublic Agency File 3 70 at 33							
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.003	0.006	0.013	0.019	0.025	0.028	
51	0.004	0.008	0.017	0.026	0.034	0.038	
52	0.005	0.011	0.022	0.033	0.044	0.049	
53	0.005	0.034	0.024	0.038	0.069	0.138	
5 4	0.007	0.047	0.032	0.051	0.094	0.187	
55	0.010	0.067	0.046	0.073	0.134	0.266	
56	0.010	0.063	0.044	0.069	0.127	0.253	
57	0.135	0.100	0.148	0.196	0.220	0.220	
58	0.083	0.062	0.091	0.120	0.135	0.135	
59	0.137	0.053	0.084	0.146	0.177	0.177	
60	0.162	0.063	0.099	0.172	0.208	0.208	
61	0.598	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231	
62	0.621	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	
63	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	
64	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Public Agency Police 3% at 50

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.124	0.103	0.113	0.143	0.244	0.376
51	0.060	0.081	0.087	0.125	0.207	0.294
52	0.016	0.055	0.111	0.148	0.192	0.235
53	0.072	0.074	0.098	0.142	0.189	0.237
54	0.018	0.049	0.105	0.123	0.187	0.271
55	0.069	0.074	0.081	0.113	0.209	0.305
56	0.064	0.108	0.113	0.125	0.190	0.288
57	0.056	0.109	0.160	0.182	0.210	0.210
58	0.108	0.129	0.173	0.189	0.214	0.214
59	0.093	0.144	0.204	0.229	0.262	0.262
60	0.343	0.180	0.159	0.188	0.247	0.247
61	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221
62	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213
63	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233
64	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency F	Fire 3%	at 50
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		Public Ag	ency rife 3	170 at 30				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.095	0.048	0.053	0.093	0.134	0.175		
51	0.016	0.032	0.053	0.085	0.117	0.149		
52	0.013	0.032	0.054	0.087	0.120	0.154		
53	0.085	0.044	0.049	0.089	0.129	0.170		
54	0.038	0.065	0.074	0.105	0.136	0.167		
55	0.042	0.043	0.049	0.085	0.132	0.215		
56	0.133	0.103	0.075	0.113	0.151	0.209		
57	0.062	0.048	0.060	0.124	0.172	0.213		
58	0.124	0.097	0.092	0.153	0.194	0.227		
59	0.092	0.071	0.078	0.144	0.192	0.233		
60	0.056	0.044	0.061	0.131	0.186	0.233		
61	0.282	0.219	0.158	0.198	0.233	0.260		
62	0.292	0.227	0.164	0.205	0.241	0.269		
63	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196		
64	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

Public Agency Police 2% at 57

		i abiic Ag	ency i once	<u> </u>				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.080		
51	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.040	0.066		
52	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.043	0.061		
53	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.057	0.086		
54	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.032	0.069	0.110		
55	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.067	0.099	0.179		
56	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.062	0.090	0.160		
57	0.054	0.054	0.054	0.072	0.106	0.191		
58	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.066	0.103	0.171		
59	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.069	0.105	0.171		
60	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.171		
61	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.128		
62	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159		
63	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159		
64	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.239		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public	Aaenc\	/ Fire	2%	at 57
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		Public Ag	elicy File 2	170 at 37				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.012		
51	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.013		
52	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.019	0.028		
53	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.050	0.075		
54	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.069	0.103		
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.094	0.140		
56	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126		
57	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.125	0.187		
58	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.091	0.137		
59	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126		
60	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
61	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
62	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
63	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
64	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

Public Agency Police 2.5% at 57

		. abiic Age	iicy i diice i					
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100		
51	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.055	0.089		
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.082		
53	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.073	0.111		
54	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.041	0.088	0.142		
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.082	0.120	0.217		
56	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.075	0.110	0.194		
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213		
58	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.079	0.124	0.205		
59	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.083	0.126	0.205		
60	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.205		
61	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.153		
62	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
63	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
64	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.287		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Service Retirement

Public Agency Fire 2.5% at 57

		i ablic Age	incy inc z.	3 /0 at 3 /				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015		
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.012	0.018		
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038		
53	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.064	0.096		
54	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.088	0.132		
55	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.170		
56	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.102	0.153		
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208		
58	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.110	0.164		
59	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.101	0.151		
60	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.235		
61	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
62	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
63	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
64	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

Public Agency Police 2.7% at 57

		· · · · · ·	- 1						
	Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years			
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100			
51	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.058	0.094			
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.083			
53	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.077	0.117			
54	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.044	0.093	0.150			
55	0.068	0.068	0.068	0.091	0.134	0.242			
56	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.084	0.123	0.217			
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213			
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.088	0.138	0.228			
59	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.092	0.140	0.228			
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.228			
61	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.170			
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213			
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213			
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.319			
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000			

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2.7% at 57

Public Agency Fire 2.7 % at 37								
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015		
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.013	0.019		
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038		
53	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.068	0.102		
5 4	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.093	0.140		
55	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.127	0.190		
56	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.171		
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208		
58	0.079	0.079	0.079	0.079	0.122	0.182		
59	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.112	0.168		
60	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262		
61	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262		
62	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262		
63	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262		
64	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

Schools 2% at 55

	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.007	0.010	0.010		
51	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.011	0.011		
52	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.012	0.012		
53	0.007	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.015		
54	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.020	0.021		
55	0.011	0.023	0.034	0.057	0.070	0.090		
56	0.012	0.027	0.036	0.056	0.073	0.095		
57	0.016	0.027	0.036	0.055	0.068	0.087		
58	0.019	0.030	0.040	0.062	0.078	0.103		
59	0.023	0.034	0.046	0.070	0.085	0.109		
60	0.022	0.043	0.062	0.095	0.113	0.141		
61	0.030	0.051	0.071	0.103	0.124	0.154		
62	0.065	0.098	0.128	0.188	0.216	0.248		
63	0.075	0.112	0.144	0.197	0.222	0.268		
64	0.091	0.116	0.138	0.180	0.196	0.231		
65	0.163	0.164	0.197	0.232	0.250	0.271		
66	0.208	0.204	0.243	0.282	0.301	0.315		
67	0.189	0.185	0.221	0.257	0.274	0.287		
68	0.127	0.158	0.200	0.227	0.241	0.244		
69	0.168	0.162	0.189	0.217	0.229	0.238		
70	0.191	0.190	0.237	0.250	0.246	0.254		

Schools 2% at 62

		Sch	ools 2% a	t 62					
	Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years			
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
52	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.015			
53	0.004	0.008	0.010	0.013	0.014	0.016			
54	0.005	0.011	0.015	0.018	0.020	0.022			
55	0.014	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.056			
56	0.013	0.026	0.037	0.043	0.048	0.055			
57	0.013	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.055			
58	0.017	0.034	0.047	0.056	0.062	0.069			
59	0.019	0.037	0.052	0.062	0.068	0.076			
60	0.026	0.053	0.074	0.087	0.097	0.108			
61	0.030	0.058	0.081	0.095	0.106	0.119			
62	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.217			
63	0.054	0.107	0.151	0.178	0.198	0.222			
64	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.216			
65	0.072	0.142	0.199	0.235	0.262	0.293			
66	0.077	0.152	0.213	0.252	0.281	0.314			
67	0.070	0.139	0.194	0.229	0.255	0.286			
68	0.063	0.124	0.173	0.205	0.228	0.255			
69	0.066	0.130	0.183	0.216	0.241	0.270			
70	0.071	0.140	0.196	0.231	0.258	0.289			

Miscellaneous

Internal Revenue Code Section 415

The limitations on benefits imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 415 are taken into account in this valuation. Each year the impact of any changes in this limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. This results in lower contributions for those employers contributing to the Replacement Benefit Fund and protects CalPERS from prefunding expected benefits in excess of limits imposed by federal tax law. The Section 415(b) dollar limit for the 2021 calendar year is \$230,000.

Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)

The limitations on compensation imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) are taken into account in this valuation. Each year, the impact of any changes in the compensation limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. The compensation limit for classic members for the 2021 calendar year is \$290,000.

Appendix B

Principal Plan Provisions

The following is a description of the principal plan provisions used in calculating costs and liabilities. We have indicated whether a plan provision is standard or optional. Standard benefits are applicable to all members while optional benefits vary among employers. Optional benefits that apply to a single period of time, such as Golden Hands hakes, have not been included. Many of the statements in this summary are general in nature, and are intended to provide an easily understood summary of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The law itself governs in all situations.

Service Retirement

Eligibility

A classic CalPERS member or PEPRA Safety member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5% at age 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service.

Benefit

The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the *benefit factor*, *years of service*, and *final compensation*.

• The *benefit factor* depends on the benefit formula specified in the agency's contract. The table below shows the factors for each of the available formulas. Factors vary by the member's age at retirement. Listed are the factors for retirement at whole year ages:

Miscellaneous Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	1.5% at 65	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60	PEPRA 2% at 62
50	0.5000%	1.092%	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	N/A
51	0.5667%	1.156%	1.522%	2.100%	2.140%	2.100%	N/A
52	0.6334%	1.224%	1.628%	2.200%	2.280%	2.200%	1.000%
53	0.7000%	1.296%	1.742%	2.300%	2.420%	2.300%	1.100%
54	0.7667%	1.376%	1.866%	2.400%	2.560%	2.400%	1.200%
55	0.8334%	1.460%	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%	2.500%	1.300%
56	0.9000%	1.552%	2.052%	2.500%	2.700%	2.600%	1.400%
57	0.9667%	1.650%	2.104%	2.500%	2.700%	2.700%	1.500%
58	1.0334%	1.758%	2.156%	2.500%	2.700%	2.800%	1.600%
59	1.1000%	1.874%	2.210%	2.500%	2.700%	2.900%	1.700%
60	1.1667%	2.000%	2.262%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.800%
61	1.2334%	2.134%	2.314%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.900%
62	1.3000%	2.272%	2.366%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.000%
63	1.3667%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.100%
64	1.4334%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.200%
65	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.300%
66	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.400%
67 & up	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.500%

Safety Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	Half Pay at 55*	2% at 55	2% at 50	3% at 55	3% at 50
50	1.783%	1.426%	2.000%	2.400%	3.000%
51	1.903%	1.522%	2.140%	2.520%	3.000%
52	2.035%	1.628%	2.280%	2.640%	3.000%
53	2.178%	1.742%	2.420%	2.760%	3.000%
54	2.333%	1.866%	2.560%	2.880%	3.000%
55 & Up	2.500%	2.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%

^{*} For this formula, the benefit factor also varies by entry age. The factors shown are for members with an entry age of 35 or greater. If entry age is less than 35, then the age 55 benefit factor is 50% divided by the difference between age 55 and entry age. The benefit factor for ages prior to age 55 is the same proportion of the age 55 benefit factor as in the above table.

PEPRA Safety Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	2% at 57	2.5% at 57	2.7% at 57
50	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%
51	1.508%	2.071%	2.100%
52	1.590%	2.143%	2.200%
53	1.672%	2.214%	2.300%
54	1.754%	2.286%	2.400%
55	1.836%	2.357%	2.500%
56	1.918%	2.429%	2.600%
57 & Up	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%

- The *years of service* is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has eamed service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. An agency may contract for an optional benefit where any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at a rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). The standard benefit is 36 months. Employers had the option of providing a final compensation equal to the highest 12 consecutive months for classic plans only. Final compensation must be defined by the highest 36 consecutive months' pay under the 1.5% at 65 formula. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security contribution and benefit base. For employees that participate in Social Security this cap is \$128,059 for 2021 and for those employees that do not participate in Social Security the cap for 2021 is \$153,671. Adjustments to the caps are permitted annually based on changes to the CPI for all urban consumers.
- Employees must be covered by Social Security with the 1.5% at 65 formula. Social Security is optional for all other benefit formulas. For employees covered by Social Security, the modified formula is the standard benefit. Under this type of formula, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one third if the final compensation is less than \$400). Employers may contract for the full benefit with Social Security that will eliminate the offset applicable to the final compensation. For employees not covered by Social Security, the full benefit is paid with no offsets.

Appendix B

Auxiliary organizations of the CSUC system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 if members are not covered by Social Security or \$513 if members are covered by Social Security.

• The Miscellaneous and PEPRA Safety service retirement benefit is not capped. The classic Safety service retirement benefit is capped at 90% of final compensation.

Vested Deferred Retirement

Eligibility for Deferred Status

A CalPERS member becomes eligible for a deferred vested retirement benefit when he or she leaves employment, keeps his or her contribution account balance on deposit with CalPERS, **and** has earned at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements).

Eligibility to Start Receiving Benefits

The CalPERS classic members and PEPRA Safety members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 50 (55 for employees hired into a 1.5% at 65 plan). PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 52.

Benefit

The vested deferred retirement benefit is the same as the service retirement benefit, where the benefit factor is based on the member's age at allowance commencement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance.

Non-Industrial (Non-Job Related) Disability Retirement

Eligibility

A CalPERS member is eligible for Non-Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes *disabled* and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). There is no special age requirement. *Disabled* means the member is unable to perform his or her job because of an illness or injury, which is expected to be perm anent or to last indefinitely. The illness or injury does not have to be job related. A CalPERS member must be actively employed by any CalPERS employer at the time of disability in order to be eligible for this benefit.

Standard Benefit

The standard Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by *service*, which is determined as follows:

- Service is CalPERS credited service, for members with less than 10 years of service or greater than 18.518 years of service; or
- Service is CalPERS credited service plus the additional number of years that the member would have worked until age 60, for members with at least 10 years but not more than 18.518 years of service. The maximum benefit in this case is 331/3% of final compensation.

Improved Benefit

Employers have the option of providing the improved Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit. This benefit provides a monthly allowance equal to 30% of final compensation for the first 5 years of service, plus 1% for each additional year of service to a maximum of 50% of final compensation.

Members who are eligible for a larger service retirement benefit may choose to receive that benefit in lieu of a disability benefit. Members eligible to retire, and who have attained the normal retirement age determined by their service retirement benefit formula, will receive the same dollar amount for disability retirement as that payable for service retirement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit attributed to each employer is the total disability allowance multiplied by the ratio of service with a particular employer to the total CalPERS service.

Industrial (Job Related) Disability Retirement

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit. An employer may choose to provide the increased benefit option or the improved benefit option.

Eligibility

An employee is eligible for Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes disabled while working, where disabled means the member is unable to perform the duties of the job because of a work-related illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. A CalPERS member who has left active employment within this group is not eligible for this benefit, except to the extent described below.

Standard Benefit

The standard Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation.

Increased Benefit (75% of Final Compensation)

The increased Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 75% of final compensation for total disability.

Improved Benefit (50% to 90% of Final Compensation)

The improved Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the Workman's Compensation Appeals Board permanent disability rate percentage (if 50% or greater, with a maximum of 90%) times the final compensation.

For a CalPERS member not actively employed in this group who became disabled while employed by some other CalPERS employer, the benefit is a return of accumulated member contributions with respect to employment in this group. With the standard or increased benefit, a member may also choose to receive the annuitization of the accumulated member contributions.

If a member is eligible for service retirement and if the service retirement benefit is more than the industrial disability retirement benefit, the member may choose to receive the larger benefit.

Post-Retirement Death Benefit

Standard Lump Sum Payment

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Improved Lump Sum Payment

Employers have the option of providing an improved lump sum death benefit of \$600, \$2,000, \$3,000, \$4,000 or \$5,000.

Form of Payment for Retirement Allowance

Standard Form of Payment

Generally, the retirement allowance is paid to the retiree in the form of an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. The retiree may choose to provide for a portion of his or her allowance to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. CalPERS provides for a variety of such benefit options, which the retiree pays for by taking a reduction in his or her retirement allowance. Such reduction takes into account the amount to be provided to the beneficiary and the probable duration of payments (based on the ages of the member and beneficiary) made subsequent to the member's death.

Improved Form of Payment (Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance)

Employers have the option to contract for the post-retirement survivor allowance.

For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the modified formula, 25% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the full or supplemental formula, 50% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. This additional benefit is referred to as post-retirement survivor allowance (PRSA) or simply as survivor continuance.

In other words, 25% or 50% of the allowance, the continuance portion, is paid to the retiree for as long as he or she is alive, and that same amount is continued to the retiree's spouse (or if no eligible spouse, to unmarried child (ren) until they attain age 18; or, if no eligible child(ren), to a qualifying dependent parent) for the rest of his or her lifetime. This benefit will not be discontinued in the event the spouse remarries.

The remaining 75% or 50% of the retirement allowance, which may be referred to as the option portion of the benefit, is paid to the retiree as an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. Or, the retiree may choose to provide for some of this option portion to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. Benefit options applicable to the option portion are the same as those offered with the standard form. The reduction is calculated in the same manner but is applied only to the option portion.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits

Basic Death Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's beneficiary (or estate) may receive the basic death benefit if the member dies while actively employed. A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit.

Benefit

The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the member's accumulated contributions, where interest is credited annually at the greater of 6% or the prevailing discount rate through the date of death, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

1957 Survivor Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. An eligible survivor means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death or, if there is no eligible spouse, to the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 18. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this 1957 Survivor benefit.

Benefit

The 1957 Survivor benefit is a monthly allowance equal to one-half of the unmodified service retirement benefit that the member would have been entitled to receive if the member had retired on the date of his or her death. If the benefit is payable to the spouse, the benefit is discontinued upon the death of the spouse. If the benefit is payable to dependent child(ren), the benefit will be discontinued upon death or attainment of age 18, unless the child(ren) is disabled. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Optional Settlement 2 Death Benefit

This is an optional benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor* may receive the Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit.

Benefit

The Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected 100% to continue to the eligible survivor after the member's death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Special Death Benefit

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 22. An eligible survivor who chooses to receive this benefit will not receive any other death benefit.

Benefit

The special death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation and will be increased whenever the compensation paid to active employees is increased but ceasing to increase when the member would have attained age 50. The allowance is payable to the surviving spouse until death at which time the allowance is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 22. There is a guarantee that the total amount paid will at least equal the basic death benefit.

If the member's death is the result of an accident or injury caused by external violence or physical force incurred in the performance of the member's duty, and there are *eligible* surviving child(ren) (*eligible* means unmarried child(ren) under age 22) in addition to an eligible spouse, then an **additional monthly allowance** is paid equal to the following:

if 1 eligible child:
 if 2 eligible children:
 if 3 or more eligible children:
 25.0% of final compensation
 25.0% of final compensation

Alternate Death Benefit for Local Fire Members

This is an optional benefit available only to local fire members.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the basic death benefit or the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child (ren) under age 18.

Benefit

The Alternate Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected Optional Settlement 2. (A retiree who elects Optional Settlement 2 receives an allowance that has been reduced so that it will continue to be paid after his or her death to a surviving beneficiary.) If the member has not yet attained age 50, the benefit is equal to that which would be payable if the member had retired at age 50, based on service credited at the time of death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Standard Benefit

Retirement and survivor allowances are adjusted each year in May for cost of living, beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement. The standard cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is 2%. Annual adjustments are calculated by first determining the lesser of 1) 2% compounded from the end of the year of retirement or 2) actual rate of price inflation. The resulting increase is divided by the total increase provided in prior years. For any given year, the COLA adjustment may be less than 2% (when the rate of price inflation is low), may be greater than the rate of price inflation (when the rate of price inflation is low after several years of high price inflation) or may even be greater than 2% (when price inflation is high after several years of low price inflation).

Improved Benefit

Employers have the option of providing a COLA of 3%, 4%, or 5%, determined in the same manner as described above for the standard 2% COLA. An improved COLA is not available with the 1.5% at 65 formula.

Purchasing Power Protection Allowance (PPPA)

Retirement and survivor allowances are protected against price inflation by PPPA. PPPA benefits are cost-of-living adjustments that are intended to maintain an individual's allowance at 80% of the initial allowance at retirement adjusted for price inflation since retirement. The PPPA benefit will be coordinated with other cost-of-living adjustments provided under the plan.

Employee Contributions

Each employee contributes toward his or her retirement based upon the retirement formula. The standard employee contribution is as described below.

- The percent contributed below the monthly compensation breakpoint is 0%.
- The monthly compensation breakpoint is \$0 for full and supplemental formula members and \$133.33 for employees covered by the modified formula.
- The percent contributed above the monthly compensation breakpoint depends upon the benefit formula, as shown in the table below.

Benefit Formula	Percent Contributed above the Breakpoint
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	2%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 60	7%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 55	7%
Miscellaneous, 2.5% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 2.7% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 3% at 60	8%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 62	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, Half Pay at 55	Varies by entry age
Safety, 2% at 55	7%
Safety, 2% at 50	9%
Safety, 3% at 55	9%
Safety, 3% at 50	9%
Safety, 2% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.5% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.7% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost

The employer may choose to "pick-up" these contributions for classic members (Employer Paid Member Contributions or EPMC). EPMC is prohibited for new PEPRA members.

An employer may also include Employee Cost Sharing in the contract, where employees agree to share the cost of the employer contribution. These contributions are paid in addition to the member contribution.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSU system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 and the contribution rate is 6% if members are not covered by Social Security. If members are covered by Social Security, the offset is \$513 and the contribution rate is 5%.

Refund of Employee Contributions

If the member's service with the employer ends, and if the member does not satisfy the eligibility conditions for any of the retirement benefits above, the member may elect to receive a refund of his or her employee contributions, which are credited with 6% interest compounded annually.

1959 Survivor Benefit

This is a pre-retirement death benefit available only to members not covered by Social Security. Any agency joining CalPERS subsequent to 1993 is required to provide this benefit if the members are not covered by Social Security. The benefit is optional for agencies joining CalPERS prior to 1994. Levels 1, 2, and 3 are now closed. Any new agency or any agency wishing to add this benefit or increase the current level may only choose the 4th or Indexed Level.

This benefit is not included in the results presented in this valuation. More information on this benefit is available on the CalPERS website.

Appendix C

Participant Data

- Summary of Valuation Data
- Active Members
- Transferred and Terminated Members
- Retired Members and Beneficiaries

Summary of Valuation Data

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Active Members		
a) Counts	777	723
b) Average Attained Age	45.63	45.60
c) Average Entry Age to Rate Plan	34.93	34.59
d) Average Years of Credited Service	10.79	11.10
e) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$109,256	\$110,261
f) Annual Covered Payroll	84,892,137	79,718,988
g) Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	92,090,103	86,604,632
h) Present Value of Future Payroll	705,964,490	722,368,530
2. Transferred Members		
a) Counts	385	386
b) Average Attained Age	45.81	46.36
c) Average Years of Credited Service	3.34	3.42
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$128,303	\$132,366
3. Terminated Members		
a) Counts	450	463
b) Average Attained Age	47.38	47.53
c) Average Years of Credited Service	3.05	2.97
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$74,685	\$75,408
4. Retired Members and Beneficiaries		
a) Counts	1,223	1,276
b) Average Attained Age	70.54	70.67
c) Average Annual Benefits	\$36,759	\$37,887
-,	7-57.	7//
5. Active to Retired Ratio [(1a) / (4a)]	0.64	0.57

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Average Annual Benefits represents benefit amounts payable by this plan only. Some members may have service with another agency and would therefore have a larger total benefit than would be included as part of the average shown here.

Active Members

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service

Years	of S	ervice	at V	alu:	ation	Date
I Cais	UI 3	ei vice	at v	aıu	alivii	vale

Attained		100	is or service a	ac variation	Date		
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total
15-24	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
25-29	48	8	0	0	0	0	56
30-34	66	32	0	0	0	0	98
35-39	31	33	15	3	1	0	83
40-44	34	23	25	16	10	2	110
45-49	16	20	19	16	16	6	93
50-54	9	19	16	17	23	13	97
55-59	14	15	20	13	17	27	106
60-64	6	10	7	9	10	8	50
65 and Over	1	4	4	3	4	8	24
All Ages	231	164	106	77	81	64	723

Distribution of Average Annual Salaries by Age and Service

Years of Service at Valuation Date

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Average Salary
15-24	\$74,317	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$74,317
25-29	82,329	93,764	0	0	0	0	83,963
30-34	91,522	101,784	0	0	0	0	94,873
35-39	100,721	109,996	119,460	91,828	112,850	0	107,620
40-44	109,523	125,596	122,071	119,674	119,982	108,444	118,143
45-49	107,647	121,341	106,497	122,249	120,816	137,468	117,059
50-54	94,305	128,336	120,673	139,176	119,394	139,514	125,192
55-59	93,299	127,116	120,025	120,639	100,156	123,119	115,175
60-64	100,614	116,806	118,182	119,679	101,962	107,290	111,081
65 and Over	136,342	78,790	132,408	101,657	83,474	116,579	106,360
Average	\$94,812	\$114,518	\$118,446	\$122,891	\$111,703	\$124,540	\$110,261

Transferred and Terminated Members

Distribution of Transfers to Other CalPERS Plans by Age, Service, and average Salary

Years of Service at Valuation Date

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Average Salary
15-24	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	\$103,031
25-29	13	0	0	0	0	0	13	104,362
30-34	38	5	0	0	0	0	43	113,346
35-39	48	6	3	0	0	0	57	126,132
40-44	44	12	8	1	0	0	65	122,851
45-49	45	10	3	4	0	0	62	142,305
50-54	48	12	2	3	0	0	65	142,692
55-59	31	9	3	1	0	0	44	136,773
60-64	19	4	3	0	0	0	26	154,349
65 and Over	8	1	1	0	0	0	10	145,568
All Ages	295	59	23	9	0	0	386	\$132,366

Distribution of Terminated Participants with Funds on Deposit by Age, Service, and average Salary

Years of Service at Valuation Date

rears of Service at Valuation Date										
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Average Salary		
15-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0		
25-29	15	1	0	0	0	0	16	79,655		
30-34	36	1	0	0	0	0	37	82,451		
35-39	57	8	1	1	0	0	67	77,899		
40-44	66	8	4	0	0	0	78	76,441		
45-49	55	12	5	0	1	1	74	82,463		
50-54	49	16	2	2	0	0	69	78,126		
55-59	49	10	2	2	0	0	63	69,608		
60-64	25	5	3	0	0	0	33	61,804		
65 and Over	22	4	0	0	0	0	26	57,286		
All Ages	374	65	17	5	1	1	463	\$75,408		

Retired Members and Beneficiaries

Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type*

	<u> </u>	Non-		Non-		Death	
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Total
Under 30	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
40-44	0	0	2	0	0	1	3
45-49	0	2	3	0	0	1	6
50-54	24	2	0	0	0	0	26
55-59	115	7	3	1	0	5	131
60-64	175	14	1	0	0	6	196
65-69	220	7	1	0	0	14	242
70-74	215	12	2	0	0	22	251
75-79	186	5	1	0	0	22	214
80-84	84	5	1	0	0	18	108
85 and Over	54	3	0	0	0	37	94
All Ages	1,073	57	14	1	0	131	1,276

Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type *

Attained Age	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Average
Under 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,709	\$25,709
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	14,313	14,313
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	6,443	6,443
40-44	0	0	918	0	0	12,750	4,862
45- 4 9	0	5,686	276	0	0	111,316	20,586
50-54	20,108	12,008	0	0	0	0	19,484
55-59	44,293	16,395	567	17,836	0	24,011	40,825
60-64	44,188	14,265	1,781	0	0	13,355	40,890
65-69	45,054	18,879	12,569	0	0	26,429	43,085
70-74	43,347	17,486	10,170	0	0	22,542	40,023
75-79	36,758	15,632	2,122	0	0	23,961	34,787
80-84	35,076	25,363	2,000	0	0	38,744	34,932
85 and Over	31,242	16,907	0	0	0	22,446	27,322
All Ages	\$41,017	\$16,623	\$3,084	\$17,836	\$0	\$25,373	\$37,887

Retired Members and Beneficiaries (continued)

Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type*

Years Retired	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Total
Under 5 Yrs	289	2	2	1	0	51	345
5-9	179	4	4	0	0	27	214
10-14	304	10	2	0	0	22	338
15-19	149	11	2	0	0	11	173
20-24	91	10	4	0	0	9	114
25-29	42	10	0	0	0	8	60
30 and Over	19	10	0	0	0	3	32
All Years	1,073	57	14	1	0	131	1,276

Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type *

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Years Retired	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Average
Under 5 Yrs	\$42,619	\$8,963	\$918	\$17,836	\$0	\$25,048	\$39,512
5-9	34,870	16,669	292	0	0	29,088	33,154
10-14	53,547	11,219	9,746	0	0	29,774	50,488
15-19	34,153	19,58 4	6,829	0	0	16,017	31,758
20-24	31,835	21,069	1,755	0	0	25,488	29,334
25-29	17,840	21,582	0	0	0	14,348	17,998
30 and Over	23,121	10,882	0	0	0	28,541	19,805
All Years	\$41,017	\$16,623	\$3,084	\$17,836	\$0	\$25,373	\$37,887

^{*} Counts of members do not include alternate payees receiving benefits while the member is still working. Therefore, the total counts may not match information on C-1 of the report. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one coverage group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Appendix D

Glossary of Actuarial Terms

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Accrued Liability (Actuarial Accrued Liability)

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to prior years. Based on CalPERS funding policies, the accrued liability is the target level of assets on any valuation date.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions made about certain events that will affect pension costs. Assumptions generally can be broken down into two categories: demographic and economic. Demographic assumptions include such things as mortality, disability, and retirement rates. Economic assumptions include discount rate, salary growth, and inflation.

Actuarial Methods

Procedures employed by actuaries to achieve certain funding goals of a pension plan. Actuarial methods include an actuarial cost method, an amortization policy, and an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Valuation

The determination as of a valuation date of the Normal Cost, Accrued Liability, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan. These valuations are performed annually or when an employer is contemplating a change in plan provisions.

Amortization Bases

Separate payment schedules for different portions of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL). The total UAL of a rate plan can be segregated by cause. The impact of such individual causes on the UAL are quantified at the time of their occurrence, resulting in new amortization bases. Each base is separately amortized and paid for over a specific period of time. Generally, in an actuarial valuation, the separate bases consist of changes in UAL due to contract amendments, actuarial assumption changes, method changes, and/or gains and losses.

Amortization Period

The number of years required to pay off an Amortization Base.

Classic Member (under PEPRA)

A member who joined a public retirement system prior to January 1, 2013 and who is not defined as a new member under PEPRA. (See definition of New Member below.)

Discount Rate

This is the rate used to discount the expected future benefit payments to the valuation date to determine the Projected Value of Benefits. The discount rate is based on the assumed long-term rate of return on plan assets, net of investment and administrative expenses. This rate is called the "actuarial interest rate" in Section 20014 of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Entry Age

The earliest age at which a plan member begins to accrue benefits under a defined benefit pension plan. In most cases, this is the age of the member on their date of hire.

Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

An actuarial cost method designed to fund a member's total plan benefit evenly over the course of his or her career. This method yields a total normal cost rate, expressed as a percentage of payroll, which is designed to remain level throughout the member's career.

Fresh Start

A Fresh Start is when multiple amortization bases are combined into a single base and amortized over a new Amortization Period.

Funded Ratio

Defined as the Market Value of Assets divided by the Accrued Liability. It is a measure of how well funded a rate plan is. A ratio greater than 100% means the rate plan has more assets than the target established by CalPERS

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Palo Alto Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Appendix D

funding policies on the valuation date and the employer need only contribute the Normal Cost. A ratio less than 100% means assets are less than the funding target and contributions in addition to Normal Cost are required.

GASB 68

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting and financial reporting for pensions.

New Member (under PEPRA)

A new member includes an individual who becomes a member of a public retirement system for the first time on or after January 1, 2013, and who was not a member of another public retirement system prior to that date, and who is not subject to reciprocity with another public retirement system.

Normal Cost

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to the upcoming fiscal year for active employees. The normal cost plus the required amortization of the UAL, if any, make up the required contributions.

Pension Actuary

A business professional proficient in mathematics and statistics who performs the calculations necessary to properly fund a pension plan and allow the plan sponsor to disclose its liabilities. A pension actuary must satisfy the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

PEPRA

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013

Present Value of Benefits (PVB)

The total dollars needed as of the valuation date to fund all benefits earned in the past or expected to be earned in the future for *current* members.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The Accrued Liability minus the Market Value of Assets. If the UAL for a rate plan is positive, the employer is required to make contributions in excess of the Normal Cost.



California Public Employees' Retirement System Actuarial Office

400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811 | Phone: (916) 795-3000 | Fax: (916) 795-2744 **888 CalPERS** (or **888**-225-7377) | TTY: (877) 249-7442 | <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u>

July 2022

Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto (CalPERS ID: 6373437857) Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021

Dear Employer,

Attached to this letter, you will find the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation report for the rate plan noted above. **Provided** in this report is the determination of the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24. In addition, the report also contains important information regarding the current financial status of the plan as well as projections and risk measures to aid in planning for the future.

Actuarial valuations are based on assumptions regarding future plan experience including investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the types of benefits provided, and longevity among retirees. The CalPERS Board of Administration (board) adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of CalPERS actuarial and investment teams and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation reflects all prior differences between actual and assumed experience and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed. This valuation is based on an investment return assumption of 6.8%, which was adopted by the board in November 2021. Other assumptions used in this report are those recommended in the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021.

Required Contributions

The table below shows the minimum required employer contributions and the PEPRA member rate for FY 2023-24 along with an estimate of the required contribution for FY 2024-25. Employee contributions other than cost sharing (whether paid by the employer or the employee) are in addition to the results shown below. **The required employer contributions in this report do not reflect any cost sharing arrangement between the agency and the employees.**

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost Rate	Employer Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability	PEPRA Member Rate
2023-24	22.59%	\$14,376,181	11.75%
Projected Results			
2024-25	22.0%	<i>\$14,462,000</i>	TBD

The actual investment return for FY 2021-22 was not known at the time this report was prepared. The projections above assume the investment return for that year would be 6.8%. *To the extent the actual investment return for FY 2021-22 differs from 6.8%, the actual contribution requirements for FY 2024-25 will differ from those shown above.* For additional details regarding the assumptions and methods used for these projections, please refer to the "Projected Employer Contributions" in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section. This section also contains projected required contributions through FY *2028-29*.

Changes from Previous Year's Valuations

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for FY 2020-21. Since the return exceeded the 7.00% discount rate sufficiently, the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy allows CalPERS to use a portion of the investment gain to offset the cost of reducing the expected volatility of future investment returns. Based on the thresholds specified in the policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumption for public agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation as part of its Asset Liability Management process.

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Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto (CalPERS ID: 6373437857) Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021 Page 2

asset allocation, along with the new capital market assumptions and economic assumptions support, a discount rate of 6.80%. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30%.

Besides the above noted changes, there may also be changes specific to the plan such as contract amendments and funding changes.

Further descriptions of general changes are included in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section and in Appendix A, "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions." The effects of the changes on the required contributions are included in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions" section.

Questions

We understand that you might have questions about these results, and the plan actuary whose signature is on the valuation report is available to discuss. If you have other questions, you may call the Customer Contact Center at (888)-CalPERS or (888-225-7377).

Sincerely,

SCOTT TERANDO, ASA, EA, MAAA, FCA, CFA

Chief Actuary, CalPERS



Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2021

for the
Safety Plan
of the
City of Palo Alto

(CalPERS ID: 6373437857) (Rate Plan ID: 5080)

Required Contributions for Fiscal Year July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024

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REPORT ID: 399831

Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021 CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Actuarial Certification

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to disclose, fully and fairly, the funded condition of the Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto and satisfies the actuarial valuation requirements of Government Code section 7504. This valuation is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2021 provided by the various CalPERS databases and the benefits under this plan with CalPERS as of the date this report was produced. It is our opinion that the valuation has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for this plan, as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The undersigned is an actuary who satisfies the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

DAVID CLEMENT, ASA, MAAA, EA Senior Pension Actuary, CalPERS

Highlights and Executive Summary

- Introduction
- Purpose of the Report
- Required Contributions
- Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions
- Plan's Funded Status
- Projected Employer Contributions
- Cost
- Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation
- Subsequent Events

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Introduction

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation of the Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This actuarial valuation sets the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24.

Purpose of the Report

The actuarial valuation was prepared by the CalPERS Actuarial Office using data as of June 30, 2021. The purpose of the report is to:

- Set forth the assets and accrued liabilities of this plan as of June 30, 2021;
- Determine the minimum required employer contributions for the FY July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024;
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2021 to the CalPERS Board of Administration (board) and other interested parties.

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 for an Agent Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available from CalPERS and details for ordering are available on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov).

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The agency should contact the plan actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; changes in plan provisions or applicable law; and differences between the required contributions determined by the valuation and the actual contributions made by the agency.

Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

This report includes the following risk disclosures consistent with the recommendations of Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 51 and recommended by the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) in the Model Disclosure Elements document:

- A "Scenario Test," projecting future results under different investment income returns.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results using alternative discount rates 5.8% and 7.8%.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results assuming rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current post-retirement mortality assumptions adopted in 2021.
- Plan maturity measures indicating how sensitive a plan may be to the risks noted above.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Required Contributions

	Fiscal Year
Required Employer Contributions	2023-24
Employer Normal Cost Rate Plus	22.59%
Required Payment on Amortization Bases Paid either as	\$14,376,181
1) Monthly Payment Or	\$1,198,015
2) Annual Prepayment Option*	\$13,910,986
Required PEPRA Member Contribution Rate	11.75%

The total minimum required employer contribution is the sum of the Plan's Employer Normal Cost Rate (expressed as a percentage of payroll and paid as payroll is reported) plus the Employer Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Contribution Amount (billed monthly (1) or prepaid annually (2) in dollars).

* Only the UAL portion of the employer contribution can be prepaid (which must be received in full no later than July 31).

For additional detail regarding the determination of the required contribution for PEPRA members, see "PEPRA Member Contribution Rates" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Required member contributions for Classic members can be found in Appendix B.

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2022-23	2023-24
Normal Cost Contribution as a Percentage of Payroll		
Total Normal Cost Employee Contribution ¹	30.36% 9.78%	32.45% 9.86%
Employer Normal Cost ²	20.58%	22.59%
Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	\$29,395,113	\$27,969,318
Estimated Employer Contributions Based On Projected Payroll		
Total Normal Cost	\$8,924,356	\$9,076,04 4
Employee Contribution	2,874,842	2,757,775
Employer Normal Cost	6,049,514	6,318,269
Unfunded Liability Contribution	14,860,807	14,376,181
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	50.56%	51.40%
Estimated Total Employer Contribution	\$20,910,321	\$20,694,450
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	71.14%	73.99%

¹ For classic members, this is the percentage specified in the Public Employees' Retirement Law, net of any reduction from the use of a modified formula or other factors. For PEPRA members, the member contribution rate is based on 50% of the normal cost. A development of PEPRA member contribution rates can be found in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Employee cost sharing is not shown in this report.

² The Employer Normal Cost is a blended rate for all benefit groups in the plan. For a breakout of normal cost by benefit group, see "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions

The minimum required employer contribution towards the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) for this rate plan for FY 2023-24 is \$14,376,181. CalPERS allows agencies to make additional discretionary payments (ADPs) at any time and in any amount. These optional payments serve to reduce the UAL and future required contributions and can result in significant long-term savings. Agencies can also use ADPs to stabilize annual contributions as a fixed dollar amount, percent of payroll or percent of revenue.

Provided below are select ADP options for consideration. Making such an ADP during FY 2023-24 does not require an ADP be made in any future year, nor does it change the remaining amortization period of any portion of unfunded liability. For information on permanent changes to amortization periods, see the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report.

Agencies considering making an ADP should contact CalPERS for additional information.

Minimum Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year 2023-24

Estimated	Minimum UAL	ADP	Total UAL	Estimated Total
Normal Cost	Payment		Contribution	Contribution
\$6,318,269	\$14,376,181	\$0	\$14,376,181	\$20,694,450

Alternative Fiscal Year 2023-24 Employer Contributions for Greater UAL Reduction

Funding Target	Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP ¹	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
15 years	\$6,318,269	\$14,376,181	\$1,279,608	\$15,655,789	\$21,974,058
10 years	\$6,318,269	\$14,376,181	\$5,994,948	\$20,371,129	\$26,689,398
5 years	\$6,318,269	\$14,376,181	\$20,655,788	\$35,031,969	\$41,350,238

¹ The ADP amounts are assumed to be made in the middle of the fiscal year. A payment made earlier or later in the fiscal year would have to be less or more than the amount shown to have the same effect on the UAL amortization.

Note that the calculations above are based on the projected Unfunded Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2023 as determined in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation. New unfunded liabilities can emerge in future years due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions, and actuarial experience different than assumed. Making an ADP illustrated above for the indicated number of years will not result in a plan that is exactly 100% funded in the indicated number of years. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next and can diverge significantly from projections over a period of several years.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$558,256,577	\$580,099,122
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability	487,159,688	509,225,515
3. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	293,857,975	353,339,674
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) – (3)]	\$193,301,713	\$155,885,841
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	60.3%	69.4%

The UAL and funded ratio are assessments of the need for future employer contributions based on the actuarial cost method used to fund the plan. The UAL is the present value of future employer contributions for service that has already been earned and is in addition to future normal cost contributions for active members. The funded ratio, on the other hand, is a relative measure of funded status that allows for comparison between plans of different sizes. For measures of funded status that are appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities, please see "Hypothetical Termination Liability" in the "Risk Analysis" section.

Projected Employer Contributions

The table below shows the required and projected employer contributions (before cost sharing) for the next six fiscal years. The projection assumes that all actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur during the projection period. In particular, the investment return beginning with FY 2021-22 is assumed to be 6.80% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses. Actual contribution rates during this projection period could be significantly higher or lower than the projection shown below. The projected normal cost percentages below reflect that the normal cost will continue to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower cost benefit tiers. Future contribution requirements may differ significantly from those shown below. The actual long-term cost of the plan will depend on the actual benefits and expenses paid and the actual investment experience of the fund.

	Required Contribution	Projected Future Employer Contributions (Assumes 6.80% Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22 and Beyond)				
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29
Normal Cost %	22.59%	22.0%	21.3%	20.7%	20.1%	19.4%
UAL Payment	\$14,376,181	\$14,462,000	\$14,252,000	\$13,996,000	\$13,603,000	\$14,061,000

Total as a % of Payroll*	73.99%	72.3%	69.5%	66.8%	63.6%	63.2%
Projected Payroll	\$27,969,318	<i>\$28,752,459</i>	\$29,557,528	\$30,385,139	\$31,235,923	\$32,110,527

stIllustrative only and based on the projected payroll shown.

For some sources of UAL, the change in UAL is amortized using a 5-year ramp up. For more information, please see "Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" under "Actuarial Methods" in Appendix A. This method phases in the impact of the change in UAL over a 5-year period in order to reduce employer cost volatility from year to year. As a result of this methodology, dramatic changes in the required employer contributions in any one year are less likely. However, required contributions can change gradually and significantly over the next five years. In years when there is a large increase in UAL, the relatively small amortization payments during the ramp up period could result in a funded ratio that is projected to decrease initially while the contribution impact of the increase in the UAL is phased in.

For projected contributions under alternate investment return scenarios, please see the "Future Investment Return Scenarios" in the "Risk Analysis" section. Our online pension plan projection tool, Pension Outlook, is available in the Employers section of the CalPERS website. Pension Outlook can help plan and budget pension costs under various scenarios.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

CalPERS ID: 6373437857

Cost

Actuarial Determination of Plan Cost

Contributions to fund the plan are comprised of two components:

- Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll
- Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount

For fiscal years prior to 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a percentage of total active payroll. Starting with FY 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component is expressed as a dollar amount and invoiced on a monthly basis. There is an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component is expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (e.g., mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (e.g., future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate of future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.9% over the 20 years ending June 30, 2021, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6% to +21.3%. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2021.

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Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation

Benefits

The standard actuarial practice at CaIPERS is to recognize mandated legislative benefit changes in the first annual valuation following the effective date of the legislation. Voluntary benefit changes by plan amendment are generally included in the first valuation that is prepared after the amendment becomes effective, even if the valuation date is prior to the effective date of the amendment.

This valuation generally reflects plan changes by amendments effective before the date of the report. Please refer to the "Plan's Major Benefit Options" and Appendix B for a summary of the plan provisions used in this valuation. The effect of any mandated benefit changes or plan amendments on the unfunded liability is shown in the "(Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21" and the effect on the employer contribution is shown in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions." It should be noted that no change in liability or contribution is shown for any plan changes which were already included in the prior year's valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumptions for Public Agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new asset portfolio as part of its Asset Liability Management process. The new asset mix supports a 6.80% discount rate, which reflects a change in the price inflation assumption to 2.30%.

Subsequent Events

The contribution requirements determined in this actuarial valuation report are based on demographic and financial information as of June 30, 2021. Changes subsequent to that date are not reflected. Investment returns below the assumed rate of return may increase future required contributions while investment returns above the assumed rate of return may decrease future required contributions.

The projected employer contributions on Page 6 are calculated under the assumption that the discount rate remains at 6.8% going forward and that the realized rate of return on assets for FY 2021-22 is 6.8%.

This actuarial valuation report reflects statutory changes, regulatory changes, and board actions through January 2022. Any subsequent changes or actions are not reflected.

Assets

- Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets
- Asset Allocation
- CalPERS History of Investment Returns

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets

1.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20 including Receivables	\$293,857,975
2.	Change in Receivables for Service Buybacks	(43,385)
3.	Employer Contributions	15,702,797
4.	Employee Contributions	3,455,641
5.	Benefit Payments to Retirees and Beneficiaries	(26,951,061)
6.	Refunds	(7,622)
7.	Transfers	0
8.	Service Credit Purchase (SCP) Payments and Interest	77,366
9.	Administrative Expenses	(373,036)
10.	Miscellaneous Adjustments	1
11.	Investment Return (Net of Investment Expenses)	67,621,000
12.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21 including Receivables	\$353,339,674

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

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Asset Allocation

CalPERS adheres to an Asset Allocation Strategy which establishes asset class allocation policy targets and ranges and manages those asset class allocations within their policy ranges. CalPERS Investment Belief No. 6 recognizes that strategic asset allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return.

The asset allocation shown below reflects the allocation of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) in its entirety as of June 30, 2021. The assets for City of Palo Alto Safety Plan are part of the PERF and are invested accordingly.

Asset Class	Current Allocation as of 6/30/2021	Policy Target Allocation as of 6/30/2021
Public Equity	51.4%	50.0%
Private Equity	8.3%	8.0%
Global Fixed Income	29.8%	28.0%
Real Assets	9.6%	13.0%
Liquidity	1.0%	1.0%
Total Fund Level Portfolios	2.5%	0.0%
Trust Level Financing	(2.6%)	0.0%
Total Fund	100.0%	100.0%

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted changes to the strategic asset allocation as shown in the Policy Target Allocation below expressed as a percentage of total assets.

Strategic Asset Allocation Policy Targets

Asset Class	Policy Target Allocation effective 11/17/2021
Global Equity Cap-weighted	30.0%
Global Equity Non-cap-weighted	12.0%
Private Equity	13.0%
Private Debt	5.0%
Emerging Market Sovereign Bonds	5.0%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%
Treasuries	5.0%
Real Assets	15.0%
Leverage	(5.0%)
Total Fund	100.0%

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

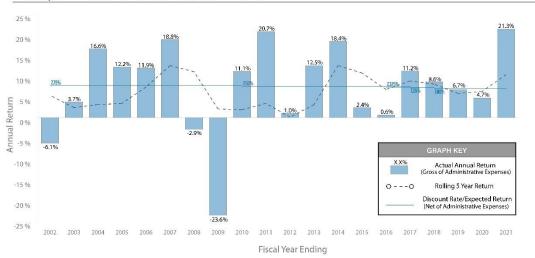
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CalPERS History of Investment Returns

The following is a chart with the 20-year historical annual returns of the PERF for each fiscal year ending on June 30 as reported by the Investment Office. Investment returns reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses. The assumed rate of return, however, is net of both investment and administrative expenses. The Investment Office uses a three-month lag on private assets for investment performance reporting purposes. This can lead to a timing difference in the returns below and those used for financial reporting purposes. The investment gain or loss calculation in this report relies on assets that have been audited and are appropriate for financial reporting. Because of these differences, it is possible for the Investment Office to report a return higher than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment loss, or a return lower than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment gain.





The table below shows annualized investment returns of the PERF for various time periods ending on June 30, 2021 (figures reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses). These returns are the annual rates that if compounded over the indicated number of years would equate to the actual time-weighted investment performance of the PERF. It should be recognized that in any given year the rate of return is volatile. The portfolio has an expected volatility of 12.0% per year based on the most recent Asset Liability Management study. The realized volatility is a measure of the risk of the portfolio expressed as the standard deviation of the fund's total monthly return distribution, expressed as an annual percentage. Due to their volatile nature, when looking at investment returns, it is more instructive to look at returns over longer time horizons.

History of CalPERS Compound Annual Rates of Return and Volatilities							
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year	30 year		
Compound Annual Return	21.3%	10.3%	8.5%	6.9%	8.4%		
Realized Volatility	_	7.3%	7.2%	8.5%	8.5%		

Liabilities and Contributions

- Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities
- (Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 6/30/21
- Schedule of Amortization Bases
- Amortization Schedule and Alternatives
- Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions
- Employer Contribution History
- Funding History
- Normal Cost by Benefit Group
- PEPRA Member Contribution Rates

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

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Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities

Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Present Value of Projected Benefits		
a) Active Members	\$197,379,325	\$201,248,509
b) Transferred Members	10,354,720	11,933,851
c) Terminated Members	3,330,796	4,365,437
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments	347,191,736	362,551,325
e) Total	\$558,256,577	\$580,099,122
2. Present Value of Future Employer Normal Costs	\$45,431,028	\$46,706,711
3. Present Value of Future Employee Contributions	\$25,665,861	\$24,166,896
4. Entry Age Accrued Liability		
a) Active Members [(1a) - (2) - (3)]	\$126,282,436	\$130,374,902
b) Transferred Members (1b)	10,354,720	11,933,851
c) Terminated Members (1c)	3,330,796	4,365,437
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments (1d)	347,191,736	362,551,325
e) Total	\$487,159,688	\$509,225,515
5. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$293,857,975	\$353,339,674
6. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(4e) - (5)]	\$193,301,713	\$155,885,841
7. Funded Ratio [(5) / (4e)]	60.3%	69.4%

77,366

20,664,969

306,756,680

353,339,674

(\$46,582,995)

Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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(Gain)/Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21

To calculate the cost requirements of the plan, assumptions are made about future events that affect the amount and timing of benefits to be paid and assets to be accumulated. Each year, actual experience is compared to the expected experience based on the actuarial assumptions. This results in actuarial gains or losses, as shown below.

1033	es, as shown below.	
1.	Total (Gain)/Loss for the Year	
	a) Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) as of 6/30/20	\$193,301,713
	b) Expected Payment on the UAL during 2020-21	11,210,740
	c) Interest through $6/30/21$ [.07 x (1a) - ((1.07) ^{1/2} - 1) x (1b)]	13,145,379
	d) Expected UAL before all other changes [(1a) - (1b) + (1c)]	195,236,352
	e) Change due to plan changes	0
	f) Change due to AL Significant Increase	0
	g) Change due to assumption change	1,772,236
	h) Change due to method change	0
	i) Change due to Funding Risk Mitigation	11,645,613
	j) Expected UAL after all other changes $[(1d) + (1e) + (1f) + (1g) + (1h) + (1i)]$	208,654,201
	k) Actual UAL as of 6/30/21	155,885,8 4 1
	l) Total (Gain)/Loss for 2020-21 [(1k) - (1j)]	(\$52,768,360)
2.	Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year	
	a) Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20	\$293,857,975
	b) Prior Fiscal Year Receivables	(358,568)
	c) Current Fiscal Year Receivables	315,183
	d) Contributions Received	19,158,438
	e) Benefits and Refunds Paid	(26,958,683)

3. Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year

Investment (Gain)/Loss [(2h) - (2i)]

i)

Actual Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21

a)	Total (Gain)/Loss (11)	(\$52,768,360)
b)	Investment (Gain)/Loss (2j)	(46,582,995)
c)	Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss [(3a) - (3b)]	(\$6,185,365)

Transfers, SCP Payments and Interest, and Miscellaneous Adjustments

Expected Assets as of 6/30/21 [(2a) + (2b) + (2c) + (2d) + (2e) + (2f) + (2g)]

Expected Return at 7% per year on 2a, 2b, 2d, 2e and 2f

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto

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Schedule of Amortization Bases

Below is the schedule of the plan's amortization bases. Note that there is a two-year lag between the valuation date and the start of the contribution year.

- The assets, liabilities, and funded status of the plan are measured as of the valuation date: June 30, 2021.
- The required employer contributions determined by the valuation are for the fiscal year beginning two years after the valuation date: FY 2023-24.

This two-year lag is necessary due to the amount of time needed to extract and test the membership and financial data, and the need to provide public agencies with their required employer contribution well in advance of the start of the fiscal year.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is used to determine the employer contribution and therefore must be rolled forward two years from the valuation date to the first day of the fiscal year for which the contribution is being determined. The UAL is rolled forward each year by subtracting the expected payment on the UAL for the fiscal year and adjusting for interest. The expected payment on the UAL for a fiscal year is equal to the Expected Employer Contribution for the fiscal year minus the Expected Normal Cost for the year. The Employer Contribution for the first fiscal year is determined by the actuarial valuation two years ago and the contribution for the second year is from the actuarial valuation one year ago. Additional discretionary payments are reflected in the Expected Payments column in the fiscal year they were made by the agency.

	Date	Ramp Level	Ramp	Escala- tion	Amort.	Balance	Expected Payment	Balance	Expected Payment	Balance	Minimum Required Payment
Reason for Base	Est.	2023-24	Shape	Rate	Period	6/30/21	2021-22	6/30/22	2022-23	6/30/23	2023-24
Fresh Start	6/30/04	No F	Ramp	2.80%	13	(872,999)	(78,739)	(850,991)	(80,904)	(825,249)	(81,654)
Benefit Change	6/30/05	No F	Ramp	2.80%	3	89,372	20,018	74,762	20,568	58,590	20,958
Assumption Change	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	8	6,168,739	760,603	5,802,175	781,520	5,389,068	792,634
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	18	8,898,003	658,229	8,822,826	676,330	8,723,831	679,440
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/10	No F	Ramp	2.80%	19	4,273,703	306,405	4,247,663	314,831	4,211,145	315,998
Assumption Change	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	10	5,474,880	584,055	5,243,586	600,116	4,979,965	607,444
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	20	2,440,940	169,974	2,431,266	174,649	2,416,103	175,143
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	45,412,282	3,077,345	45,320,063	3,161,972	45,134,116	3,168,199
Payment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	1,586,647	107,518	1,583,426	110,475	1,576,930	110,693
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/13	100% l	Up/Down	2.80%	22	45,412,193	3,165,885	45,228,467	3,252,947	44,942,274	3,262,015
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/14	100% U	Up/Down	2.80%	23	(30,444,081)	(2,065,235)	(30,379,980)	(2,122,029)	(30,252,827)	(2,126,125)
Assumption Change	6/30/14	100% l	Up/Down	2.80%	13	21,013,980	2,113,082	20,259,185	2,171,192	19,393,011	2,195,252
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/15	100% l	Up/Down	2.80%	24	16,793,581	1,110,507	16,787,901	1,141,046	16,750,275	1,142,287
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/16	100% U	Up/Down	2.80%	25	19,607,325	1,025,543	19,880,785	1,317,182	19,871,449	1,317,539
Assumption Change	6/30/16	100% l	Up/Down	2.80%	15	7,496,960	551,647	7,436,659	708,521	7,210,137	715,024
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/17	100% U	Up/Down	2.80%	26	(1,170,085)	(45,983)	(1,202,130)	(62,996)	(1,218,772)	(78,707)
Assumption Change	6/30/17	100% U	Up/Down	2.80%	16	9,970,981	542,869	10,087,985	743,730	10,005,367	937,381
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/18	80% J	Up/Down	2.80%	27	(3,208,025)	(85,275)	(3,338,044)	(131,430)	(3,429,206)	(174,969)
Assumption Change	6/30/18	80% l	Up/Down	2.80%	17	15,152,353	552,537	15,611,699	851,597	15,793,219	1,143,598
Method Change	6/30/18	80% J	Up/Down	2.80%	17	3,494,159	127,416	3,600,085	196,380	3,641,944	263,716

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Schedule of Amortization Bases (continued)

Reason for Base	Date Est.	Ramp Level 2023-24	Ramp Shape	Escala- tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/21	Expected Payment 2021-22	Balance 6/30/22	Expected Payment 2022-23	Balance 6/30/23	Minimum Required Payment 2023-24
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	60%	Up Only	0.00%	18	1,605,929	35,112	1,678,846	70,224	1,720,435	103,444
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	No	Ramp	0.00%	18	7,112,109	649,002	6,925,027	649,002	6,725,224	637,630
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	40%	Up Only	0.00%	19	7,485,830	0_	7,994,866	175,127	8,357,533	343,555
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	No	Ramp	0.00%	19	1,441,576	0_	1,539,603	140,757	1,498,832	138,226
Assumption Change	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	1,772,236	(307,011)	2,210,026	(315,607)	2,686,469	241,577
Net Investment (Gain)	6/30/21	20%	Up Only	0.00%	20	(34,248,808)	0_	(36,577,727)	0_	(39,065,012)	(839,690)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	(6,185,365)	0	(6,605,970)	0	(7,055,176)	(634,427)
Risk Mitigation	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	11,645,613	(362,590)	12,812,230	(372,743)	14,068,669	14,539,137
Risk Mitigation Offset	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	(12,334,187)	0	(13,172,912)	0	(14,068,669)	(14,539,137)
Total		•				155,885,841	12,612,914	153,451,377	14,172,457	149,239,675	14,376,181

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Amortization Schedule and Alternatives

The amortization schedule on the previous page shows the minimum contributions required according to the CalPERS amortization policy. Many agencies have expressed a desire for a more stable pattern of payments or have indicated interest in paying off the unfunded accrued liabilities more quickly than required. As such, we have provided alternative amortization schedules to help analyze the current amortization schedule and illustrate the potential savings of accelerating unfunded liability payments.

Shown on the following page are future year amortization payments based on 1) the current amortization schedule reflecting the individual bases and remaining periods shown on the previous page, and 2) alternative "fresh start" amortization schedules using two sample periods that would both result in interest savings relative to the current amortization schedule. To initiate a Fresh Start, please contact the plan actuary.

The Current Amortization Schedule typically contains both positive and negative bases. Positive bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes or plan experience that increase unfunded liability. Negative bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes, or plan experience that decrease unfunded liability. The combination of positive and negative bases within an amortization schedule can result in unusual or problematic circumstances in future years, such as:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

In any year when one of the above scenarios occurs, the actuary will consider corrective action such as replacing the existing unfunded liability bases with a single "fresh start" base and amortizing it over an appropriate period.

The Current Amortization Schedule on the following page may appear to show that, based on the current amortization bases, one of the above scenarios will occur at some point in the future. It is impossible to know today whether such a scenario will in fact arise since there will be additional bases added to the amortization schedule in each future year. Should such a scenario arise in any future year, the actuary will take appropriate action based on guidelines in the CalPERS amortization policy.

Amortization Schedule and Alternatives (continued)

<u> AI</u>	<u>tei</u>	<u>na</u>	<u>ıtiv</u>	<u>ve</u>	Sc	hed	lul	es

	Current Am Schee		15 Year Am	ortization	10 Year Am	ortization
Date	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment
6/30/2023	149,239,675	14,376,181	149,239,675	15,655,789	149,239,675	20,371,129
6/30/2024	144,531,039	14,462,267	143,208,641	15,655,789	138,335,616	20,371,129
6/30/2025	139,413,251	14,251,786	136,767,497	15,655,789	126,690,081	20,371,129
6/30/2026	134,164,974	13,995,897	129,888,355	15,655,789	114,252,650	20,371,129
6/30/2027	128,824,260	13,602,533	122,541,431	15,655,790	100,969,473	20,371,129
6/30/2028	123,526,897	14,061,364	114,694,915	15,655,789	86,783,040	20,371,129
6/30/2029	117,395,137	14,533,040	106,314,837	15,655,789	71,631,930	20,371,130
6/30/2030	110,358,970	15,017,916	97,364,914	15,655,790	55,450,543	20,371,129
6/30/2031	102,343,253	14,527,783	87,806,395	15,655,789	38,168,823	20,371,130
6/30/2032	94,288,992	14,449,591	77,597,898	15,655,790	19,711,945	20,371,129
6/30/2033	85,767,845	13,552,806	66,695,222	15,655,789		
6/30/2034	77,594,035	13,221,582	55,051,165	15,655,790		
6/30/2035	69,206,704	12,597,870	42,615,311	15,655,789		
6/30/2036	60,893,607	11,539,817	29,333,820	15,655,789		
6/30/2037	53,108,65 4	10,936,539	15,149,188	15,655,790		
6/30/2038	45,417,774	10,288,251				
6/30/2039	37,873,88 4	9,815,352				
6/30/2040	30,305,723	9,605,518				
6/30/2041	22,439,776	6,952,969				
6/30/2042	16,780,199	5,333,251				
6/30/2043	12,409,653	9,106,617				
6/30/2044	3,842,360	2,221,540				
6/30/2045	1,807,810	992,372				
6/30/2046	905,183	935,453				
6/30/2047						
6/30/2048						
6/30/2049						
6/30/2050						
6/30/2051						
6/30/2052						

Total	260,378,295	234,836,840	203,711,292
Interest Paid	111,138,620	85,597,165	54,471,617
Estimated Savings		25,541,455	56,667,003

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation - June 30, 2021

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Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions

Normal Cost (% of Payroll)

1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	
a) Employer Normal Cost	20.58%
b) Employee contribution	9.78%
c) Total Normal Cost	30.36%
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of demographic experience	(0.44%)
b) Effect of plan changes	0.00%
c) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation	1.37%
d) Effect of assumption changes	1.16%
e) Effect of method changes	0.00%
f) Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (e)]	2.09%
3. For Period 7/1/23 – 6/30/24	
a) Employer Normal Cost	22.59%
b) Employee contribution	9.86%
c) Total Normal Cost	32.45%
Employer Normal Cost Change [(3a) – (1a)]	2.01%
Employee Contribution Change [(3b) – (1b)]	0.08%
Unfunded Liability Contribution (\$)	
1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	14,860,807
	1 1,000,007
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of adjustments to prior year's amortization schedule	0
b) Effect of elimination of amortization bases	0

and got and proce from an annual conduction	
a) Effect of adjustments to prior year's amortization schedule	0
b) Effect of elimination of amortization bases	0
c) Effect of progression of amortization bases ¹	1,079,229
d) Effect of net investment (gain) after Funding Risk Mitigation ²	(839,690)
e) Effect of non-investment (gain)/loss during the prior year	(634,427)
f) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation (re-amortize existing bases at 6.8%)	(282,883)
g) Effect of Golden Handshake	0
h) Effect of plan changes	0
i) Effect of AL Significant Increase	0
j) Effect of assumption changes	193,145
k) Effect of changes due to Fresh Start or one year recognition of small balances	0
I) Effect of method change	0
m)Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (l)]	(484,626)

3. For Period 7/1/23 - 6/30/24[(1) + (2m)]

14,376,181

The amounts shown for the period 7/1/22 - 6/30/23 may be different if a prepayment of unfunded actuarial liability is made or a plan change became effective after the prior year's actuarial valuation was performed.

¹ Includes scheduled escalation in individual amortization base payments due to the 5-year ramp and payroll growth assumption used in the pre-2019 amortization policy.

² The unfunded liability contribution for the investment (gain)/loss during the year prior to the valuation date is 20% of the "full" annual requirement due to the 5-year ramp. Increases to this amount that occur during the ramp period will be included in line c) in future years.

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Employer Contribution History

The table below provides a recent history of the required employer contributions for the plan. The amounts are based on the actuarial valuation from two years prior and does not account for prepayments or benefit changes made during a fiscal year. Additional discretionary payments before July 1, 2018 or after June 30, 2021 are not included.

Fiscal	Employer	Haftindad Data	Unfunded Liability	Additional Discretionary
Year	Normal Cost	Unfunded Rate	Payment (\$)	Payments
2014 - 15	18.874%	20.654%	N/A	N/A
2015 - 16	18.627%	23.305%	N/A	N/A
2016 - 17	18.977%	26.449%	N/A	N/A
2017 - 18	18.900%	N/A	7,127,885	N/A
2018 - 19	19.397%	N/A	8,421,191	0
2019 - 20	20.194%	N/A	10,019,332	0
2020 - 21	21.566%	N/A	11,210,740	0
2021 - 22	21.52%	N/A	13,282,515	
2022 - 23	20.58%	N/A	14,860,807	
2023 - 24	22.59%	N/A	14,376,181	

Funding History

The table below shows the recent history of actuarial accrued liability, market value of assets, unfunded accrued liability, funded ratio and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
6/30/2012	\$327,608,300	\$215,605,457	\$112,002,843	65.8%	\$20,919,846
6/30/2013	338,666,499	233,417,363	105,249,136	68.9%	21,258,082
6/30/2014	367,478,634	264,145,000	103,333,634	71.9%	21,274,021
6/30/2015	377,934,524	259,169,591	118,764,933	68.6%	21,186,275
6/30/2016	392,911,774	249,886,581	143,025,193	63.6%	21,268,028
6/30/2017	422,062,152	267,871,162	154,190,990	63.5%	23,485,510
6/30/2018	451,111,924	280,399,741	170,712,183	62.2%	23,613,222
6/30/2019	471,338,133	289,117,004	182,221,129	61.3%	25,488,331
6/30/2020	487,159,688	293,857,975	193,301,713	60.3%	27,097,526
6/30/2021	509,225,515	353,339,674	155,885,841	69.4%	25,745,571

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Normal Cost by Benefit Group

The table below displays the Total Normal Cost broken out by benefit group for FY 2023-24. The Total Normal Cost is the annual cost of service accrual for the fiscal year for active employees and can be viewed as the long-term contribution rate for the benefits contracted. Generally, the normal cost for a benefit group subject to more generous benefit provisions will exceed the normal cost for a group with less generous benefits. However, based on the characteristics of the members (particularly when the number of actives is small), this may not be the case. Future measurements of the Total Normal Cost for each group may differ significantly from the current values due to such factors as: changes in the demographics of the group, changes in economic and demographic assumptions, changes in plan benefits or applicable law.

	Plan	Barrafit Grave Name	Total Normal Cost	Number of	Payroll on
aer	tifier	Benefit Group Name	FY 2023-24	Actives	6/30/2021
50	080 Sat	fety Police First Level	38.40%	39	\$7,312,797
25	006 Sat	fety Fire PEPRA Level	20.33%	26	\$3,484,406
25	007 Sat	fety Police PEPRA Level	27.19%	32	\$4,345,921
30	705 Sat	fety Fire First Level	31.91%	1	\$160,331
30	706 Sat	fety Fire Second Level	34.56%	52	\$8,393,219
30	707 Sat	fety Fire Third Level	30.49%	8	\$1,168,580
30	708 Sat	fety Police Second Level	42.44%	5	\$880,317
	Pla	an Total	32.45%	163	\$25,745,571

Note that if a Benefit Group above has multiple bargaining units, each of which has separately contracted for different benefits such as Employer Paid Member Contributions, then the Normal Cost shownfor the respective benefit level does not reflect those differences. Additionally, if a Second Level Benefit Group amended to the same benefit formula as a First Level Benefit Group, their Normal Costs may be dissimilar due to demographic or other population differences. For questions in these situations, please contact the plan actuary.

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PEPRA Member Contribution Rates

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 ("PEPRA") established new benefit formulas, final compensation period, and contribution requirements for "new" employees (generally those first hired into a CalPERS-covered position on or after January 1, 2013). In accordance with Government Code section 7522.30(b), "new members ... shall have an initial contribution rate of at least 50% of the normal cost rate." The normal cost for the plan is dependent on the benefit levels, actuarial assumptions, and demographics of the plan, particularly members' entry age into the plan. Should the total normal cost of the plan change by more than 1% from the base total normal cost established for the plan, the new member rate shall be 50% of the new normal cost rounded to the nearest quarter percent.

The table below shows the determination of the PEPRA member contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, based on 50% of the Total Normal Cost for each respective plan as of the June 30, 2021 valuation.

		Basis for Current Rate		Rates effective July 1, 2023			023
		Total		Total			
Rate Plan Identifier	Benefit Group Name	Normal Cost	Member Rate	Normal Cost	Change	Change Needed	Member Rate
25006	Safety Fire PEPRA Level	23.540%	11.75%	23.84%	0.300%	No	11.75%
25007	Safety Police PEPRA	23.540%	11.75%	23.84%	0.300%	No	11.75%

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions. For this reason, the PEPRA member contribution rate determined in the table above may not equal 50 % of the total normal cost of the PEPRA group shown on the "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" page.

Risk Analysis

- Future Investment Return Scenarios
- Discount Rate Sensitivity
- Mortality Rate Sensitivity
- Maturity Measures
- Maturity Measures History
- Hypothetical Termination Liability

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Future Investment Return Scenarios

Analysis using the investment return scenarios from the Asset Liability Management process completed in 2021 was performed to determine the effects of various future investment returns on required employer contributions. The projections below reflect the impact of the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy. The projected normal cost rates reflect that the rates are anticipated to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower-cost benefit tiers. The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes in assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur.

The first table shows projected contribution requirements if the fund were to earn either 3.0% or 10.8% annually. These alternate investment returns were chosen because 90% of long-term average returns are expected to fall between them over the 20-year period ending June 30, 2041.

Assumed Annual Return FY 2021-22	Projected Employer Contributions					
through FY 2040-41	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29	
3.0% (5 th percentile)						
Normal Cost Rate	22.0%	21.3%	20.7%	20.1%	19.4%	
UAL Contribution	\$14,788,000	\$15,235,000	\$15,972,000	\$16,913,000	\$19,052,000	
10.8% (95 th percentile)						
Normal Cost Rate	22.4%	22.1%	21.9%	21.7%	21.4%	
UAL Contribution	\$14,142,000	\$13,328,000	\$12,154,000	\$10,491,000	\$9,271,000	

Required contributions outside of this range are also possible. In particular, whereas it is unlikely that investment returns will average less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% over a 20-year period, the likelihood of a single investment return less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% in any given year is much greater. The following analysis illustrates the effect of an extreme, single year investment return.

The portfolio has an expected volatility (or standard deviation) of 12.0% per year. Accordingly, in any given year there is a 16% probability that the annual return will be -5.2% or less and a 2.5% probability that the annual return will be -17.2% or less. These returns represent one and two standard deviations below the expected return of 6.8%.

The following table shows the effect of a one or two standard deviation investment loss in FY 2021-22 on the FY 2024-25 contribution requirements. Note that a single-year investment gain or loss decreases or increases the required UAL contribution amount incrementally for each of the next five years, not just one, due to the 5-year ramp in the amortization policy. However, the contribution requirements beyond the first year are also impacted by investment returns beyond the first year. Historically, significant downturns in the market are often followed by higher than average returns. Such investment gains would offset the impact of these single year negative returns in years beyond FY 2024-25.

Assumed Annual Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22	Required Employer Contributions FY 2023-24	Projected Employer Contributions FY 2024-25
(17.2%) (2 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	22.59%	22.0%
UAL Contribution	\$14,376,181	\$16,521,000
(5.2%) (1 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	22.59%	22.0%
UAL Contribution	\$14,376,181	\$15,492,000

- Without investment gains (returns higher than 6.8%) in year FY 2022-23 or later, projected contributions rates would continue to rise over the next four years due to the continued phase-in of the impact of the illustrated investment loss in FY 2021-22.
- The Pension Outlook Tool can be used to model projected contributions for these scenarios beyond FY 2024-25 as well as to model other investment returns scenarios.

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Discount Rate Sensitivity

The discount rate assumption is calculated as the sum of the assumed real rate of return and the assumed annual price inflation, currently 4.5% and 2.3%, respectively. Changing either the price inflation assumption or the real rate of return assumption will change the discount rate. The sensitivity of the valuation results to the discount rate assumption depends on which component of the discount rate is changed. Shown below are various valuation results as of June 30, 2021 assuming alternate discount rates by changing the two components independently. Results are shown using the current discount rate of 6.8% as well as alternate discount rates of 5.8% and 7.8%. The rates of 5.8% and 7.8% were selected since they illustrate the impact of a 1.0% increase or decrease to the 6.8% assumption.

Sensitivity to the Real Rate of Return Assumption

	1% Lower	Current	1% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	Real Return Rate	Assumptions	Real Return Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%
Real Rate of Return	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	40.92%	32.45%	26.00%
b) Accrued Liability	\$575,714,977	\$509,225,515	\$454,453,745
c) Market Value of Assets	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$222,375,303	\$155,885,841	\$101,114,071
e) Funded Ratio	61.4%	69.4%	77.8%

Sensitivity to the Price Inflation Assumption

As of June 30, 2021	1% Lower Inflation Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Inflation Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	1.3%	2.3%	3.3%
Real Rate of Return	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	34.05%	32.45%	29.46%
b) Accrued Liability	\$525,972,860	\$509,225,515	\$469,289,443
c) Market Value of Assets	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$172,633,186	\$155,885,841	\$115,949,769
e) Funded Ratio	67.2%	69.4%	75.3%

Mortality Rate Sensitivity

The following table looks at the change in the June 30, 2021 plan costs and funded status under two different longevity scenarios, namely assuming rates of post-retirement mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions. This type of analysis highlights the impact on the plan of improving or worsening mortality over the long term.

	10% Lower	Current	10% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	Mortality Rates	Assumptions	Mortality Rates
a) Total Normal Cost	32.92%	32.45%	32.01%
b) Accrued Liability	\$518,987,774	\$509,225,515	\$500,232,168
c) Market Value of Assets	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674	\$353,339,674
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$165,648,100	\$155,885,841	\$146,892,494
e) Funded Ratio	68.1%	69.4%	70.6%

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Maturity Measures

As pension plans mature they become more sensitive to risks. Understanding plan maturity and how it affects the ability of a pension plan sponsor to tolerate risk is important in understanding how the plan is impacted by investment return volatility, other economic variables and changes in longevity or other demographic assumptions. One way to look at the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of a plan's retiree liability to its total liability. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very low ratio of retiree liability to total liability. As the plan matures, the ratio increases. A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60%-65%.

Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
1. Retiree Accrued Liability	347,191,736	362,551,325	
2. Total Accrued Liability	487,159,688	509,225,515	
3. Ratio of Retiree AL to Total AL [(1) / (2)]	71%	71%	

Another measure of the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is the ratio of actives to retirees, also called the support ratio. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very high ratio of active to retired members. As the plan matures and members retire, the ratio declines. A mature plan will often have a ratio near or below one.

To calculate the support ratio for the rate plan, all retirees and beneficiaries receiving a continuance are counted as one, even though they may have only worked a portion of their careers as an active member of this rate plan. For this reason, the support ratio, while intuitive, may be less informative than the ratio of retiree liability to total accrued liability above. The support ratio for all CalPERS public agency plans is 0.82. Note that to calculate the support ratio for all public agency plans, a retiree with service from more than one CalPERS agency is counted as a retiree more than once, consistent with how the support ratio is calculated for the individual rate plan.

Support Ratio	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
1. Number of Actives	174	163	
2. Number of Retirees	435	443	
3. Support Ratio [(1) / (2)]	0.40	0.37	

The actuarial calculations supplied in this communication are based on various assumptions about long-term demographic and economic behavior. Unless these assumptions (e.g., terminations, deaths, disabilities, retirements, salary growth, investment return) are exactly realized each year, there will be differences on a year-to-year basis. The year-to-year differences between actual experience and the assumptions are called actuarial gains and losses and serve to lower or raise required employer contributions from one year to the next. Therefore, employer contributions will inevitably fluctuate, especially due to the ups and downs of investment returns.

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Maturity Measures (continued)

Asset Volatility Ratio

Shown in the table below is the asset volatility ratio (AVR), which is the ratio of market value of assets to payroll. Plans that have a higher AVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, a plan with AVR of 8 may experience twice the contribution volatility due to investment return volatility than a plan with AVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio is a measure of the current situation. It increases over time but generally tends to stabilize as a plan matures.

Liability Volatility Ratio

Also shown in the table below is the liability volatility ratio (LVR), which is the ratio of accrued liability to payroll. Plans that have a higher LVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to changes in liability. For example, a plan with LVR of 8 is expected to have twice the contribution volatility of a plan with LVR of 4 when there is a change in accrued liability, such as when there is a change in actuarial assumptions. It should be noted that this ratio indicates a longer-term potential for contribution volatility, since the AVR, described above, will tend to move closer to the LVR as the funded ratio approaches 100%.

Contribution Volatility	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
1. Market Value of Assets without Receivables	\$293,499,407	\$353,024,492	
2. Payroll	27,097,526	25,745,571	
3. Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR) [(1) / (2)]	10.8	13.7	
4. Accrued Liability	\$487,159,688	\$509,225,515	
5. Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR) [(4) / (2)]	18.0	19.8	

Maturity Measures History

_	Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio	
	6/30/2017	72%	0.40	11.4	18.0	
	6/30/2018	74%	0.39	11.9	19.1	
	6/30/2019	71%	0.39	11.3	18.5	
	6/30/2020	71%	0.40	10.8	18.0	
	6/30/2021	71%	0.37	13.7	19.8	

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Hypothetical Termination Liability

The hypothetical termination liability is an estimate of the financial position of the plan had the contract with CalPERS been terminated as of June 30, 2021. The plan liability on a termination basis is calculated differently from the plan's ongoing funding liability. For this hypothetical termination liability calculation, both compensation and service are frozen as of the valuation date and no future pay increases or service accruals are assumed. This measure of funded status is not appropriate for assessing the need for future employer contributions in the case of an ongoing plan, that is, for an employer that continues to provide CalPERS retirement benefits to active employees.

A more conservative investment policy and asset allocation strategy was adopted by the board for the Terminated Agency Pool. The Terminated Agency Pool has limited funding sources since no future employer contributions will be made. Therefore, expected benefit payments are secured by risk-free assets and benefit security for members is increased while limiting the funding risk. However, this asset allocation has a lower expected rate of return than the PERF and consequently, a lower discount rate assumption. The lower discount rate for the Terminated Agency Pool results in higher liabilities for terminated plans.

The effective termination discount rate will depend on actual market rates of return for risk-free securities on the date of termination. As market discount rates are variable the table below shows a range for the hypothetical termination liability based on the lowest and highest interest rates observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after.

Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Hypothetical Termination Liability ^{1,2} at 1.00%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 1.00%	Hypothetical Termination Liability ^{1,2} at 2.25%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 2.25%	
\$353 339 674	\$1 152 467 278	30.7%	\$799 127 604	\$951 449 546	37 1%	\$598 109 872	

¹ The hypothetical liabilities calculated above include a 5% contingency load. The contingency load and other actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix A.

In order to terminate the plan, first contact our Pension Contract Services unit to initiate a Resolution of Intent to Terminate. The completed Resolution will allow the plan actuary to provide a preliminary termination valuation with a more up-to-date estimate of the plan liabilities. Before beginning this process, please consult with the plan actuary.

² The discount rate used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date. The discount rates used in the table are based on 20-year Treasury bonds, rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point, which is a good proxy for most plans. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021, the valuation date.

Plan's Major Benefit Provisions

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Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major <u>optional</u> benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Appendix B.

	Benefit Group)					
Member Category	Police	Fire	Fire	Police	Fire	Fire	Police
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes No	No No Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes
Benefit Provision							
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified	3% @ 50 No Full	3% @ 50 No Full	3% @ 50 No Full	2.7% @ 57 No Full		3% @ 55 No Full	3% @ 55 No Full
Employee Contribution Rate	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	11.75%		9.00%	9.00%
Final Average Compensation Period	One Year	One Year	One Year	Three Year		Three Year	Three Year
Sick Leave Credit	No	No	No	No		No	No
Non-Industrial Disability	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard		Standard	Standard
Industrial Disability	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard		Standard	Standard
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)	No Level 1 Yes No	Yes Level 1 Yes No	Yes Level 1 Yes No	No Level 1 Yes No		Yes Level 1 Yes No	No Level 1 Yes No
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

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Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major <u>optional</u> benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Appendix B.

	Benefit Group)					
Member Category	Police	Fire	Police	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	No No Yes	Yes Yes No	Yes Yes No	No No Yes	No No Yes	No No Yes	No No Yes
Benefit Provision							
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified		2.7% @ 57 No Full	2.7% @ 57 No Full				
Employee Contribution Rate		11.75%	11.75%				
Final Average Compensation Period		Three Year	Three Year				
Sick Leave Credit		No	No				
Non-Industrial Disability		Standard	Standard				
Industrial Disability		Standard	Standard				
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)		Yes Level 1 Yes No	No Level 1 Yes No				
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

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Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major <u>optional</u> benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Appendix B.

	Benefit Group				
Member Category	Police	Police	Police	Police	
Demographics	N	N.	N.	N.	
Actives	No	No	No	No	
Transfers/Separated	No	No	No	No	
Receiving	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Benefit Provision					
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified					
Employee Contribution Rate					
Final Average Compensation Period					
Sick Leave Credit					
Non-Industrial Disability					
Industrial Disability					
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)					
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	

Appendices

- Appendix A Actuarial Methods and Assumptions
- Appendix B Principal Plan Provisions
- Appendix C Participant Data
- Appendix D Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Appendix A

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

- Actuarial Data
- Actuarial Methods
- Actuarial Assumptions
- Miscellaneous

Appendix A

Actuarial Data

As stated in the Actuarial Certification, the data which serves as the basis of this valuation has been obtained from the various CalPERS databases. We have reviewed the valuation data and believe that it is reasonable and appropriate in aggregate. We are unaware of any potential data issues that would have a material effect on the results of this valuation, except that data does not always contain the latest salary information for former members now in reciprocal systems and does not recognize the potential for unusually large salary deviation in certain cases such as elected officials. Therefore, salary information in these cases may not be accurate. These situations are relatively infrequent, however, and generally do not have a material impact on the required employer contributions.

Actuarial Methods

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial cost method used is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, projected benefits are determined for all members and the associated liabilities are spread in a manner that produces level annual cost as a percentage of pay in each year from the member's entry age to their assumed retirement age on the valuation date. The cost allocated to the current fiscal year is called the normal cost.

The actuarial accrued liability for active members is then calculated as the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for members currently receiving benefits and for members entitled to deferred benefits is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No normal costs are applicable for these participants.

CalPERS uses an in-house proprietary actuarial model for calculating plan costs. We believe this model is fit for its intended purpose and meets all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. Furthermore, the actuarial results of our model are independently confirmed periodically by outside auditing actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used are internally consistent and the generated results are reasonable.

Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The excess of the total actuarial accrued liability over the market value of plan assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAL). Funding requirements are determined by adding the normal cost and a payment toward the UAL. The UAL payment is equal to the sum of individual amortization payments, each representing a different source of UAL for a given measurement period.

Amortization payments are determined according to the CalPERS amortization policy. The board adopted a new policy effective for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy applies prospectively only; amortization bases (sources of UAL) established prior to the June 30, 2019 valuation will continue to be amortized according to the prior policy.

Prior Policy (Bases Established prior to June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level percentage of payroll whereby the payment increases each year at an escalation rate. Gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 30-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramp. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake will be amortized over a period of five years. Bases established prior to June 30, 2013 may be amortized differently. A summary is provided in the following table:

		Source						
	(Gain)/Loss							
Driver	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake			
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years			
Escalation Rate - Active Plans - Inactive Plans	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%			
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0			
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0			

The 5-year ramp up means that the payments in the first four years of the amortization period are 20%, 40%, 60% and 80% of the "full" payment which begins in year five. The 5-year ramp down means that the reverse is true in the final four years of the amortization period.

Current Policy (Bases Established on or after June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level dollar amount. Investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning of the amortization period. Non-investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with no ramps. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake are amortized over a period of five years. A summary is provided in the table below:

	(Gain)/Loss		A /		
	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/ Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake
Amortization Period	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years
Escalation Rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ramp Up	5	0	0	0	0
Ramp Down	0	0	0	0	0

Exceptions for Inconsistencies

An exception to the amortization rules above is used whenever their application results in inconsistencies. In these cases, a "fresh start" approach is used. This means that the current unfunded actuarial liability is projected and amortized over a set number of years. For example, a fresh start is needed in the following situations:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

It should be noted that the actuary may determine that a fresh start is necessary under other circumstances. In all cases of a fresh start, the period is set by the actuary at what is deemed appropriate; however, the period will not be greater than 20 years.

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Appendix A

Exceptions for Plans in Surplus

If a surplus exists (i.e., the Market Value of Assets exceeds the plan's accrued liability) any prior amortization layers shall be considered fully amortized, and the surplus shall not be amortized.

In the event of any subsequent unfunded liability, a Fresh Start shall be used with an amortization period of 20 years or less.

Exceptions for Small Amounts

Where small unfunded liabilities are identified in annual valuations which result in small payment amounts, the actuary may shorten the remaining period for these bases.

- When the balance of a single amortization base has an absolute value less than \$250, the amortization period is reduced to one year.
- When the entire unfunded liability is a small amount, the actuary may perform a Fresh Start and use an appropriate amortization period.

Exceptions for Inactive Plans

The following exceptions apply to plans classified as Inactive. These plans have no active members and no expectation to have active members in the future.

- Amortization of the unfunded liability is on a "level dollar" basis rather than a "level percent of pay" basis. For amortization layers, which utilize a ramp up and ramp down, the "ultimate" payment is constant.
- Actuarial judgment will be used to shorten amortization periods for Inactive plans with existing
 periods that are deemed too long given the duration of the liability. The specific demographics of the
 plan will be used to determine if shorter periods may be more appropriate.

Exceptions for Inactive Agencies

For a public agency with no active members in any CalPERS rate plan, the unfunded liability shall be amortized over a closed amortization period of no more than 15 years.

Asset Valuation Method

The Actuarial Value of Assets is set equal to the market value of assets. Asset values include accounts receivable.

PEPRA Normal Cost Rate Methodology

Per Government Code Section 7522.30(b), the "normal cost rate" shall mean the annual actuarially determined normal cost for the plan of retirement benefits provided to the new member and shall be established based on actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities and costs as part of the annual actuarial valuation. The plan of retirement benefits shall include any elements that would impact the actuarial determination of the normal cost, including, but not limited to, the retirement formula, eligibility and vesting criteria, ancillary benefit provisions, and any automatic cost-of-living adjustments as determined by the public retirement system.

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions.

Actuarial Assumptions

In 2021, CalPERS completed its most recent asset liability management study incorporating actuarial assumptions and strategic asset allocation. In November 2021, the board adopted changes to the asset allocation that increased the expected volatility of returns. The adopted asset allocation was expected to have a long-term blended return that continued to support a discount rate assumption of 6.80%. The board also approved several changes to the demographic assumptions that more closely aligned with actual experience.

For more details and additional rationale for the selection of the actuarial assumptions, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website under: Forms and Publications. Click on "View All" and search for Experience Study.

All actuarial assumptions (except the discount rates used for the hypothetical termination liability) represent an estimate of future experience rather than observations of the estimates inherent in market data.

Economic Assumptions

Discount Rate

The prescribed discount rate assumption, adopted by the board on November 17, 2021, is 6.80% compounded annually (net of investment and administrative expenses) as of June 30, 2021.

Termination Liability Discount Rate

The current discount rate assumption used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date.

The hypothetical termination liabilities in this report are calculated using an observed range of m arket interest rates. This range is based on the lowest and highest 20-year Treasury bond observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after. The 20-year Treasury bond has a similar duration to most plan liabilities and serves as a good proxy for the termination discount rate. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021.

Attachment: Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021 (14628: Accept California Public Employees' Retirement System

Salary Growth

Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service. A sample of assumed increases are shown below. Wage inflation assumption in the valuation year (2.80% for 2021) is added to these factors for total salary growth.

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0764	0.0621	0.0521
1	0.0663	0.0528	0.0424
2	0.0576	0.0449	0.0346
3	0.0501	0.0381	0.0282
4	0.0435	0.0324	0.0229
5	0.0378	0.0276	0.0187
10	0.0201	0.0126	0.0108
15	0.0155	0.0102	0.0071
20	0.0119	0.0083	0.0047
25	0.0091	0.0067	0.0031
30	0.0070	0.0054	0.0020

Public Agency Fire

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1517	0.1549	0.0631
1	0.1191	0.1138	0.0517
2	0.0936	0.0835	0.0423
3	0.0735	0.0613	0.0346
4	0.0577	0.0451	0.0284
5	0.0453	0.0331	0.0232
10	0.0188	0.0143	0.0077
15	0.0165	0.0124	0.0088
20	0.0145	0.0108	0.0101
25	0.0127	0.0094	0.0115
30	0.0112	0.0082	0.0132

Public Agency Police

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1181	0.1051	0.0653
1	0.0934	0.0812	0.0532
2	0.0738	0.0628	0.0434
3	0.0584	0.0485	0.0353
4	0.0462	0.0375	0.0288
5	0.0365	0.0290	0.0235
10	0.0185	0.0155	0.0118
15	0.0183	0.0150	0.0131
20	0.0181	0.0145	0.0145
25	0.0179	0.0141	0.0161
30	0.0178	0.0136	0.0179

Salary Growth (continued)

Public Agency County Peace Officers

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)			
0	0.1238	0.1053	0.0890			
1	0.0941	0.0805	0.0674			
2	0.0715	0.0616	0.0510			
3	0.0544	0.0471	0.0387			
4	0.0413	0.0360	0.0293			
5	0.0314	0.0276	0.0222			
10	0.0184	0.0142	0.0072			
15	0.0174	0.0124	0.0073			
20	0.0164	0.0108	0.0074			
25	0.0155	0.0094	0.0075			
30	0.0147	0.0083	0.0077			

Schools

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0275	0.0275	0.0200
1	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
2	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
3	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
4	0.0388	0.0314	0.0245
5	0.0308	0.0239	0.0179
10	0.0236	0.0160	0.0121
15	0.0182	0.0135	0.0103
20	0.0145	0.0109	0.0085
25	0.0124	0.0102	0.0058
30	0.0075	0.0053	0.0019

- The Miscellaneous salary scale is used for Local Prosecutors.
- The Police salary scale is used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Price Inflation

2.30% compounded annually.

Wage Inflation

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting individual salary increases).

Payroll Growth

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting the payroll over which the unfunded liability is amortized for level percent of payroll bases). This assumption is used for all plans with active members.

Non-valued Potential Additional Liabilities

The potential liability loss for a cost-of-living increase exceeding the 2.30% price inflation assumption and any potential liability loss from future member service purchases that are not reflected in the valuation.

Miscellaneous Loading Factors

Credit for Unused Sick Leave

Total years of service is increased by 1% for those plans that have adopted the provision of providing Credit for Unused Sick Leave.

Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC)

Total years of service is increased by the Employee Contribution Rate for those plans with the provision providing for the Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC) during the final compensation period.

Norris Decision (Best Factors)

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1982 have projected benefit amounts increased in order to reflect the use of "Best Factors" in the calculation of optional benefit forms. This is due to a 1983 Supreme Court decision, known as the Norris decision, which required males and females to be treated equally in the determination of benefit amounts. Consequently, anyone already employed at that time is given the best possible conversion factor when optional benefits are determined. No loading is necessary for employees hired after July 1, 1982.

Termination Liability

The termination liabilities include a 5% contingency load. This load is for unforeseen improvements in mortality.

Demographic Assumptions

Pre-Retirement Mortality

The mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board in November 2021. For purposes of the mortality rates, the rates incorporate generational mortality to capture on-going mortality improvement. Generational mortality explicitly assumes that members born more recently will live longer than the members born before them thereby capturing the mortality improvement seen in the past and expected continued improvement. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website

Rates vary by age and gender are shown in the table below. This table only contains a sample of the 2017 base table rates for illustrative purposes. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for Safety plans (except for local Safety members described in Section 20423.6 where the agency has not specifically contracted for industrial death benefits.)

	Miscell	aneous	Safety						
		strial Death -Related)	Non-Indus (Not Job	strial Death -Related)	Industrial Death (Job-Related)				
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female			
20	0.00039	0.00014	0.00038	0.00014	0.00004	0.00002			
25	0.00033	0.00013	0.00034	0.00018	0.00004	0.00002			
30	0.00044	0.00019	0.00042	0.00025	0.00005	0.00003			
35	0.00058	0.00029	0.00048	0.00034	0.00005	0.00004			
40	0.00075	0.00039	0.00055	0.00042	0.00006	0.00005			
45	0.00093	0.00054	0.00066	0.00053	0.00007	0.00006			
50	0.00134	0.00081	0.00092	0.00073	0.00010	0.00008			
55	0.00198	0.00123	0.00138	0.00106	0.00015	0.00012			
60	0.00287	0.00179	0.00221	0.00151	0.00025	0.00017			
65	0.00403	0.00250	0.00346	0.00194	0.00038	0.00022			
70	0.00594	0.00404	0.00606	0.00358	0.00067	0.00040			
75	0.00933	0.00688	0.01099	0.00699	0.00122	0.00078			
80	0.01515	0.01149	0.02027	0.01410	0.00225	0.00157			

- The pre-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.
- Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. If so, each non-industrial death rate shown above will be split into two components: 99% will become the non-industrial death rate and 1% will become the industrial death rate.

Attachment: Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021 (14628 : Accept California Public Employees' Retirement System

Post-Retirement Mortality

Rates vary by age, type of retirement, and gender. See sample rates in table below. These rates are used for all plans.

			Non-Industri	ally Disabled	Industriall	y Disabled	
	Healthy Recipients		(Not Job	-Related)	(Job-Related)		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
50	0.00267	0.00199	0.01701	0.01439	0.00430	0.00311	
55	0.00390	0.00325	0.02210	0.01734	0.00621	0.00550	
60	0.00578	0.00455	0.02708	0.01962	0.00944	0.00868	
65	0.00857	0.00612	0.03334	0.02276	0.01394	0.01190	
70	0.01333	0.00996	0.04001	0.02910	0.02163	0.01858	
75	0.02391	0.01783	0.05376	0.04160	0.03446	0.03134	
80	0.04371	0.03403	0.07936	0.06112	0.05853	0.05183	
85	0.08274	0.06166	0.11561	0.09385	0.10137	0.08045	
90	0.14539	0.11086	0.16608	0.14396	0.16584	0.12434	
95	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364	
100	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582	
105	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679	
110	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	

The post-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

Marital Status

For active members, a percentage who are married upon retirement is assumed according to the member category as shown in the following table.

Member Category	Percent Married
Miscellaneous Member	70%
Local Police	85%
Local Fire	85%
Other Local Safety	70%
School Police	85%
Local County Peace Officers	75%

Age of Spouse

It is assumed that female spouses are 3 years younger than male spouses. This assumption is used for all plans.

Terminated Members

It is assumed that terminated members refund immediately if non-vested. Terminated members who are vested are assumed to retire at age 59 for Miscellaneous members and age 54 for Safety members.

Attachment: Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021 (14628: Accept California Public Employees' Retirement System

Termination with Refund

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

Public Agency Miscellaneous

Duration of												
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry /	Age 25	Entry	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	Age 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.1851	0.1944	0.1769	0.1899	0.1631	0.1824	0.1493	0.1749	0.1490	0.1731	0.1487	0.1713
1	0.1531	0.1673	0.1432	0.1602	0.1266	0.1484	0.1101	0.1366	0.1069	0.1323	0.1037	0.1280
2	0.1218	0.1381	0.1125	0.1307	0.0970	0.1183	0.0815	0.1058	0.0771	0.0998	0.0726	0.0938
3	0.0927	0.1085	0.0852	0.1020	0.0727	0.0912	0.0601	0.0804	0.0556	0.0737	0.0511	0.0669
4	0.0672	0.0801	0.0616	0.0752	0.0524	0.0670	0.0431	0.0587	0.0392	0.0523	0.0352	0.0459
5	0.0463	0.0551	0.0423	0.0517	0.0358	0.0461	0.0292	0.0404	0.0261	0.0350	0.0230	0.0296
10	0.0112	0.0140	0.0101	0.0129	0.0083	0.0112	0.0064	0.0094	0.0048	0.0071	0.0033	0.0049
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Public Agency Safety

			,,	/				
Duration of						_		
Service	Fir	е	Poli	ce	County Pea	County Peace Officer		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
0	0.1022	0.1317	0.1298	0.1389	0.1086	0.1284		
1	0.0686	0.1007	0.0789	0.0904	0.0777	0.0998		
2	0.0441	0.0743	0.0464	0.0566	0.0549	0.0759		
3	0.0272	0.0524	0.0274	0.0343	0.0385	0.0562		
4	0.0161	0.0349	0.0170	0.0206	0.0268	0.0402		
5	0.0092	0.0214	0.0113	0.0128	0.0186	0.0276		
10	0.0015	0.0000	0.0032	0.0047	0.0046	0.0038		
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0023	0.0036		
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		

• The police termination and refund rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Attachment C: CalPERS Safety Valuation as of June 30, 2021 CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Appendix A

Termination with Refund (continued)

Schools

Duration of												
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry /	Age 25	Entry	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	Age 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.2054	0.2120	0.1933	0.1952	0.1730	0.1672	0.1527	0.1392	0.1423	0.1212	0.1318	0.1032
1	0.1922	0.2069	0.1778	0.1883	0.1539	0.1573	0.1300	0.1264	0.1191	0.1087	0.1083	0.0910
2	0.1678	0.1859	0.1536	0.1681	0.1298	0.1383	0.1060	0.1086	0.0957	0.0934	0.0853	0.0782
3	0.1384	0.1575	0.1256	0.1417	0.1042	0.1155	0.0829	0.0893	0.0736	0.0774	0.0643	0.0656
4	0.1085	0.1274	0.0978	0.1143	0.0800	0.0925	0.0622	0.0707	0.0542	0.0620	0.0462	0.0533
5	0.0816	0.0991	0.0732	0.0887	0.0590	0.0713	0.0449	0.0539	0.0383	0.0476	0.0317	0.0413
10	0.0222	0.0248	0.0200	0.0221	0.0163	0.0174	0.0125	0.0128	0.0094	0.0100	0.0063	0.0072
15	0.0106	0.0132	0.0095	0.0113	0.0077	0.0083	0.0058	0.0052	0.0040	0.0039	0.0021	0.0026
20	0.0059	0.0065	0.0050	0.0054	0.0035	0.0036	0.0021	0.0019	0.0010	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0029	0.0034	0.0025	0.0029	0.0018	0.0020	0.0010	0.0012	0.0005	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0012	0.0015	0.0011	0.0013	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0009	0.0005	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0006	0.0007	0.0006	0.0007	0.0005	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Termination with Vested Benefits

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

Public Agency Miscellaneous

Duration of										
Service	Entry /	Age 20	Entry Age 25		Entry Age 30		Entry Age 35		Entry Age 40	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
5	0.0381	0.0524	0.0381	0.0524	0.0358	0.0464	0.0334	0.0405	0.0301	0.0380
10	0.0265	0.0362	0.0265	0.0362	0.0254	0.0334	0.0244	0.0307	0.0197	0.0236
15	0.0180	0.0252	0.0180	0.0252	0.0166	0.0213	0.0152	0.0174	0.0119	0.0132
20	0.0141	0.0175	0.0141	0.0175	0.0110	0.0131	0.0079	0.0087	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0084	0.0108	0.0084	0.0108	0.0064	0.0076	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0047	0.0056	0.0047	0.0056	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0038	0.0041	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Public Agency Safety

Duration of							
Service	Fir	Fire		ce	County Peace Officer		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
5	0.0089	0.0224	0.0156	0.0272	0.0177	0.0266	
10	0.0066	0.0164	0.0113	0.0198	0.0126	0.0189	
15	0.0048	0.0120	0.0083	0.0144	0.0089	0.0134	
20	0.0035	0.0088	0.0060	0.0105	0.0063	0.0095	
25	0.0024	0.0061	0.0042	0.0073	0.0042	0.0063	
30	0.0012	0.0031	0.0021	0.0037	0.0021	0.0031	
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	

- After termination with vested benefits, a Miscellaneous member is assumed to retire at age 59 and a Safety member at age 54.
- The Police termination with vested benefits rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Schools

Duration of										
Service	Entry A	Age 20	Entry A	Age 25	Entry /	Age 30	Entry A	Age 35	Entry A	\ge 40
	Male	Female								
5	0.0359	0.0501	0.0359	0.0501	0.0332	0.0402	0.0305	0.0304	0.0266	0.0272
10	0.0311	0.0417	0.0311	0.0417	0.0269	0.0341	0.0228	0.0265	0.0193	0.0233
15	0.0193	0.0264	0.0193	0.0264	0.0172	0.0220	0.0151	0.0175	0.0123	0.0142
20	0.0145	0.0185	0.0145	0.0185	0.0113	0.0141	0.0080	0.0097	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0089	0.0123	0.0089	0.0123	0.0074	0.0093	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0057	0.0064	0.0057	0.0064	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0040	0.0049	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Non-Industrial (Not Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and gender for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by age and category for Safety

	Miscellaneous		Fire	Police	County Peace Officer	Schools	
Age	Male	Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male	Female
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
25	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
30	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
35	0.0004	0.0007	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0004
40	0.0009	0.0012	0.0001	0.0002	0.0006	0.0010	0.0008
45	0.0015	0.0019	0.0002	0.0003	0.0011	0.0019	0.0015
50	0.0015	0.0019	0.0004	0.0005	0.0016	0.0027	0.0021
55	0.0014	0.0013	0.0006	0.0007	0.0009	0.0024	0.0017
60	0.0012	0.0009	0.0006	0.0011	0.0005	0.0020	0.0010

- The Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- The police non-industrial disability rates are also used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Industrial (Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and category.

Age	Fire	Police	County Peace Officer
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0004
25	0.0002	0.0017	0.0013
30	0.0006	0.0048	0.0025
35	0.0012	0.0079	0.0037
40	0.0023	0.0110	0.0051
45	0.0040	0.0141	0.0067
50	0.0208	0.0185	0.0092
55	0.0307	0.0479	0.0151
60	0.0438	0.0602	0.0174

- The police industrial disability rates are also used for Local Sheriff and Other Safety.
- 50% of the police industrial disability rates are used for School Police.
- 1% of the police industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- Normally, rates are zero for Miscellaneous plans unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial disability benefits. If so, each Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rate will be split into two components: 50% will become the non-industrial disability rate and 50% will become the industrial disability rate.

Retirement rates vary by age, service, and formula, except for the Safety Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55 formulas, where retirement rates vary by age only.

Public Agency Miscellaneous 1.5% at 65

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.019
51	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.017
52	0.010	0.014	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.024
53	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.017	0.019	0.022
5 4	0.012	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.025	0.028
55	0.018	0.025	0.031	0.035	0.038	0.043
56	0.015	0.021	0.025	0.029	0.032	0.036
57	0.020	0.028	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.048
58	0.024	0.033	0.040	0.046	0.052	0.058
59	0.028	0.039	0.048	0.054	0.060	0.067
60	0.049	0.069	0.083	0.094	0.105	0.118
61	0.062	0.087	0.106	0.120	0.133	0.150
62	0.104	0.146	0.177	0.200	0.223	0.251
63	0.099	0.139	0.169	0.191	0.213	0.239
64	0.097	0.136	0.165	0.186	0.209	0.233
65	0.140	0.197	0.240	0.271	0.302	0.339
66	0.092	0.130	0.157	0.177	0.198	0.222
67	0.129	0.181	0.220	0.249	0.277	0.311
68	0.092	0.129	0.156	0.177	0.197	0.221
69	0.092	0.130	0.158	0.178	0.199	0.224
70	0.103	0.144	0.175	0.198	0.221	0.248

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 60

	Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 60						
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.010	0.011	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.017	
51	0.017	0.013	0.014	0.010	0.010	0.010	
52	0.014	0.014	0.018	0.015	0.016	0.016	
53	0.015	0.012	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.011	
54	0.006	0.010	0.017	0.016	0.018	0.018	
55	0.012	0.016	0.024	0.032	0.036	0.036	
56	0.010	0.014	0.023	0.030	0.034	0.034	
57	0.006	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.044	0.044	
58	0.022	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.046	0.046	
59	0.039	0.033	0.040	0.047	0.050	0.050	
60	0.063	0.069	0.074	0.090	0.137	0.116	
61	0.044	0.058	0.066	0.083	0.131	0.113	
62	0.084	0.107	0.121	0.153	0.238	0.205	
63	0.173	0.166	0.165	0.191	0.283	0.235	
64	0.120	0.145	0.164	0.147	0.160	0.172	
65	0.138	0.160	0.214	0.216	0.237	0.283	
66	0.198	0.228	0.249	0.216	0.228	0.239	
67	0.207	0.242	0.230	0.233	0.233	0.233	
68	0.201	0.234	0.225	0.231	0.231	0.231	
69	0.152	0.173	0.164	0.166	0.166	0.166	
70	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 55

			Duration	of Service		_
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.021	0.023	0.024
51	0.013	0.017	0.017	0.018	0.018	0.019
52	0.013	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.020	0.021
53	0.013	0.019	0.021	0.024	0.025	0.026
54	0.017	0.025	0.028	0.032	0.033	0.035
55	0.045	0.042	0.053	0.086	0.098	0.123
56	0.018	0.036	0.056	0.086	0.102	0.119
57	0.041	0.046	0.056	0.076	0.094	0.120
58	0.052	0.044	0.048	0.074	0.106	0.123
59	0.043	0.058	0.073	0.092	0.105	0.126
60	0.059	0.064	0.083	0.115	0.154	0.170
61	0.087	0.074	0.087	0.107	0.147	0.168
62	0.115	0.123	0.151	0.180	0.227	0.237
63	0.116	0.127	0.164	0.202	0.252	0.261
64	0.084	0.138	0.153	0.190	0.227	0.228
65	0.167	0.187	0.210	0.262	0.288	0.291
66	0.187	0.258	0.280	0.308	0.318	0.319
67	0.195	0.235	0.244	0.277	0.269	0.280
68	0.228	0.248	0.250	0.241	0.245	0.245
69	0.188	0.201	0.209	0.219	0.231	0.231
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.5% at 55

	Fublic Agency Miscentaneous 2.5% at 55						
			Duration	of Service			
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.014	0.017	0.027	0.035	0.046	0.050	
51	0.019	0.021	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.040	
52	0.018	0.020	0.026	0.034	0.038	0.037	
53	0.013	0.021	0.031	0.045	0.052	0.053	
54	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.046	0.057	0.068	
55	0.029	0.042	0.064	0.109	0.150	0.225	
56	0.036	0.047	0.068	0.106	0.134	0.194	
57	0.051	0.047	0.060	0.092	0.116	0.166	
58	0.035	0.046	0.062	0.093	0.119	0.170	
59	0.029	0.053	0.072	0.112	0.139	0.165	
60	0.039	0.069	0.094	0.157	0.177	0.221	
61	0.080	0.077	0.086	0.140	0.167	0.205	
62	0.086	0.131	0.149	0.220	0.244	0.284	
63	0.135	0.135	0.147	0.214	0.222	0.262	
64	0.114	0.128	0.158	0.177	0.233	0.229	
65	0.112	0.174	0.222	0.209	0.268	0.273	
66	0.235	0.254	0.297	0.289	0.321	0.337	
67	0.237	0.240	0.267	0.249	0.267	0.277	
68	0.258	0.271	0.275	0.207	0.210	0.212	
69	0.117	0.208	0.266	0.219	0.250	0.270	
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.011	0.016	0.022	0.033	0.034	0.038
51	0.018	0.019	0.023	0.032	0.031	0.031
52	0.019	0.020	0.026	0.035	0.034	0.037
53	0.020	0.020	0.025	0.043	0.048	0.053
5 4	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.052	0.053	0.070
55	0.045	0.058	0.082	0.138	0.208	0.278
56	0.057	0.062	0.080	0.121	0.178	0.222
57	0.045	0.052	0.071	0.106	0.147	0.182
58	0.074	0.060	0.074	0.118	0.163	0.182
59	0.058	0.067	0.086	0.123	0.158	0.187
60	0.087	0.084	0.096	0.142	0.165	0.198
61	0.073	0.084	0.101	0.138	0.173	0.218
62	0.130	0.133	0.146	0.187	0.214	0.249
63	0.122	0.140	0.160	0.204	0.209	0.243
64	0.104	0.124	0.154	0.202	0.214	0.230
65	0.182	0.201	0.242	0.264	0.293	0.293
66	0.272	0.249	0.273	0.285	0.312	0.312
67	0.182	0.217	0.254	0.249	0.264	0.264
68	0.223	0.197	0.218	0.242	0.273	0.273
69	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217
70	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227

Public Agency Miscellaneous 3% at 60

	Fublic Agency Miscellaneous 5 70 at 00						
			Duration	of Service			
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.015	0.020	0.025	0.039	0.040	0.044	
51	0.041	0.034	0.032	0.041	0.036	0.037	
52	0.024	0.020	0.022	0.039	0.040	0.041	
53	0.018	0.024	0.032	0.047	0.048	0.057	
54	0.033	0.033	0.035	0.051	0.049	0.052	
55	0.137	0.043	0.051	0.065	0.076	0.108	
56	0.173	0.038	0.054	0.075	0.085	0.117	
57	0.019	0.035	0.059	0.088	0.111	0.134	
58	0.011	0.040	0.070	0.105	0.133	0.162	
59	0.194	0.056	0.064	0.081	0.113	0.163	
60	0.081	0.085	0.133	0.215	0.280	0.333	
61	0.080	0.090	0.134	0.170	0.223	0.292	
62	0.137	0.153	0.201	0.250	0.278	0.288	
63	0.128	0.140	0.183	0.227	0.251	0.260	
64	0.174	0.147	0.173	0.224	0.239	0.264	
65	0.152	0.201	0.262	0.299	0.323	0.323	
66	0.272	0.273	0.317	0.355	0.380	0.380	
67	0.218	0.237	0.268	0.274	0.284	0.284	
68	0.200	0.228	0.269	0.285	0.299	0.299	
69	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	
70	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	

Appendix A

Service Retirement

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 62

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
52	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.019	0.031
53	0.007	0.011	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.032
54	0.007	0.011	0.015	0.019	0.023	0.034
55	0.010	0.019	0.028	0.036	0.061	0.096
56	0.014	0.026	0.038	0.050	0.075	0.108
57	0.018	0.029	0.039	0.050	0.074	0.107
58	0.023	0.035	0.048	0.060	0.073	0.099
59	0.025	0.038	0.051	0.065	0.092	0.128
60	0.031	0.051	0.071	0.091	0.111	0.138
61	0.038	0.058	0.079	0.100	0.121	0.167
62	0.044	0.074	0.104	0.134	0.164	0.214
63	0.077	0.105	0.134	0.163	0.192	0.237
64	0.072	0.101	0.129	0.158	0.187	0.242
65	0.108	0.141	0.173	0.206	0.239	0.300
66	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
67	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
68	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
69	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
70	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333

Service Retirement

	Publ	ic Agency F	at 55 and 2%	o at 55	
Age Rate		_	Age	Rate	
5	0	0.016		56	0.111
5	1	0.000		57	0.000
5	2	0.034		58	0.095
5	3	0.020		59	0.044
5	4	0.041		60	1.000
5	5	0.075			

Public Agency Police Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55

	rul	nic Agency Pon	ce man ray at 33 and 2	70 at 33
Age Rate		Rate	Age	Rate
	50	0.026	56	0.069
	51	0.000	57	0.051
	52	0.016	58	0.072
	53	0.027	59	0.070
	54	0.010	60	0.300
	55	0.167		

Public Agency Police 2% at 50

			,	_ / 0 44 0 0		
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.018	0.077	0.056	0.046	0.043	0.046
51	0.022	0.087	0.060	0.048	0.044	0.047
52	0.020	0.102	0.081	0.071	0.069	0.075
53	0.016	0.072	0.053	0.045	0.042	0.046
5 4	0.006	0.071	0.071	0.069	0.072	0.080
55	0.009	0.040	0.099	0.157	0.186	0.186
56	0.020	0.051	0.108	0.165	0.194	0.194
57	0.036	0.072	0.106	0.139	0.156	0.156
58	0.001	0.046	0.089	0.130	0.152	0.152
59	0.066	0.094	0.119	0.143	0.155	0.155
60	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
61	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134
62	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184
63	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
64	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Age	cv Fire 2	2% at 50
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	i ublic Agency i lie 2 /0 de 30					
			Duration o	f Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.054	0.054	0.056	0.080	0.064	0.066
51	0.020	0.020	0.021	0.030	0.024	0.024
52	0.037	0.037	0.038	0.054	0.043	0.045
53	0.051	0.051	0.053	0.076	0.061	0.063
54	0.082	0.082	0.085	0.121	0.097	0.100
55	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139
56	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129
57	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085
58	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119
59	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167
60	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152
61	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179
62	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179
63	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179
64	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 3% at 55

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.019	0.053	0.045	0.054	0.057	0.061
51	0.002	0.017	0.028	0.044	0.053	0.060
52	0.002	0.031	0.037	0.051	0.059	0.066
53	0.026	0.049	0.049	0.080	0.099	0.114
54	0.019	0.034	0.047	0.091	0.121	0.142
55	0.006	0.115	0.141	0.199	0.231	0.259
56	0.017	0.188	0.121	0.173	0.199	0.199
57	0.008	0.137	0.093	0.136	0.157	0.157
58	0.017	0.126	0.105	0.164	0.194	0.194
59	0.026	0.146	0.110	0.167	0.195	0.195
60	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155
61	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210
62	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262
63	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172
64	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 3% at 55

		i ablic Ag	chey ine s	70 at 33		
			Duration o	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.003	0.006	0.013	0.019	0.025	0.028
51	0.004	0.008	0.017	0.026	0.034	0.038
52	0.005	0.011	0.022	0.033	0.044	0.049
53	0.005	0.034	0.024	0.038	0.069	0.138
54	0.007	0.047	0.032	0.051	0.094	0.187
55	0.010	0.067	0.046	0.073	0.134	0.266
56	0.010	0.063	0.044	0.069	0.127	0.253
57	0.135	0.100	0.148	0.196	0.220	0.220
58	0.083	0.062	0.091	0.120	0.135	0.135
59	0.137	0.053	0.084	0.146	0.177	0.177
60	0.162	0.063	0.099	0.172	0.208	0.208
61	0.598	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231
62	0.621	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240
63	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236
64	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 3% at 50

			,					
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.124	0.103	0.113	0.143	0.244	0.376		
51	0.060	0.081	0.087	0.125	0.207	0.294		
52	0.016	0.055	0.111	0.148	0.192	0.235		
53	0.072	0.074	0.098	0.142	0.189	0.237		
54	0.018	0.049	0.105	0.123	0.187	0.271		
55	0.069	0.074	0.081	0.113	0.209	0.305		
56	0.064	0.108	0.113	0.125	0.190	0.288		
57	0.056	0.109	0.160	0.182	0.210	0.210		
58	0.108	0.129	0.173	0.189	0.214	0.214		
59	0.093	0.144	0.204	0.229	0.262	0.262		
60	0.343	0.180	0.159	0.188	0.247	0.247		
61	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221		
62	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213		
63	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233		
64	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

		i ablic Ag	chey ine s	70 at 30		
			Duration o	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.095	0.048	0.053	0.093	0.134	0.175
51	0.016	0.032	0.053	0.085	0.117	0.149
52	0.013	0.032	0.054	0.087	0.120	0.154
53	0.085	0.044	0.049	0.089	0.129	0.170
54	0.038	0.065	0.074	0.105	0.136	0.167
55	0.042	0.043	0.049	0.085	0.132	0.215
56	0.133	0.103	0.075	0.113	0.151	0.209
57	0.062	0.048	0.060	0.124	0.172	0.213
58	0.124	0.097	0.092	0.153	0.194	0.227
59	0.092	0.071	0.078	0.144	0.192	0.233
60	0.056	0.044	0.061	0.131	0.186	0.233
61	0.282	0.219	0.158	0.198	0.233	0.260
62	0.292	0.227	0.164	0.205	0.241	0.269
63	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
64	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 2% at 57

		i abiic Ag	ency i once	<u> </u>				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.080		
51	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.040	0.066		
52	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.043	0.061		
53	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.057	0.086		
54	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.032	0.069	0.110		
55	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.067	0.099	0.179		
56	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.062	0.090	0.160		
57	0.054	0.054	0.054	0.072	0.106	0.191		
58	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.066	0.103	0.171		
59	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.069	0.105	0.171		
60	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.171		
61	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.128		
62	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159		
63	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159		
64	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.239		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2% at 57

		Public Ag	elicy File 2	.70 at 37		
	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.012
51	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.013
52	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.019	0.028
53	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.050	0.075
54	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.069	0.103
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.094	0.140
56	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126
57	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.125	0.187
58	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.091	0.137
59	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126
60	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
61	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
62	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
63	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
64	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 2.5% at 57

		. abiic Age	iicy i diice i					
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100		
51	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.055	0.089		
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.082		
53	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.073	0.111		
54	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.041	0.088	0.142		
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.082	0.120	0.217		
56	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.075	0.110	0.194		
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213		
58	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.079	0.124	0.205		
59	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.083	0.126	0.205		
60	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.205		
61	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.153		
62	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
63	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
64	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.287		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2.5% at 57

		. 45.1167191	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5 /0 at 5 /			
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015	
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.012	0.018	
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038	
53	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.064	0.096	
54	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.088	0.132	
55	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.170	
56	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.102	0.153	
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208	
58	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.110	0.164	
59	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.101	0.151	
60	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.235	
61	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
62	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
63	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
64	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Public Agency Police 2.7% at 57

		. abiic Age	iicy i diice i	<u> </u>				
	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100		
51	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.058	0.094		
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.083		
53	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.077	0.117		
54	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.044	0.093	0.150		
55	0.068	0.068	0.068	0.091	0.134	0.242		
56	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.084	0.123	0.217		
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213		
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.088	0.138	0.228		
59	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.092	0.140	0.228		
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.228		
61	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.170		
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213		
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213		
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.319		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Service Retirement

Public Agency Fire 2.7% at 57

Public Agency Fire 2.7 % at 37						
			Duration c	f Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.013	0.019
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038
53	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.068	0.102
5 4	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.093	0.140
55	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.127	0.190
56	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.171
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208
58	0.079	0.079	0.079	0.079	0.122	0.182
59	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.112	0.168
60	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
61	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
62	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
63	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
64	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Schools 2% at 55

		<u> </u>	33.5 E 70 G				
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.007	0.010	0.010	
51	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.011	0.011	
52	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.012	0.012	
53	0.007	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.015	
54	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.020	0.021	
55	0.011	0.023	0.034	0.057	0.070	0.090	
56	0.012	0.027	0.036	0.056	0.073	0.095	
57	0.016	0.027	0.036	0.055	0.068	0.087	
58	0.019	0.030	0.040	0.062	0.078	0.103	
59	0.023	0.034	0.046	0.070	0.085	0.109	
60	0.022	0.043	0.062	0.095	0.113	0.141	
61	0.030	0.051	0.071	0.103	0.124	0.154	
62	0.065	0.098	0.128	0.188	0.216	0.248	
63	0.075	0.112	0.144	0.197	0.222	0.268	
64	0.091	0.116	0.138	0.180	0.196	0.231	
65	0.163	0.164	0.197	0.232	0.250	0.271	
66	0.208	0.204	0.243	0.282	0.301	0.315	
67	0.189	0.185	0.221	0.257	0.274	0.287	
68	0.127	0.158	0.200	0.227	0.241	0.244	
69	0.168	0.162	0.189	0.217	0.229	0.238	
70	0.191	0.190	0.237	0.250	0.246	0.254	

Schools 2% at 62

	Duration of Service									
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years				
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000				
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000				
52	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.015				
53	0.004	0.008	0.010	0.013	0.014	0.016				
54	0.005	0.011	0.015	0.018	0.020	0.022				
55	0.014	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.056				
56	0.013	0.026	0.037	0.043	0.048	0.055				
57	0.013	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.055				
58	0.017	0.034	0.047	0.056	0.062	0.069				
59	0.019	0.037	0.052	0.062	0.068	0.076				
60	0.026	0.053	0.074	0.087	0.097	0.108				
61	0.030	0.058	0.081	0.095	0.106	0.119				
62	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.217				
63	0.054	0.107	0.151	0.178	0.198	0.222				
64	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.216				
65	0.072	0.142	0.199	0.235	0.262	0.293				
66	0.077	0.152	0.213	0.252	0.281	0.314				
67	0.070	0.139	0.194	0.229	0.255	0.286				
68	0.063	0.124	0.173	0.205	0.228	0.255				
69	0.066	0.130	0.183	0.216	0.241	0.270				
70	0.071	0.140	0.196	0.231	0.258	0.289				

Miscellaneous

Internal Revenue Code Section 415

The limitations on benefits imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 415 are taken into account in this valuation. Each year the impact of any changes in this limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. This results in lower contributions for those employers contributing to the Replacement Benefit Fund and protects CalPERS from prefunding expected benefits in excess of limits imposed by federal tax law. The Section 415(b) dollar limit for the 2021 calendar year is \$230,000.

Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)

The limitations on compensation imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) are taken into account in this valuation. Each year, the impact of any changes in the compensation limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. The compensation limit for classic members for the 2021 calendar year is \$290,000.

Appendix B

Principal Plan Provisions

Appendix B

The following is a description of the principal plan provisions used in calculating costs and liabilities. We have indicated whether a plan provision is standard or optional. Standard benefits are applicable to all members while optional benefits vary among employers. Optional benefits that apply to a single period of time, such as Golden Handshakes, have not been included. Many of the statements in this summary are general in nature, and are intended to provide an easily understood summary of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The law itself governs in all situations.

Service Retirement

Eligibility

A classic CalPERS member or PEPRA Safety member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5% at age 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service.

Benefit

The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the *benefit factor*, *years of service*, and *final compensation*.

• The *benefit factor* depends on the benefit formula specified in the agency's contract. The table below shows the factors for each of the available formulas. Factors vary by the member's age at retirement. Listed are the factors for retirement at whole year ages:

Miscellaneous Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	1.5% at 65	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60	PEPRA 2% at 62
50	0.5000%	1.092%	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	N/A
51	0.5667%	1.156%	1.522%	2.100%	2.140%	2.100%	N/A
52	0.6334%	1.224%	1.628%	2.200%	2.280%	2.200%	1.000%
53	0.7000%	1.296%	1.742%	2.300%	2.420%	2.300%	1.100%
54	0.7667%	1.376%	1.866%	2.400%	2.560%	2.400%	1.200%
55	0.8334%	1.460%	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%	2.500%	1.300%
56	0.9000%	1.552%	2.052%	2.500%	2.700%	2.600%	1.400%
57	0.9667%	1.650%	2.104%	2.500%	2.700%	2.700%	1.500%
58	1.0334%	1.758%	2.156%	2.500%	2.700%	2.800%	1.600%
59	1.1000%	1.874%	2.210%	2.500%	2.700%	2.900%	1.700%
60	1.1667%	2.000%	2.262%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.800%
61	1.2334%	2.134%	2.314%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.900%
62	1.3000%	2.272%	2.366%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.000%
63	1.3667%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.100%
64	1.4334%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.200%
65	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.300%
66	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.400%
67 & up	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.500%

Safety Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	Half Pay at 55*	2% at 55	2% at 50	3% at 55	3% at 50
50	1.783%	1.426%	2.000%	2.400%	3.000%
51	1.903%	1.522%	2.140%	2.520%	3.000%
52	2.035%	1.628%	2.280%	2.640%	3.000%
53	2.178%	1.742%	2.420%	2.760%	3.000%
54	2.333%	1.866%	2.560%	2.880%	3.000%
55 & Up	2.500%	2.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%

^{*} For this formula, the benefit factor also varies by entry age. The factors shown are for members with an entry age of 35 or greater. If entry age is less than 35, then the age 55 benefit factor is 50% divided by the difference between age 55 and entry age. The benefit factor for ages prior to age 55 is the same proportion of the age 55 benefit factor as in the above table.

PEPRA Safety Plan Formulas

Retirement Age	2% at 57	2.5% at 57	2.7% at 57
50	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%
51	1.508%	2.071%	2.100%
52	1.590%	2.143%	2.200%
53	1.672%	2.214%	2.300%
54	1.754%	2.286%	2.400%
55	1.836%	2.357%	2.500%
56	1.918%	2.429%	2.600%
57 & Up	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%

- The *years of service* is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has eamed service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. An agency may contract for an optional benefit where any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at a rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). The standard benefit is 36 months. Employers had the option of providing a final compensation equal to the highest 12 consecutive months for classic plans only. Final compensation must be defined by the highest 36 consecutive months' pay under the 1.5% at 65 formula. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security contribution and benefit base. For employees that participate in Social Security this cap is \$128,059 for 2021 and for those employees that do not participate in Social Security the cap for 2021 is \$153,671. Adjustments to the caps are permitted annually based on changes to the CPI for all urban consumers.
- Employees must be covered by Social Security with the 1.5% at 65 formula. Social Security is optional for all other benefit formulas. For employees covered by Social Security, the modified formula is the standard benefit. Under this type of formula, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one third if the final compensation is less than \$400). Employers may contract for the full benefit with Social Security that will eliminate the offset applicable to the final compensation. For employees not covered by Social Security, the full benefit is paid with no offsets.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSUC system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 if members are not covered by Social Security or \$513 if members are covered by Social Security.

• The Miscellaneous and PEPRA Safety service retirement benefit is not capped. The classic Safety service retirement benefit is capped at 90% of final compensation.

Vested Deferred Retirement

Eligibility for Deferred Status

A CalPERS member becomes eligible for a deferred vested retirement benefit when he or she leaves employment, keeps his or her contribution account balance on deposit with CalPERS, **and** has earned at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements).

Eligibility to Start Receiving Benefits

The CalPERS classic members and PEPRA Safety members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 50 (55 for employees hired into a 1.5% at 65 plan). PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 52.

Benefit

The vested deferred retirement benefit is the same as the service retirement benefit, where the benefit factor is based on the member's age at allowance commencement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance.

Non-Industrial (Non-Job Related) Disability Retirement

Eligibility

A CalPERS member is eligible for Non-Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes *disabled* and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). There is no special age requirement. *Disabled* means the member is unable to perform his or her job because of an illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. The illness or injury does not have to be job related. A CalPERS member must be actively employed by any CalPERS employer at the time of disability in order to be eligible for this benefit.

Standard Benefit

The standard Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by *service*, which is determined as follows:

- Service is CalPERS credited service, for members with less than 10 years of service or greater than 18.518 years of service; or
- Service is CalPERS credited service plus the additional number of years that the member would have worked until age 60, for members with at least 10 years but not more than 18.518 years of service. The maximum benefit in this case is $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of final compensation.

Improved Benefit

Employers have the option of providing the improved Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit. This benefit provides a monthly allowance equal to 30% of final compensation for the first 5 years of service, plus 1% for each additional year of service to a maximum of 50% of final compensation.

Members who are eligible for a larger service retirement benefit may choose to receive that benefit in lieu of a disability benefit. Members eligible to retire, and who have attained the normal retirement age determined by their service retirement benefit formula, will receive the same dollar amount for disability retirement as that payable for service retirement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit attributed to each employer is the total disability allowance multiplied by the ratio of service with a particular employer to the total CalPERS service.

Industrial (Job Related) Disability Retirement

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit. An employer may choose to provide the increased benefit option or the improved benefit option.

Eligibility

An employee is eligible for Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes disabled while working, where disabled means the member is unable to perform the duties of the job because of a work-related illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. A CalPERS member who has left active employment within this group is not eligible for this benefit, except to the extent described below.

Standard Benefit

The standard Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation.

Increased Benefit (75% of Final Compensation)

The increased Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 75% of final compensation for total disability.

Improved Benefit (50% to 90% of Final Compensation)

The improved Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the Workman's Compensation Appeals Board permanent disability rate percentage (if 50% or greater, with a maximum of 90%) times the final compensation.

For a CalPERS member not actively employed in this group who became disabled while employed by some other CalPERS employer, the benefit is a return of accumulated member contributions with respect to employment in this group. With the standard or increased benefit, a member may also choose to receive the annuitization of the accumulated member contributions.

If a member is eligible for service retirement and if the service retirement benefit is more than the industrial disability retirement benefit, the member may choose to receive the larger benefit.

Post-Retirement Death Benefit

Standard Lump Sum Payment

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Improved Lump Sum Payment

Employers have the option of providing an improved lump sum death benefit of \$600, \$2,000, \$3,000, \$4,000 or \$5,000.

Form of Payment for Retirement Allowance

Standard Form of Payment

Generally, the retirement allowance is paid to the retiree in the form of an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. The retiree may choose to provide for a portion of his or her allowance to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. CalPERS provides for a variety of such benefit options, which the retiree pays for by taking a reduction in his or her retirement allowance. Such reduction takes into account the amount to be provided to the beneficiary and the probable duration of payments (based on the ages of the member and beneficiary) made subsequent to the member's death.

Improved Form of Payment (Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance)

Employers have the option to contract for the post-retirement survivor allowance.

For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the modified formula, 25% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the full or supplemental formula, 50% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. This additional benefit is referred to as post-retirement survivor allowance (PRSA) or simply as survivor continuance.

In other words, 25% or 50% of the allowance, the continuance portion, is paid to the retiree for as long as he or she is alive, and that same amount is continued to the retiree's spouse (or if no eligible spouse, to unmarried child (ren) until they attain age 18; or, if no eligible child(ren), to a qualifying dependent parent) for the rest of his or her lifetime. This benefit will not be discontinued in the event the spouse remarries.

The remaining 75% or 50% of the retirement allowance, which may be referred to as the option portion of the benefit, is paid to the retiree as an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. Or, the retiree may choose to provide for some of this option portion to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. Benefit options applicable to the option portion are the same as those offered with the standard form. The reduction is calculated in the same manner but is applied only to the option portion.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits

Basic Death Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's beneficiary (or estate) may receive the basic death benefit if the member dies while actively employed. A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit.

Benefit

The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the member's accumulated contributions, where interest is credited annually at the greater of 6% or the prevailing discount rate through the date of death, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

1957 Survivor Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. An eligible survivor means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death or, if there is no eligible spouse, to the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 18. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this 1957 Survivor benefit.

Benefit

The 1957 Survivor benefit is a monthly allowance equal to one-half of the unmodified service retirement benefit that the member would have been entitled to receive if the member had retired on the date of his or her death. If the benefit is payable to the spouse, the benefit is discontinued upon the death of the spouse. If the benefit is payable to dependent child(ren), the benefit will be discontinued upon death or attainment of age 18, unless the child(ren) is disabled. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Optional Settlement 2 Death Benefit

This is an optional benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor* may receive the Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit.

Benefit

The Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected 100% to continue to the eligible survivor after the member's death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Special Death Benefit

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 22. An eligible survivor who chooses to receive this benefit will not receive any other death benefit.

Benefit

The special death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation and will be increased whenever the compensation paid to active employees is increased but ceasing to increase when the member would have attained age 50. The allowance is payable to the surviving spouse until death at which time the allowance is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 22. There is a guarantee that the total amount paid will at least equal the basic death benefit.

If the member's death is the result of an accident or injury caused by external violence or physical force incurred in the performance of the member's duty, and there are *eligible* surviving child(ren) (*eligible* means unmarried child(ren) under age 22) in addition to an eligible spouse, then an **additional monthly allowance** is paid equal to the following:

if 1 eligible child:
 if 2 eligible children:
 if 3 or more eligible children:
 25.0% of final compensation
 25.0% of final compensation

Alternate Death Benefit for Local Fire Members

This is an optional benefit available only to local fire members.

Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the basic death benefit or the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child (ren) under age 18.

Benefit

The Alternate Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected Optional Settlement 2. (A retiree who elects Optional Settlement 2 receives an allowance that has been reduced so that it will continue to be paid after his or her death to a surviving beneficiary.) If the member has not yet attained age 50, the benefit is equal to that which would be payable if the member had retired at age 50, based on service credited at the time of death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Standard Benefit

Retirement and survivor allowances are adjusted each year in May for cost of living, beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement. The standard cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is 2%. Annual adjustments are calculated by first determining the lesser of 1) 2% compounded from the end of the year of retirement or 2) actual rate of price inflation. The resulting increase is divided by the total increase provided in prior years. For any given year, the COLA adjustment may be less than 2% (when the rate of price inflation is low), may be greater than the rate of price inflation (when the rate of price inflation is low after several years of high price inflation) or may even be greater than 2% (when price inflation is high after several years of low price inflation).

Improved Benefit

Employers have the option of providing a COLA of 3%, 4%, or 5%, determined in the same manner as described above for the standard 2% COLA. An improved COLA is not available with the 1.5% at 65 formula.

Purchasing Power Protection Allowance (PPPA)

Retirement and survivor allowances are protected against price inflation by PPPA. PPPA benefits are cost-of-living adjustments that are intended to maintain an individual's allowance at 80% of the initial allowance at retirement adjusted for price inflation since retirement. The PPPA benefit will be coordinated with other cost-of-living adjustments provided under the plan.

Employee Contributions

Each employee contributes toward his or her retirement based upon the retirement formula. The standard employee contribution is as described below.

- The percent contributed below the monthly compensation breakpoint is 0%.
- The monthly compensation breakpoint is \$0 for full and supplemental formula members and \$133.33 for employees covered by the modified formula.
- The percent contributed above the monthly compensation breakpoint depends upon the benefit formula, as shown in the table below.

Benefit Formula	Percent Contributed above the Breakpoint
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	2%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 60	7%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 55	7%
Miscellaneous, 2.5% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 2.7% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 3% at 60	8%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 62	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, Half Pay at 55	Varies by entry age
Safety, 2% at 55	7%
Safety, 2% at 50	9%
Safety, 3% at 55	9%
Safety, 3% at 50	9%
Safety, 2% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.5% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.7% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost

The employer may choose to "pick-up" these contributions for classic members (Employer Paid Member Contributions or EPMC). EPMC is prohibited for new PEPRA members.

An employer may also include Employee Cost Sharing in the contract, where employees agree to share the cost of the employer contribution. These contributions are paid in addition to the member contribution.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSU system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 and the contribution rate is 6% if members are not covered by Social Security. If members are covered by Social Security, the offset is \$513 and the contribution rate is 5%.

Refund of Employee Contributions

If the member's service with the employer ends, and if the member does not satisfy the eligibility conditions for any of the retirement benefits above, the member may elect to receive a refund of his or her employee contributions, which are credited with 6% interest compounded annually.

Appendix B

1959 Survivor Benefit

This is a pre-retirement death benefit available only to members not covered by Social Security. Any agency joining CalPERS subsequent to 1993 is required to provide this benefit if the members are not covered by Social Security. The benefit is optional for agencies joining CalPERS prior to 1994. Levels 1, 2, and 3 are now closed. Any new agency or any agency wishing to add this benefit or increase the current level may only choose the 4th or Indexed Level.

This benefit is not included in the results presented in this valuation. More information on this benefit is available on the CalPERS website.

Appendix C

Participant Data

- Summary of Valuation Data
- Active Members
- Transferred and Terminated Members
- Retired Members and Beneficiaries

Summary of Valuation Data

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Active Members		
a) Counts	174	163
b) Average Attained Age	41.44	41.75
c) Average Entry Age to Rate Plan	30.19	29.97
d) Average Years of Credited Service	11.44	11.90
e) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$155,733	\$157,948
f) Annual Covered Payroll	27,097,526	25,745,571
g) Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	29,395,113	27,969,318
h) Present Value of Future Payroll	254,149,091	237,286,623
2. Transferred Members		
a) Counts	55	56
b) Average Attained Age	43.37	43.73
c) Average Years of Credited Service	4.09	4.08
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$140,966	\$142,019
3. Terminated Members		
a) Counts	49	51
b) Average Attained Age	42.8	43.18
c) Average Years of Credited Service	2.66	2.79
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$89,058	\$93,180
4. Retired Members and Beneficiaries		
a) Counts	435	443
b) Average Attained Age	69.36	69.38
c) Average Annual Benefits	\$60,483	\$61,705
5. Active to Retired Ratio [(1a) / (4a)]	0.40	0.37

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Average Annual Benefits represents benefit amounts payable by this plan only. Some members may have service with another agency and would therefore have a larger total benefit than would be included as part of the average shown here.

Active Members

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total
15-24	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
25-29	19	1	0	0	0	0	20
30-34	10	7	3	0	0	0	20
35-39	9	13	8	2	0	0	32
40-44	3	6	11	6	2	0	28
45-49	0	5	4	7	17	1	34
50-54	0	0	1	6	4	2	13
55-59	2	0	1	4	3	3	13
60-64	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
65 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
All Ages	45	32	28	25	26	7	163

Distribution of Average Annual Salaries by Age and Service

Years of Service at Valuation Date

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Average Salary
15-24	\$113,673	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$113,673
25-29	119,682	150,089	0	0	0	0	121,202
30-34	136,288	149,449	155,455	0	0	0	143,770
35-39	135,535	150,859	172,968	160,331	0	0	152,668
40-44	146,487	162,546	168,594	178,693	208,387	0	169,936
45-49	0	171,823	160,592	198,983	182,499	169,203	181,355
50-54	0	0	190,156	157,455	154,435	147,705	157,541
55-59	153,789	0	151,514	157,143	167,536	192,432	166,736
60-64	146,888	0	0	0	0	0	146,888
65 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	160,331	160,331
Average	\$130,317	\$155,993	\$167,453	\$174,360	\$178,446	\$171,749	\$157,948

Transferred and Terminated Members

Distribution of Transfers to Other CalPERS Plans by Age, Service, and average Salary

Years of Service at Valuation Date

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Average Salary
15-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0
25-29	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	123,605
30-34	6	1	0	0	0	0	7	139,581
35-39	5	3	2	0	0	0	10	147,211
40-44	9	3	0	1	0	0	13	137,912
45-49	7	2	0	1	0	0	10	143,906
50-54	6	2	1	0	0	0	9	150,764
55-59	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	133,578
60-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Ages	40	11	3	2	0	0	56	\$142,019

Distribution of Terminated Participants with Funds on Deposit by Age, Service, and average Salary

Years of Service at Valuation Date

Years of Service at Valuation Date										
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Average Salary		
15-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0		
25-29	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	115,462		
30-34	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	95,102		
35-39	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	93,158		
40-44	16	3	2	0	0	0	21	94,604		
45-49	1	3	1	0	0	0	5	108,256		
50-54	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	99,355		
55-59	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	59,743		
60-64	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	86,896		
65 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
All Ages	40	8	3	0	0	0	51	\$93,180		

Retired Members and Beneficiaries

Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type*

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Total
Under 30	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
40-44	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
45-49	0	0	9	0	0	0	9
50-54	27	1	7	0	0	0	35
55-59	41	0	18	0	1	1	61
60-64	43	1	20	0	2	0	66
65-69	30	1	17	0	0	4	52
70-7 4	31	1	19	0	0	6	57
75-79	28	0	13	0	0	15	56
80-84	29	1	21	0	0	9	60
85 and Over	18	0	12	0	0	11	41
All Ages	247	5	139	0	3	49	443

Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type*

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Average
Under 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$31,677	\$31,677
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	28,209	28,209
40-44	0	0	69,490	0	0	0	69,490
45-49	0	0	58,683	0	0	0	58,683
50-54	63,336	90	46,468	0	0	0	58,156
55-59	90,939	0	82,617	0	58,012	50,079	87,273
60-64	94,112	36,355	78,287	0	40,145	0	86,806
65-69	67,188	2,239	56,812	0	0	48,756	61,129
70-74	86,178	19,157	52,245	0	0	27,482	67,513
75-79	46,251	0	34,676	0	0	47,476	43,892
80-84	50,759	15,507	38,661	0	0	26,455	42,292
85 and Over	39,699	0	31,283	0	0	27,869	34,062
All Ages	\$71,474	\$14,670	\$55,477	\$0	\$46,101	\$35,885	\$61,705

Retired Members and Beneficiaries (continued)

Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type*

	Non-			Non-		Death	
Years Retired	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Total
Under 5 Yrs	53	0	10	0	0	20	83
5-9	48	1	18	0	0	6	73
10-14	39	1	19	0	0	4	63
15-19	45	0	16	0	1	9	71
20-24	18	1	18	0	1	7	45
25-29	24	0	10	0	0	0	34
30 and Over	20	2	48	0	1	3	74
All Years	247	5	139	0	3	49	443

Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type *

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Years Retired	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Average
Under 5 Yrs	\$75,897	\$0	\$72,514	\$0	\$0	\$32,410	\$65,011
5-9	86,025	2,239	80,407	0	0	25,492	78,516
10-14	86,153	90	88,369	0	0	41,575	82,625
15-19	74,951	0	70,293	0	58,012	48,267	70,280
20-24	39,190	36,355	46,543	0	51,453	35,239	41,726
25-29	50,465	0	49,536	0	0	0	50,191
30 and Over	42,655	17,332	29,209	0	28,838	36,607	32,817
All Years	\$71,474	\$14,670	\$55,477	\$0	\$46,101	\$35,885	\$61,705

^{*} Counts of members do not include alternate payees receiving benefits while the member is still working. Therefore, the total counts may not match information on C-1 of the report. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one coverage group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Appendix D

Glossary of Actuarial Terms

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation — June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Accrued Liability (Actuarial Accrued Liability)

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to prior years. Based on CalPERS funding policies, the accrued liability is the target level of assets on any valuation date.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions made about certain events that will affect pension costs. Assumptions generally can be broken down into two categories: demographic and economic. Demographic assumptions include such things as mortality, disability, and retirement rates. Economic assumptions include discount rate, salary growth, and inflation.

Actuarial Methods

Procedures employed by actuaries to achieve certain funding goals of a pension plan. Actuarial methods include an actuarial cost method, an amortization policy, and an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Valuation

The determination as of a valuation date of the Normal Cost, Accrued Liability, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan. These valuations are performed annually or when an employer is contemplating a change in plan provisions.

Amortization Bases

Separate payment schedules for different portions of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL). The total UAL of a rate plan can be segregated by cause. The impact of such individual causes on the UAL are quantified at the time of their occurrence, resulting in new amortization bases. Each base is separately amortized and paid for over a specific period of time. Generally, in an actuarial valuation, the separate bases consist of changes in UAL due to contract amendments, actuarial assumption changes, method changes, and/or gains and losses.

Amortization Period

The number of years required to pay off an Amortization Base.

Classic Member (under PEPRA)

A member who joined a public retirement system prior to January 1, 2013 and who is not defined as a new member under PEPRA. (See definition of New Member below.)

Discount Rate

This is the rate used to discount the expected future benefit payments to the valuation date to determine the Projected Value of Benefits. The discount rate is based on the assumed long-term rate of return on plan assets, net of investment and administrative expenses. This rate is called the "actuarial interest rate" in Section 20014 of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Entry Age

The earliest age at which a plan member begins to accrue benefits under a defined benefit pension plan. In most cases, this is the age of the member on their date of hire.

Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

An actuarial cost method designed to fund a member's total plan benefit evenly over the course of his or her career. This method yields a total normal cost rate, expressed as a percentage of payroll, which is designed to remain level throughout the member's career.

Fresh Start

A Fresh Start is when multiple amortization bases are combined into a single base and amortized over a new Amortization Period.

Funded Ratio

Defined as the Market Value of Assets divided by the Accrued Liability. It is a measure of how well funded a rate plan is. A ratio greater than 100% means the rate plan has more assets than the target established by CalPERS

CalPERS Actuarial Valuation – June 30, 2021 Safety Plan of the City of Palo Alto Glossary of Actuarial Terms Appendix D

funding policies on the valuation date and the employer need only contribute the Normal Cost. A ratio less than 100% means assets are less than the funding target and contributions in addition to Normal Cost are required.

GASB 68

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting and financial reporting for pensions.

New Member (under PEPRA)

A new member includes an individual who becomes a member of a public retirement system for the first time on or after January 1, 2013, and who was not a member of another public retirement system prior to that date, and who is not subject to reciprocity with another public retirement system.

Normal Cost

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to the upcoming fiscal year for active employees. The normal cost plus the required amortization of the UAL, if any, make up the required contributions.

Pension Actuary

A business professional proficient in mathematics and statistics who performs the calculations necessary to properly fund a pension plan and allow the plan sponsor to disclose its liabilities. A pension actuary must satisfy the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

PEPRA

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013

Present Value of Benefits (PVB)

The total dollars needed as of the valuation date to fund all benefits earned in the past or expected to be earned in the future for *current* members.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The Accrued Liability minus the Market Value of Assets. If the UAL for a rate plan is positive, the employer is required to make contributions in excess of the Normal Cost.