

city of palo alto

comprehensive
annual
financial
report
for the
fiscal year ended
june 30, 1998

| | | - | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | • |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 1 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | : |
| | | | | |
| | | | × | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998



prepared by the Administrative Services Department

| | • | • | |
|------|-----------|--|-----|
| · | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| • | | | • |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| | | | • |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | • | • | |
| | • | | |
| | • | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | • | |
| ·• | | | |
| | | | • |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| • | | | |
| | | | |
| | | No. 18 | • • |
| | | | • |
| | | • | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| • | | | |
| et e | | | |
| • | | | |
| • | | | · • |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| • | | | |
| | | en e | |
| | • | | |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| ÷ | | | |
| | | | |
| • | • • • • • | | |
| | | | • |
| | | | |
| | | | |

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITY ACT STATEMENT

In compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, this document may be provided in other accessible formats.

For information contact:

Fred Herman
City of Palo Alto
250 Hamilton Avenue
(650) 329-2550
(650) 328-1199 (TDD)

| • | |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| | · |
| | |
| e . | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | · |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 1998

Table of Contents

Page

INTRODUCTORY SECTION Table of Contents i City Officials _____v Organizational Structure.......vi Administrative Services Department Structure......vii FINANCIAL SECTION General Purpose Financial Statements: Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 1998

Table of Contents

| ing c | and Account Group Statements and Schedules: |
|-------|---|
| Gen | eral Fund |
| (| Comparative Balance Sheets |
| | Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual |
| Spe | cial Revenue Funds |
| • | Combining Balance Sheets |
| | Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances |
| . (| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual |
| Deb | t Service Funds |
| | Combining Balance Sheets |
| | Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances |
| (| Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual |
| Сар | ital Projects Fund |
| (| Comparative Balance Sheets |
| (| Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances |
| Ent | erprise Funds |
| (| Combining Balance Sheets |
| (| Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings |
| | Combining Statements of Cash Flows |

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 1998

Table of Contents

| | Page |
|--|------------|
| Internal Service Funds | |
| Combining Balance Sheets | 81 |
| Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings | 82 |
| Combining Statements of Cash Flows | 83 |
| Fiduciary Funds | |
| Combining Balance Sheets | 86 |
| Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Expendable Trust Funds | 88 |
| Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund | 89 |
| General Fixed Assets Account Group | |
| Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets - By Source | 91 |
| Schedule of General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity | 92 |
| Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity | 9 3 |
| TATISTICAL SECTION | |
| General Governmental Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 97 |
| General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 98 |
| Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 99 |
| Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 100 |
| Property Tax Rates - All Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 101 |
| Special Assessment Billings and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 102 |
| | |

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 1998

Table of Contents

| • | | <u>Page</u> |
|--------|--|-------------|
| STATIS | STICAL SECTION (Continued) | |
| | Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 103 |
| | Computation of Legal Debt Margin | 104 |
| | Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt | 105 |
| | Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 106 |
| | Revenue Bond Coverage - Water, Electric, Gas, Wastewater Collection, Wastewater Treatment and Storm Drainage Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 107 |
| | Demographic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 108 |
| į. | Construction Activity - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 109 |
| | Insurance Coverage | 110 |
| | Top Ten Property Taxpayers | 111 |
| | Miscellaneous Statistics | 112 |



City Council

Dick Rosenbaum, *Mayor*Micki Schneider, *Vice Mayor*

Sandy Eakins

Liz Kniss

Gary Fazzino

Dena Mossar

Joseph Huber

Victor Ojakian

Lanie Wheeler



Finance Committee

Lanie Wheeler, *Chair*Joseph Huber
Dena Mossar
Victor Ojakian

Policy and Services Committee

Gary Fazzino, *Chair*Sandy Eakins
Liz Kniss
Micki Schneider



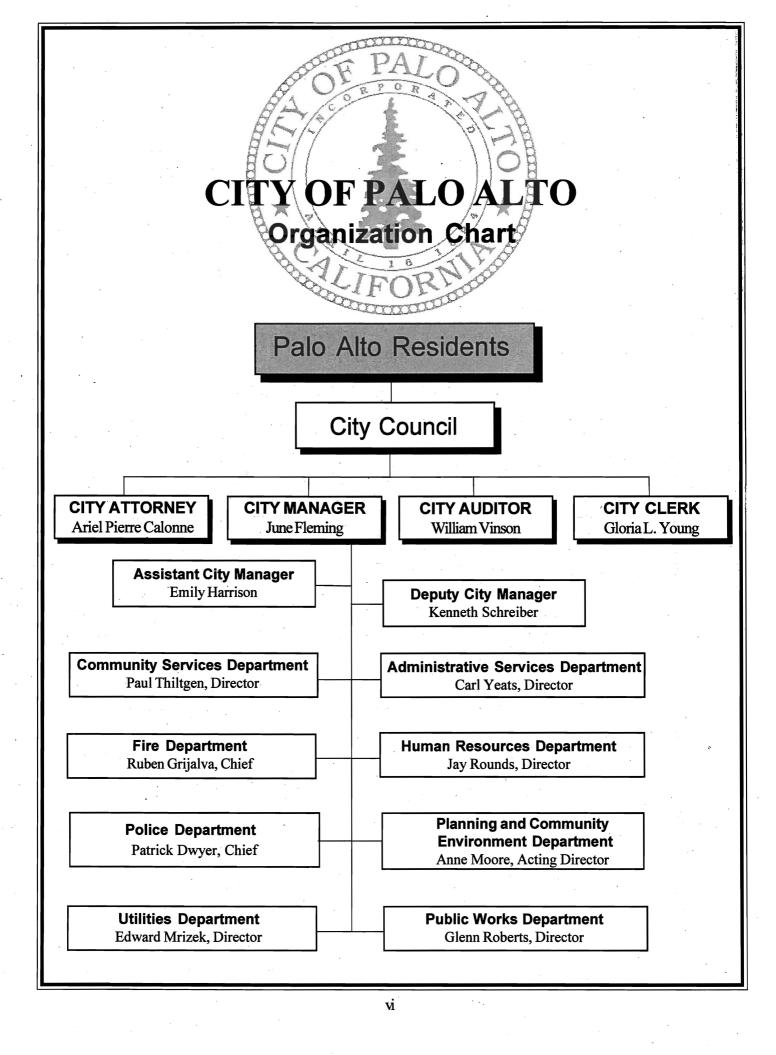
Council-Appointed Officers

June Fleming City Manager

Ariel Calonne
City Attorney

Gloria L. Young City Clerk

William Vinson City Auditor





Organizational Chart

for the

Administrative Services
Department

Administration Division

Finance Division

Financial Planning & Analysis Division

Information Technology Division

Property Management Division



Mission Statement

To provide proactive administrative and technical support to City departments and decision makers, and to safeguard and facilitate the optimal use of City resources.

| | - |
|---|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ÷ |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| • | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | • |
| | |



December 1, 1998

THE HONORABLE CITY COUNCIL Palo Alto, California

Attention: Finance Committee

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1998

Members of the Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, including the opinion of Maze & Associates, is submitted for Council review, in accordance with Article IV, Section 13 of the City Charter. Although Maze & Associates has expressed an opinion on this report based upon its recent audit, responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management. To the best of staff's knowledge and belief, the information contained in the report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds, account groups and component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's activities have been included.

The report is divided into three sections:

- I. Introductory Section: This section transmits the CAFR to the City Council and includes the City's organization chart, a table of contents, and reproduced copies of previous year's certificates and awards.
- II. Financial Section: This section includes:

The Independent Auditor's Report - The City Charter requires an annual audit of the financial statements of all City funds and accounts by an independent, certified public accountant. This year's audit was completed by Maze & Associates.

General Purpose Financial Statements - This section contains the general purpose financial statements (GPFS), also known as the combined financial statements, which reflect a complete summary of the City's activities and encompass all fund types and account groups. They present a combined overview of the financial position, cash flows of proprietary funds, and operating results for the completed fiscal year. This section also includes the Notes to the Financial Statements which communicates information necessary for fair presentation of financial position and results of operations that are not readily apparent or cannot be included in the financial statements themselves. GPFS are "liftable", and may be issued separately from the CAFR for inclusion in official statements, bond offerings, or for distribution to users requiring less detailed information than is contained in the complete CAFR.

Combining Fund Statements - This section presents combined and individual fund and account group statements and schedules. Combined financial statements are presented in each instance where the City has more than one fund of a given type (e.g., the Enterprise Funds). Individual fund statements and schedules are presented for certain individual funds and account groups where the City has only one fund of a specific type (e.g., the Capital Projects Fund) or to give more detailed information than is presented in the GPFS.

III. Statistical Section: This section presents comparative statistical data for the past ten years and other pertinent information involving taxes, revenues, expenditures, and bonded debt.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Located in northern Santa Clara County, approximately 35 miles south of the City of San Francisco, Palo Alto was named by an early Spanish exploration party for the tall, twintrunked redwood tree they camped beneath in 1769. The City has a population of 60,500, is part of the San Francisco Bay metropolitan area and lies in the heart of Silicon Valley. Palo Alto is adjacent to one of the nation's most prestigious higher education institutions, Stanford University. Stanford University has been important to the economic development of the City, providing a foundation for high-technology research and service industries at the Stanford Research Park. The City is home to many large and small electronics, computer

hardware and software, and biotechnology firms, with the largest employers including Hewlett-Packard, Varian Associates, Loral, Sun Microsystems, Lockheed Martin, Watkins-Johnson, and Xerox. In 1997-98, the number of jobs in Palo Alto totaled approximately 90,500. The success and growth of technology firms in the area has resulted in a low unemployment rate of 1.5 percent in 1998. The City is one of the area's most desirable residential communities, providing about 25,701 housing units. Assessed valuation has been increasing at a healthy pace, averaging 3.6 percent annually during the last five years, jumping to 8.3 percent in 1997-98, with a total value of \$8.8 billion. Vacancy rates for commercial properties are very low at 1.3 percent, with rental rates in downtown Palo Alto comparable to neighboring downtown San Francisco. The City is also an important retail center. The downtown area and the Stanford Shopping Center draw shoppers from all over the San Francisco Bay Area, with per capita retail sales at 297 percent and 255 percent of the State and national averages, respectively. While the State faced an economic downturn in the early 1990's, the City's economy remained flat during the same period, and has since boomed economically. Based on the strength of the high technology businesses that drive the local economy and the diversity of the City's revenue base, the economic outlook for the City points to continued stability.

REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, and in conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", the City of Palo Alto's financial statements include all component units that are financially accountable to the City or whose relationship with the City is so significant that failure to include them in the City's financial statements would make the statements misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is determined based upon: 1) the City's substantive authority for appointing the governing board; 2) the City's ability to impose its will on the organization's operations; 3) the organization's ability to provide financial benefits or place a financial burden on the City; and 4) fiscal dependence on the City. Accordingly, the City's general purpose financial statements include the City of Palo Alto Golf Course Corporation and the Palo Alto Public Improvement Corporation as component units. Although the Corporations are not agencies of the City, the City maintains ultimate control over the policies and actions of the Corporations through its ability to appoint directors.

GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION

The City of Palo Alto was incorporated in 1894. Its first charter was granted by the State of California in 1909, and Palo Alto continues to operate as a charter city. Municipal operations are conducted under the council-manager form of government. The nine Council Members are elected at large for four-year, staggered terms. The Mayor and Vice Mayor are elected

annually at the first Council meeting in January. The Mayor presides over all Council meetings. The City Manager is responsible for the operation of all municipal functions, except the offices of the City Attorney, City Clerk, and City Auditor. These officials are appointed by, and report directly to, the City Council.

SERVICES PROVIDED

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These include: police, fire, general administration, public works, planning, building, transportation, library, golf, arts, science, recreational and human services. In addition, the City maintains municipal electric, water, gas, wastewater collection, wastewater treatment, storm drainage, and refuse utilities for the benefit of Palo Alto residents and businesses. The City's parks, recreation and cultural facilities are outstanding. The City owns over 36 parks, totaling more than 4,000 acres, a golf course, four community centers, a Cultural Center, a Community Theater, a Children's Theater, and a Junior Museum. The City offers a wide array of social, recreational and cultural events, including human services for seniors and youth, subsidized child care, classes, concerts, exhibits, team sports and special events. The City and the Palo Alto Unified School District (PAUSD) have an agreement to jointly fund the costs of maintaining and rehabilitating school athletic fields, recognizing the significant recreational use of these facilities by the community. In addition, the City offers a high level of library and public safety services. Palo Alto has 6 libraries and 8 fire stations providing services throughout the community.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND INTERNAL CONTROL

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, primary consideration has been given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. The structure has been designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure the reliability of accounting records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary control is maintained by an annual appropriation ordinance, which is amended by Council action, as required, throughout the year. In 1990, the Council adopted a two-year budget plan. Budgets for the period are presented to Council for review, comment, and action. Council votes to formally approve the first year's budget and conceptually approve the second year's budget. Formal adoption of the second year budget occurs the following

June. The City is required under the terms of Proposition 4 (Gann) to adhere to an annual appropriation limit, necessitating the two-step budget adoption procedure. The Council takes similar action on the first two years of the Five-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The 1997-98 Budget was presented as a one-year budget, because the City was awaiting adoption of a new Comprehensive Plan and the implementation of an augmented infrastructure replacement and maintenance plan, containing budget implications requiring integration into a two-year budget plan.

In 1995-96, the City adopted a new budget format called mission driven budgeting. This approach emphasizes the clear presentation of services provided to the public, the costs associated with those services, and impact measures to evaluate staff's performance in delivering services. With this knowledge, Council is better able to prioritize and allocate resources in the budget process and evaluate management's performance.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is by department in the General Fund and by fund for the Special Revenue, Debt Service Fund, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds. Expenditures for the Capital Projects Fund are budgeted and managed at the project level. The City utilizes an encumbrance system to track purchase orders as they are issued, and corresponding appropriation amounts are reserved for later payment to avoid over commitment of funds. Budgets are adopted by the City Council for all funds except for the Trust and Agency Funds.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Council Priorities

The City Council selected three priorities on which to focus in 1997-98: Infrastructure, Traffic Management and Safety, and the Revitalization of Neighborhood and Business Districts.

Infrastructure: For several years the Council has expressed concern about the condition of the City's aging General Fund infrastructure and the level of funding devoted to its rehabilitation and maintenance. Through a series of reports, staff has provided Council with information on buildings, streets, sidewalks, transportation, parks and open space infrastructure needs. These reports identified \$95.0 million in infrastructure replacement and maintenance needs over the next ten years. In June 1998, Council approved an Infrastructure Management Plan, which provided a methodology for prioritizing and financing the infrastructure needs. The projects emerging from this plan will be folded into the 1999-2001 capital budget. The financing plan includes the utilization of the City's General Fund

Infrastructure Reserve, which was established in 1996-97. The reserve is funded when General Fund revenues exceed expenses and are in excess of amounts set by Council policy for the Budget Stabilization Reserve (BSR). At June 30, 1998, the Infrastructure Reserve totaled \$12.6 million.

In 1997-98, the City began constructing Golf Course Master Plan improvements which include upgrading five fairways and various sand traps, trees, and greens, constructing new storm drain facilities, replacing the irrigation system, upgrading the driving range, and installing new cart paths. It is anticipated that the golf course construction will be complete in late spring of 1999.

Traffic Management and Safety: For several years, a high priority has been placed upon addressing congestion, speed and traffic safety issues throughout the City. To that end, staff developed a plan to improve traffic signal timings for most of the signals under the City's jurisdiction and substantially completed a Citywide School Commute Safety Study in 1997-98. In addition, work was initiated on several key projects, including a planning and design study for a community-based local bus shuttle system and a Residential Arterial Calming Program for Embarcadero Road. An evaluation of the existing traffic signal control system was also started, which will include the transition to a system that will not only operate the traffic signals, but will be able to provide traffic monitoring and reporting information. A citywide program is also underway to replace aging and broken bike lockers; approximately half of the City's bike lockers have already been replaced, including all of the lockers in the California Avenue area.

Council also approved the establishment of a secured bicycle parking facility at the University Avenue Caltrain station. The facility will be staffed seven days a week and provide securing bicycle parking at the station. There would be no cost to the bicycle rider, which will encourage bicycle commuting and transit use. An operator has been selected to construct, staff and administer the facility. Staff anticipates the facility will open in early 1999.

The Police Department has fully implemented the motorcycle enforcement team, initiated a red light enforcement effort and educational campaign, and increased enforcement efforts at locations where there are higher-than-normal accident rates.

Revitalization of Neighborhoods and Business Districts: During 1997-98, revitalization of the Midtown shopping area continued. Several new tenants, including a Long's drug store, are locating in the Midtown area. The renovation of building exteriors and landscaping, which will contribute to the vitality of the area, continues to progress, fueled by private investment.

Since 1996, the City has been working to develop a plan for the reuse of the Palo Alto Medical Foundation site (South of Forest Avenue area). The City Council appointed a 14-member working group to advise the City on the preparation of the plan. In 1997-98, three concept plans were presented to Council, each of which explored options for development of the area. Preparation of a final Coordinated Area Plan for the South of Forest Avenue Area is underway. Staff expects to bring a Coordinated Area Plan to the Council for review and approval in 1998-99.

Flooding Emergency

On February 2-3, 1998, a major storm hit Palo Alto, resulting in an unprecendented level of flooding. The City incurred over \$2 million in flood-related expenses, including emergency response, repair of damaged public property and recovery assistance to residents. The severity of the storm prompted a Presidential Declaration of Emergency for Palo Alto and other Bay Area cities. In late February 1998, the City filed a claim with the State Office of Emergency Operations and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to seek reimbursement for the damages sustained. The City has been notified by FEMA that \$.5 million of the claim has been approved. The remainder of the claim is currently being processed.

To prepare for future disasters, the City has identified a number of opportunities to improve its emergency response capabilities. Many of these opportunities have already been addressed. These include: the installation of a weather station in Foothills Park to gather and transmit rainfall data and to provide valuable information during the wildland fire season; the installation of creek monitoring equipment at San Francisquito, Adobe and Matadero Creeks; the procurement of an Emergency Notification System to alert large portions of the City to impending disaster; and upgrades to the City's Emergency Operation Center. A number of improvements will be incorporated into the implementation of the City's Emergency Management Plan. These include: a comprehensive public awareness and education program, initiatives to improve training for emergency response staff; and plans for improved volunteer coordination. The City has also focused its efforts on the development of long-term flood prevention solutions. The City joined with other jurisdictions to create the San Francisquito Creek Coordinating Committee in order to coordinate plans for regional management of the watershed. Several of the jurisdictions on the San Francisquito Creek Coordinating Committee are currently contemplating the creation of a joint powers agreement that would have the authority and resources to manage the watershed.

Downtown Improvements

Downtown Parking: Work has continued with the Chamber of Commerce Downtown

Parking Subcommittee on various components of a Comprehensive Parking Plan. In 1997-98, staff implemented a parking permit fee increase in the University Avenue Assessment District to cover operating and maintenance costs in the parking facilities. In January 1998, Council approved proceeding with the design of two parking structures in the Downtown. The design will proceed to the 50 percent completion stage, at which time it will be presented to Council for approval. Upon Council approval, the proceeding to form an assessment district will be held. If an assessment district is approved by a majority of Downtown property owners, the design will be completed and the parking structures will be built. Staff continued to evaluate the feasibility of a residential parking permit program in neighborhoods adjacent to downtown.

Downtown Health and Safety: Over the past few years, downtown Palo Alto has experienced increases in traffic violations, panhandling, public intoxication, and aggressive and assaultive behavior. At Council's direction, staff prepared a long-term strategy to address health and safety issues. This strategy included elements of police enforcement (police presence in the Downtown was increased), development of new ordinances, code enforcement, educational efforts, and assistance to chronic substance abusers. In 1997-98 staff evaluated the trial program of utilizing Community Service Officers in the field to assist in the implementation of the Downtown Health and Safety Program. Council approved the addition of three Community Service Officers to take "cold reports" in order to free up police officers' time so that enforcement efforts can be directed to the Downtown. The high visibility and public contacts by police officers has significantly reduced the number of complaints, reports from citizens, and decreased the level of criminal activity in the Downtown.

<u>Downtown Urban Design</u>: In response to growing economic activity in the Downtown and the attraction of numerous visitors, staff developed a Downtown Urban Design Improvements Master Plan. The Plan was designed to implement a variety of landscape and lighting improvements, update and enhance public area facilities, improve signage, replace benches, and institute a limit on the number of news racks. The City is working in partnership with Downtown businesses to implement improvements identified in the Master Plan in a phased program beginning in fiscal year 1997-98. The construction of the first phase of improvements is underway and should be complete in late 1998.

<u>Downtown Maintenance</u>: Over the years, as the Downtown has grown more vital and populated, concerns about the maintenance and cleanliness have increased. The prospect of future Downtown Urban Design Master Plan improvements would add to the challenge of meeting acceptable levels of maintenance. The City has been working with the Chamber of Commerce and several key downtown property owners to define and implement an enhanced program of downtown maintenance. The scope of work being discussed would increase the

frequency and expand the area for many maintenance services, such as street and sidewalk sweeping and pressure washing, refuse pick-up, landscaping, and parking lot cleaning, to include the entire Downtown District, not just University Avenue. In the coming year, the City will pursue the establishment of a maintenance assessment district to fund the improvements.

Technology

<u>Information Technology Strategic Plan</u>: In 1997-98, the development of a long-range information technology strategic plan was initiated. The plan will address issues such as technical infrastructure and architecture, systems development, organizational structure, staffing levels, reporting relationships and training. The plan will be completed in 1998-99.

Year 2000 Compliance: Work on the multi-year plan to ensure the City's software is Year 2000-compliant continued in 1997-98. During the year, the City completed an assessment of all of its major software applications. The City also developed contract language which requires Year 2000 compliance for all new software and hardware purchased. For most of its major applications, the City has received written certification from vendors regarding compliance, and compliance testing is underway. Those applications that are not compliant are being replaced.

Internet: In 1996-97, the City formulated its vision for the Internet through the creation of an Internet Master Plan. The Master Plan's goals for Internet use are: providing access to public information; delivering enhanced customer service; and providing the opportunity for proactive communication between City government and the citizens it serves. In 1997-98, the City hired an Internet Coordinator, who is responsible for implementing the vision and the policies embodied in the Internet Master Plan. The City also contracted with a new Internet Service Provider, redesigned the City's home page, created standard templates for home page development, and addressed Internet security issues.

<u>Computer Replacement Fund</u>: In 1997-98, the City established a Computer Replacement Fund to facilitate the long-term management of its technology infrastructure. This fund will provide for the systematic and regular replacement of personal computers, mainframes, and monitors. Over 400 personal computers and 10 servers were replaced and upgraded last year as a result of the new fund.

Planning & Community Environment Department

Special attention has been focused on the Department of Planning & Community

Environment in 1997-98. In addition to the adoption and publication of the 2010 Comprehensive Plan, the Department was responsible for managing two highly visible projects (a new Historic Preservation Ordinance and a Residential Neighborhoods analysis) initiated by the Council. In February 1998, an organizational review of the Planning Division was completed. The review evaluated the organization, staffing and workflow in the Division. Implementation of the findings will require changes in the organization of the Division and the addition of five new positions in 1998-99.

Comprehensive Plan: Since October 1992, the citizens, staff, advisory boards, Planning Commission and City Council of Palo Alto have been in the process of preparing a Comprehensive Plan for Palo Alto to replace the 1980-1995 Plan. The Comprehensive Plan is the primary tool for guiding the future development of the City. Its purpose is to direct decision making toward a shared vision of what Palo Alto should be like in the intermediate and long-term future. In July 1998, the City Council adopted the 1998-2010 Comprehensive Plan for the City of Palo Alto. Staff plans to return to the Council in late 1998 with an implementation chapter, which will be incorporated into the Plan by amendment. With the City's next Mission Driven Budget (1999-01 Budget), staff plans to link the 1998-2010 Comprehensive Plan to the City's Capital Improvement Program and operating budget.

Sand Hill Road: On June 30, 1997, the City Council approved the Sand Hill Corridor Improvement Project. This major development project includes building a 628-unit apartment complex to provide housing for Stanford employees, constructing 388 independent living units and a Health Care Center for senior citizens, expanding Stanford Shopping Center by 80,000 square feet, and expanding, extending and improving several roadways. The voters ratified the Council's action on November 4, 1997. This project represents the largest single development activity in the City since the 1950's. Construction of the project is underway and significant City staff resources are devoted to its implementation. In 1997-98, a new Deputy City Manager position was created to manage the City reviews of the various phases of the project.

Palo Alto Medical Foundation Relocation: The Palo Alto Medical Foundation (PAMF) provides family and specialty medical care to numerous Palo Altans and surrounding communities. In January 1996, PAMF received City Council approval to relocate its aging facilities to a new campus. The campus, which will have approximately 355,000 square feet of buildings, will be located on a 9.2-acre site southwest of Palo Alto's downtown, along El Camino Real, known as "Urban Lane." Construction of the project is underway.

Permit Streamlining

In response to community and business concerns, the City continued the multi-departmental

efforts begun in 1995-96 to streamline the development approval process. This effort includes the Fire, Public Works, Utilities and Planning Departments, and is being coordinated by the City Manager's Office. In a joint work effort with selected customers, the City identified needed improvements to enhance its development approval process. Improvements implemented include: the addition of new positions to perform plan checking duties; increased contract dollars for plan review consultants; and a customer service training program for all involved in the permitting process. The implementation of an automated permit tracking system, the use of the Internet for an online permit status system, Municipal Code improvements, and the pursuit of a "one-stop" development center are underway.

Energy Deregulation

The City continues to proactively respond to the challenges posed by deregulation of the electric and natural gas industries. In 1997-98, staff dedicated a large effort to the implementation of the policy to provide customers open access to the supplier of their choice and to selling energy and energy-related services outside of the City's service territory. Beginning July 1, 1997, electric rates were "unbundled" or restructured to better identify the costs of delivering power to the City's different customer types. To address rate competition, the City has chosen to cover stranded electric generation costs, or debt service on its share of the Calaveras Project, by continuing to build the Calaveras Reserve balance. At the end of 1997-98, this Reserve reached \$55.6 million. This reserve will allow the City to moderate potential rate increases in the future. The implementation of an accelerated plan to replace and maintain aging energy distribution infrastructure is well underway. Further, a new billing system to accommodate new products and services, innovative rate structures, and other improvements in customer service and staff efficiency began during the year. As it begins a new competitive era, the electric and gas utilities have positioned themselves to provide customers with a high level of service, low rates, reliability, quality power and service, and energy efficiency.

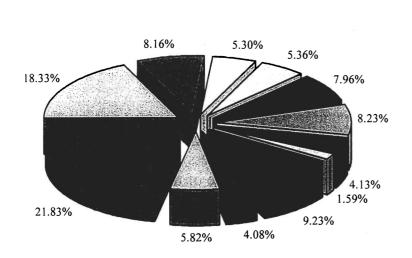
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

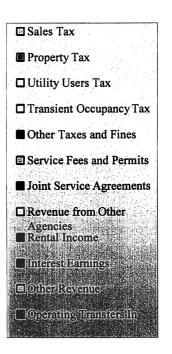
General Government Functions

The fiscal operations of the City for general government functions are reflected in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds. Revenues and other financing sources for these funds totaled \$109.2 million, an increase of \$10.8 million from 1996-97 revenues. Expenditures and other uses totaled \$96.7, up \$7.1 million from the prior year. Combined fund balances were \$78.1 million as of June 30, 1998. Unreserved and available fund balances were \$43.7, an increase of \$11.1 million from the prior year.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

For the year ended June 30, 1998

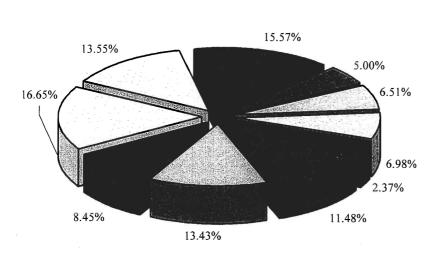


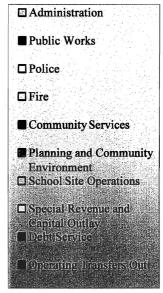


| Revenues (\$000) | | 1998 Actual | % of Total | (D | ncrease ecrease) om 1997 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Sales Tax | \$ | 20,011 | 18.33 | \$ | 1,734 |
| Property Tax | | 8,903 | 8.16 | | 1,168 |
| Utility Users Tax | | 5,780 | 5.29 | | 271 |
| Transient Occupancy Tax | | 5,846 | 5.35 | | 739 |
| Other Taxes and Fines | | 8,685 | 7.96 | | 1,428 |
| Service Fees and Permits | | 8,984 | 8.23 | | (103) |
| Joint Service Agreements | | 4,507 | 4.13 | | 314 |
| Revenue from Other Agencies | | 1,732 | 1.59 | | (507) |
| Rental Income | | 10,074 | 9.23 | | 407 |
| Interest Earnings | | 4,451 | 4.08 | | 1,152 |
| Other Revenue | | 6,354 | 5.82 | | 1,974 |
| Total Direct Revenues | | 85,327 | 78.17 | | 8,577 |
| Operating Transfers In | | 23,825 | 21.83 | | 2,189 |
| Total Revenues | <u>\$</u> | 109,152 | 100.00 | \$ | 10,766 |

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES

For the year ended June 30, 1998





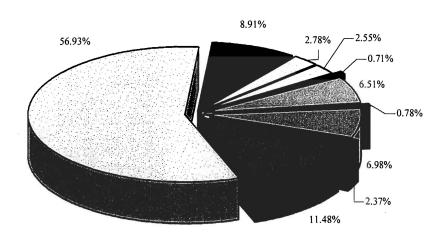
| Expenditures | | 1998 Actual | % of Total | (D e | ncrease ecrease) om 1997 |
|---|----|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Administration (A) | \$ | 12,987 | 13.44 | \$ | 1,298 |
| Public Works | | 8,172 | 8.45 | | 833 |
| Police | | 16,093 | 16.65 | | 1,289 |
| Fire | | 13,100 | 13.55 | | 808 |
| Community Services | | 15,050 | 15.57 | | 1,078 |
| Planning and Community Environment | | 4,832 | 5.00 | | 512 |
| School Site Operations | | 6,298 | 6.51 | | 212 |
| Special Revenue and Capital Outlay | | 6,749 | 6.98 | | (832) |
| Debt Service | | 2,293 | 2.37 | | (26) |
| Total Direct Expenditures | ٠ | 85,574 | 88.52 | | 5,172 |
| Operating Transfers Out | | 11,097 | 11.48 | | 1,892 |
| Total Expenditures and Operating | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | \$ | 96,671 | 100.00 | \$ | 7,064 |
| Comprised of the following departments: | | | | | |
| City Council | | 151 | | | |
| City Manager | | 988 | | | |

(A)

City Clerk 813 City Auditor 418 Administrative Services 7,400 **Human Services** 1,837

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES BY TYPE

For the year ended June 30, 1998



| Ę | Salaries and Benefits |
|---|--|
| • | Contract Services |
| C | Supplies and Materials |
| C | General Expenses |
| | Rents and Leases School Site Operations |
| | Facility and Equipment Purchases Special Revenue and |
| C | Capital Outlay libetii Service |
| Ĺ |]Ogarting Translas Out |

| Expenditures (\$000) | | 1998 % of Actual Total | | Increase (Decrease) from 1997 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Salaries and Benefits | \$ | 55,035 | 56.93 | \$ | 3,698 |
| Contract Services | | 8,612 | 8.91 | | 1,915 |
| Supplies and Materials | | 2,682 | 2.78 | | 164 |
| General Expenses | | 2,468 | 2.55 | | 220 |
| Rents and Leases | | 687 | 0.71 | | (18) |
| School Site Operations | | 6,298 | 6.51 | | 212 |
| Facility and Equipment Purchases | | 750 | 0.78 | | (161) |
| Special Revenue and Capital Outlay | | 6,749 | 6.98 | | (832) |
| Debt Service | | 2,293 | 2.37 | | (26) |
| Total Direct Expenditures | | 85,574 | 88.52 | | 5,172 |
| Operating Transfers Out | | 11,097 | 11.48 | | 1,892 |
| Total Expenditures | <u>\$</u> | 96,671 | 100.00 | \$ | 7,064 |

General Fund

In 1997-98, the City's General Fund ended the year with an operating surplus of \$6.5 million. A variety of factors contributed to the positive results. On the revenue side, sales tax, property tax, transient occupancy tax, documentary tax, and interest income were strong. On the expenditure side, the primary sources of the surplus were departmental savings in salaries and benefits, due to vacancies; and savings in contract services.

Revenues and Other Financing Sources:

Overall, total General Fund revenues and other financing sources were \$7.8 million, or 9.4 percent higher than the previous fiscal year, and were 4.6 percent, or \$4.0 million higher than the 1997-98 adjusted budget. Sales tax revenues were 9.5 percent higher than 1996-97 receipts and 1.6 percent above the adjusted budget. The strong economic segments in sales taxes were auto sales, retail sales, and restaurants. The City experienced the highest year-to-year increase in property tax receipts in the last five years, with property taxes exceeding prior year revenues by 15.1 percent and 5.9 percent above the adjusted budget. Transient occupancy tax (TOT) revenues continued to surge in 1997-98, exceeding 1996-97 revenues by 14.5 percent, or \$.7 million over the previous year. The substantial increase in TOT revenues results from higher occupancy and hotel rates, and room additions. Utility user tax (UUT) revenues have rebounded, rising \$.3 million, or 4.9 percent over 1996-97, and 5.4 percent over the adjusted budget. Telephone UUT revenues, driven by Internet and new phone line activity, contributed to the positive results. Other taxes and fines revenues exceeded the prior year by 26.3 percent, or \$1.4 million, and the adjusted budget by 17 percent, driven by dramatic increases in documentary transfer tax revenues.

Expenditures and Other Uses:

General Fund expenditures and other uses were \$7.4 million, or 9.6 percent higher than the previous fiscal year and \$4.9 million, or 5.5 percent lower than the adjusted budget for 1997-98. Lower-than-anticipated expenditures were a consequence of staff vacancies, lower-than-budgeted water charges due to heavy winter rains, and savings in contract services.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds include the Street Improvement Fund, Federal Revenue Fund, Housing-in-Lieu Fund, Special Districts Fund, Transportation Mitigation Fund, Local Law Enforcement Fund and Downtown Planned Community Fund. The City spent approximately \$1.3 million of Street Improvement Funds (gas tax) to refurbish its streets. Housing-in-lieu money has been used to support construction of a single resident occupancy (SRO) on Alma

Street, which opened in February 1998 and is now fully occupied. Housing-in-lieu money has also supported the construction of a 24-unit apartment complex on Page Mill Court for adults with developmental disabilities. Construction of this project began in 1997-98 and was completed in August 1998.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital projects expenditures in 1997-98 totaled \$5.8 million and focused on replacing and upgrading the City's aging infrastructure and on technology improvements. The infrastructure capital work included: upgrading irrigation and backflow systems; upgrades to antiquated traffic and pedestrian safety devices; lighting improvements; and facility roof replacements. Ongoing street and sidewalk renovations also represented a significant share of capital expenses at \$1.9 million. The technology expenditures were focused on upgrading the network at the Civic Center, acquiring network management tools, connecting the Downtown library to the City's network, installing Microsoft Windows NT to improve the performance and reliability of the City's computers, acquiring a new cash receipting system to replace an aging system, and acquiring new Geographic Information System (GIS) applications to enhance management capabilities and to expeditiously provide information to the public at customer service counters.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Palo Alto's Proprietary Fund type consists of seven Enterprise Funds (water, electric, gas, wastewater collection, wastewater treatment, refuse, storm drainage) and four Internal Service Funds (vehicle replacement and maintenance, computer equipment replacement, printing and mailing services, and general benefits and insurance). The Enterprise Funds have been established to account for the financing of self-supporting activities which render services to the general public on a user charge basis. The Internal Service Funds are similar to Enterprise Funds in the nature of their operations, except that they provide services internally to other City departments rather than to the public. The Internal Service Funds are operated so that incoming revenues offset current expenses.

Enterprise Funds

Water Fund operating revenues were \$1.7 million, or 12.1 percent below the prior year, resulting from lower water consumption due to heavy winter rains. For the same reason, purchase costs were \$.5 million below the prior year. The Water Fund's Rate Stabilization Reserve (RSR) was \$7.5 million at year-end, which is \$.3 million below the maximum guideline level.

Electric Fund operating revenues were \$8.5 million, or 11.6 percent above the prior year, due to a 4 percent rate increase, increased revenues related to the sale of wholesale Calaveras power to other agencies and leases of the California/Oregon transmission line to other jurisdictions. Commodity purchase costs were \$4.4 million higher than 1996-97 levels. Other operating expenses were \$7.6 million, or 11.8 percent higher than the prior fiscal year. The Electric Fund reserve levels remained healthy. In 1997-98, the Electric RSR was split into supply and distribution reserves to allow for appropriate tracking of the supply and distribution components of the utility in a deregulated environment. The Distribution RSR totaled \$8.1 million and the Supply RSR totaled \$14.6 million at year-end, both at the maximum guideline levels established by Council. A transfer of \$13.9 million was made to the Calaveras Reserve, which reached \$55.6 million at year-end, or 60 percent of its target level.

Gas Fund operating revenues were \$1.6 million above prior year levels, resulting from increased gas consumption. Commodity purchases and other operating expenses were \$.5 million higher than prior year levels. In 1997-98, the Gas RSR was split into supply and distribution reserves to allow for appropriate tracking of the supply and distribution components of the utility in a deregulated environment. The Gas Fund's Distribution RSR balance at the end of 1997-98 was \$7.9 million and the Supply RSR was \$8.5 million, significantly exceeding the maximum guideline levels. An approved 7 percent reduction in gas rates in 1998-99 will help to bring these reserve levels closer to the established guidelines.

Wastewater Collection Fund operating revenues were slightly (\$.03 million) higher than the previous year. Operating expenses were \$.5 million higher than the prior year. The Wastewater Collection's RSR balance of \$7.4 million is \$2.4 million above the maximum guideline level approved by Council. Recommendations to address this excess reserve balance will be made as part of the 1999-2001 Budget.

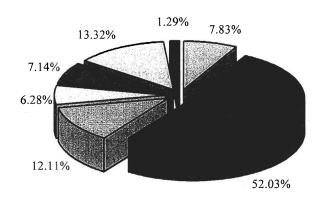
Wastewater Treatment Fund operating revenues, which are based on cost reimbursements from the Regional Water Quality Control Plant (RWQCP) Partners, were \$.6 million, or 5.8 percent higher than the prior year. Operating expenses were \$.5 million higher than the prior year. The Wastewater Treatment's RSR balance of \$3.4 million is within the Councilapproved guidelines.

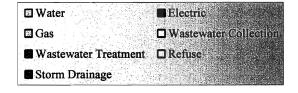
Refuse Fund operating revenues were \$.5 million higher than the prior year, and operating expenses were \$1.4 million higher than 1996-97. The RSR totals \$6 million at the end of 1997-98, exceeding the maximum guideline level by \$2 million. Recommendations to address this excess reserve balance will be made as part of the 1999-2001 Budget.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

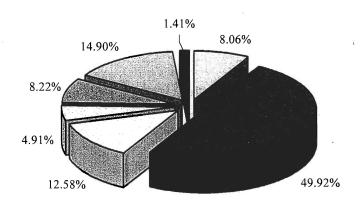
For the year ended June 30, 1998

REVENUES BY FUND





EXPENSES BY FUND



| ☐ Water | | | Electr | c | |
|----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| □ Gas | | | ⊐ Waste | water C | olleenon |
| ■ Wastev | vater Tre | atment [| Refus | | |
| Storm | Drainage | | | | |

| Enterprise Funds (\$000) | Revenues | | Expenses | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----|----------|----|---------|
| Water | | \$ | 13,029 | \$ | 11,139 |
| Electric | | | 86,551 | | 68,965 |
| Gas | | | 20,142 | | 17,383 |
| Wastewater Collection | | | 10,450 | | 6,777 |
| Wastewater Treatment | | | 11,870 | | 11,361 |
| Refuse | | | 22,152 | | 20,577 |
| Storm Drainage | | | 2,153 | | 1,949 |
| Total | | \$ | 166,347 | \$ | 138,151 |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

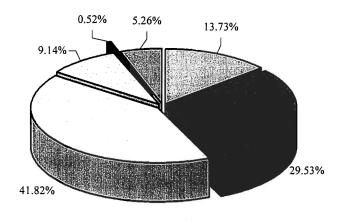
For the year ended June 30, 1998

REVENUES BY CATEGORY

9.49%



EXPENSES BY CATEGORY



| ■ Salaries and Bene | efits 🔳 | Operating | Bronne |
|---------------------|---------|-------------|---------------|
| ☐ Purchases | | Transfers t | o Cercal Imml |
| ■ Interest Expense | | Rent | |

| Revenues (\$000) | 1998 Actual | % of Total | | Increase (Decrease) from 1997 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Utility Sales Other Revenue | \$ 140,554 15,791 | 84.50 9.49 | \$ | 15,805 (3,712) |
| Investment Income | 10,002 | 6.01 | | 2,339 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 166,347 | 100.00 | <u>\$</u> | 14,432 |
| Expenses (\$000) | | | | |
| Salaries and Benefits | \$ 18,964 | 13.73 | \$ | 1,851 |
| Operating Expenses | 40,796 | 29.53 | | 4,271 |
| Purchases | 57,778 | 41.82 | | 7,230 |
| Transfers to General Fund | 12,623 | 9.14 | | 317 |
| Interest Expense | 715 | 0.52 | | (39) |
| Rent | 7,275 | 5.26 | | 288 |
| Total Expenses | \$ 138,151 | 100.00 | \$ | 13,918 |

Storm Drainage Fund operating revenues were about the same as 1996-97 revenues. Fund expenses were \$.3 million above prior year expenses. At year-end, the Fund had an RSR balance of \$.5 million. No formal reserve policies exist for the Storm Drainage Fund.

Cash Management

In 1997-98, the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Statement 31, which requires that the City's investments be carried at fair market value instead of cost (carrying value). The City's investment portfolio had a fair market value of \$257.8 million at year-end, which was \$1.939 million higher than the carrying value. The portfolio grew by more than \$30 million during 1997-98. Approximately two-thirds of this growth, about \$20 million, was in the Enterprise Funds, primarily reflecting the augmentation of the Calaveras Reserve. Interest income totaled \$14.8 million in 1997-98, an increase of \$1.8 million from 1996-97.

The City invests funds prudently and ensures that there is sufficient liquidity to meet unexpected needs. As of June 30, 1998, 54.3 percent of portfolio securities would mature in less than two years, and \$29.1 million of the portfolio was immediately available in overnight funds. The available liquid funds represent over a month's operating and capital expenditures. The City's ongoing cash needs are adequately met through the receipt of daily cash, due in part to a consistent flow of utility revenues. Although the City has a "buy and hold" philosophy, which means holding securities until they mature, the City's investments are very liquid on the secondary market.

The City's portfolio yield was 6.58 percent, slightly above the 6.13 percent earned in 1996-97. The average life of securities in the portfolio declined from 2.23 years in 1996-97 to 1.84 years in 1997-98. Toward the end of 1997-98, investment yields decreased dramatically. A flattened yield curve (where yields on two-year investments were essentially the same as yields on five-year investments), has prompted investments in overnight funds and short-term securities. These short-term investments have reduced the average life of the portfolio. The Asian crisis is expected to exert continued pressure on interest rates and portfolio earnings in the future.

The City of Palo Alto has adopted an Investment Policy, as prescribed by State law. During 1997-98, staff complied with all aspects of the City's Investment Policy.

Debt Administration

Debt recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Group at June 30, 1998 totaled \$12.7 million, as compared to \$14.1 million at the close of the prior fiscal year. The City's debt obligations

are comprised of:

| Type Special Assessment Debt with | Principal Outstanding |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| City Commitment | \$5,685 |
| Certificates of Participation (COPs) | \$5,215 |
| Capital Lease | \$1,186 |
| Lease Revenue Bonds | \$625 |

In July 1998, the City was informed that it received the highest general city credit rating possible (AAA) from both Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services. Palo Alto is the first city in California to obtain an AAA rating from Standard and Poor's since the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978. Moody's has issued only one other AAA general city credit rating recently.

Risk Management

The City is obligated to maintain adequate reserves for its self-insured health, worker's compensation and general liability programs. Calculation of necessary reserve levels is made on an annual basis and recorded at the end of the fiscal year. Reserves include an estimate of incurred but not reported (IBNR) losses. Operating departments are charged for their share of operating expenses for the self-insured programs, which includes the maintenance of adequate reserves. The City's self-insurance reserves totaled \$7.7 million in 1997-98, a reduction of \$.3 million from prior year levels. This amount includes reserves for dental claims (\$.2 million), worker's compensation and general liability claims (\$7.2 million), and municipal liability claims (\$.3 million).

In fiscal year 1997-98, an actuarial study was conducted. The City's actuarial consultant, Capital Actuarial Consultants, determined that the 1997-98 worker's compensation and general liability self-insurance reserves should be \$7.2 million.

Municipal liability claims are handled through the Authority of California Cities Excess Liabilities (ACCEL) Program. As a member of ACCEL, the City shares pooled risk for civil liability exposures with eleven other cities. Participation in ACCEL provides the City with an alternative to purchasing liability insurance from commercial carriers. In a prior year, one of the ACCEL member cities suffered losses due to extensive flooding and landslide damage. As a member of the self-insurance pool, the City is expected to share in that loss.

Palo Alto's estimated share of the damage is estimated at \$0.3 million, and payment is now anticipated in fiscal year 1998-99.

For the sixth year in its twelve-year history, ACCEL returned retroactive adjustments to its members; the adjustments are calculated beginning five years after the end of each program year. The City received a retroactive adjustment of \$0.5 million during 1997-98, relating to the liability year 1992-93. The program reserves are maintained in excess of \$27 million.

AWARDS

For the fourth consecutive year, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997.

In addition, the City received a Certificate of Award for Outstanding Financial Reporting from the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997. The City received this award for the fourth straight year.

These awards are given to agencies whose CAFRs conform to high standards of public reporting and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and attainment represents a significant accomplishment by the agencies and its management. Both awards are valid for a period of one year. Staff believes that the current CAFR continues to meet both programs' requirements, and submissions to GFOA and CSMFO will again be made to determine eligibility for certificates.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report reflects the hard work dedication, talent and commitment of the staff members of the Administrative Services Department. This document could not have been accomplished without their efforts. Each individual deserves sincere appreciation for their contributions. Special acknowledgment should be given to the City Council Finance Committee for its support and interest in directing the financial affairs of the City in a responsible, professional and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

CARL YEATS

Director, Administrative Services

UNE FLEMING

City Manager

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palo Alto, California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

COMPORATION SEE ALL

CONCLASO

CHICAGO

CHICAGO

CHICAGO

Executive Director

California Society of Municipal Finance Officers

Certificate of Award

Outstanding Financial Reporting 1996-97

Presented to the

City of Palo Alto

This certificate is issued in recognition of meeting professional standards and criteria in reporting which reflect a high level of quality in the annual financial statements and in the underlying accounting system from which the reports were prepared.

February 23, 1998



Dedicated to Excellence in Municipal Financial Management





ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION 1670 Riviera Avenue - Suite 100 Walnut Creek, California 94596 (925) 930-0902 • FAX (925) 930-0135

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Palo Alto, California

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Palo Alto as of and for the year ended June 30, 1998 as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements as of June 30, 1997 were audited by other auditors whose opinion dated October 30, 1997 was unqualified.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects the financial position of the City of Palo Alto at June 30, 1998 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued reports dated October 2, 1998 on our consideration of the City of Palo Alto's internal control structure and on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and account group statements and schedules section listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Palo Alto. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the general purpose financial statements, and in our opinion is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

The statistical section listed in the Table of Contents was not audited by us, and we do not express an opinion on this information.

Maze + Issociates

October 2, 1998

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

COMBINED STATEMENTS OVERVIEW

These statements provide an overview of the combined financial position and the operating results of all fund types and account groups. Individual funds utilized by the City are grouped in these statements as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE OPERATION

These funds (general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects) are those through which governmental functions are typically funded with the emphasis on sources and uses of resources.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE OPERATION

These funds (enterprise and internal service) are used to account for activities similar to private industry with the emphasis on net income determination.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

These funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control for the City's general fixed assets and unmatured principal of its general long-term obligations. Because these assets and liabilities are long-term they are neither spendable resources nor do they require current appropriation. They are accounted for separate from governmental fund types.

CITY OF PALO ALTO COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES | | | PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | General | Special Revenue | Debt Service | Capital Projects | Enterprise | Internal Service |
| Cash and investments (Note 3): | | - | | | | |
| Available for operations Restricted | \$38,781 | \$9,487 | \$1,107 1,057 | \$15,162 | \$155,417 2,755 | \$31,770 |
| Receivables, net: Accounts Special assessments | 6,072 | 126 | 5,195 | | 14,351 | 26 |
| Interest | 879 | 126 | 28 | | 2,194 | 378 |
| Notes (Note 5) Interfund receivable (Note 4) | 689 514 | 6,397 | | | | |
| Inventory of materials and supplies Prepaid items | 1,953 | | | | 42 | 217 180 |
| Deferred compensation plan investments (Note 14) Property, plant and equipment, net (Note 6) Amount available in debt service funds Amount to be provided for retirement | | | | | 226,667 | 7,674 |
| of general long-term debt | | | | | | - |
| Total Assets | \$48,888 | \$16,136 | \$7,387 | \$15,162 | \$401,426 | \$40,245 |
| LIABILITIES | | • | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits | \$1,525 982 | \$137 | | \$527 | \$7,513 420 | \$343 1,421 |
| Deferred revenue Deferred compensation payable (Note 14) | 477 | 129 | \$5,195 | | | 1,121 |
| Accrued compensated absences (Note 1F) Accrued self-insurance (Note 15) Landfill closure and postclosure care (Note 9) | | | · · | | 7,238 | 9,677 7,650 |
| Interfund payable (Note 4) Due to bondholders | • | 514 | | | 7,230 | |
| Long term obligations (Note 7): Lease revenue bonds | | | | | | |
| Certificates of participation Capital lease obligations | | | | | | |
| Utility revenue bonds, net of unamortized discount Special assessment debt with city commitment (Note 8) | · | | | | 17,915 | |
| Total Liabilities | 2,984 | 780 | 5,195 | 527 | 33,086 | 19,091 |
| FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS | | • | | | | |
| Contributed capital (Note 1G) Investment in general fixed assets | | | | | 58,593 | 6,140 |
| Retained earnings (Note 10) Fund balances (Note 10): | | | | | 309,747 | 15,014 |
| Reserved Unreserved: | 7,678 | 12,424 | 2,191 | 20,626 | | |
| Designated Undesignated | 38,226 | 5,425 (2,493) | 1 | (5,991) | | |
| Total Fund Equity | 45,904 | 15,356 | 2,192 | 14,635 | 309,747 | 15,014 |
| Total Equity and Other Credits | 45,904 | 15,356 | 2,192 | 14,635 | 368,340 | 21,154 |
| Total Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits | \$48,888 | \$16,136 | \$7,387 | \$15,162 | \$401,426 | \$40,245 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

| FIDUCIARY | | | TOTALS | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| FUND TYPES | ACCOUNT | | (Memorand | um Only) | |
| Trust and | General Fixed | General Long- | 1000 | | |
| Agency | Assets | Term Obligations | 1998 | 1997 | |
| | | | | | |
| \$8,451 | | | \$260,175 | \$225,044 | |
| 1 | | | 3,813 | 5,277 | |
| | | | 20.575 | 10.047 | |
| | | | 20,575 5,195 | 19,047 5,685 | |
| 114 | | | 3,719 | 3,418 | |
| | | | 7,086 | 7,127 | |
| | | | 514 | 203 | |
| | | | 2,170 | 2,308 | |
| | | | 222 | 187 | |
| 58,612 | | | 58,612 | 48,259 | |
| | \$105,695 | | 340,036 | 328,291 | |
| | | \$2,192 | 2,192 | 2,350 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 10,519 | 10,519 | 11,766 | |
| \$67,178 | \$105,695 | \$12,711 | \$714,828 | \$658,962 | |
| | \$105,075 | \$12,711 | #714,020 | \$050,902 | |
| | | • | | | |
| | | | 010.046 | 07.050 | |
| \$1 | | · | \$10,046 | \$7,353 | |
| | | | 2,823 | 2,676 | |
| 50 613 | | | 5,801 | 5,685 | |
| 58,612 | | | 58,612 9,677 | 48,259 8,876 | |
| | | | 7,650 | 5,876 7,920 | |
| | | | 7,030 | 6,932 | |
| | | | 7,236 514 | 203 | |
| 400 | | | 400 | 437 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | \$625 | 625 | 725 | |
| | | 5,215 | 5,215 | 5,675 | |
| | | 1,186 | 1,186 | 1,581 | |
| | | | 17,915 | 18,724 | |
| | | 5,685 | 5,685 | 6,135 | |
| 59,013 | | 12,711 | 133,387_ | 121,181 | |
| | - | | | | |
| | : | 3 | | | |
| | | | 64,733 | 64,590 | |
| | \$105,695 | | 105,695 | 104,167 | |
| | 4100,000 | | 324,761 | 295,774 | |
| | | , , | - | | |
| | | | 42,919 | 33,031 | |
| | | | | 00.000 | |
| 59 | | | 43,711 | 33,321 | |
| 8,106 | | | (378) | 6,898 | |
| 8,165 | | | 411,013 | 369,024 | |
| 8,165 | 105,695 | | 581,441 | 537,781 | |
| \$67,178 | \$105,695 | \$12,711 | \$714,828 | \$658,962 | |
| | - | | | | |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | GOV | 'ERNMENTA | L FUND TY | PES | FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE | FUND TYPE (Memorandum Only | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | General | Special Revenue | Debt Service | Capital Projects | Expendable Trust | 1998 | 1997 |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes Special assessments | \$8,903 | | \$857 | | | \$8,903 857 | \$7,735 858 |
| Sales taxes | 20,011 | | 4057 | | | 20,011 | 18,277 |
| Utility users' tax | 5,780 | • | | | | 5,780 | 5,509 |
| Transient occupancy tax | 5,846 | 61 124 | | | | 5,84 6 | 5,107 |
| Other taxes and fines Fire protection and emergency | 6,694 | \$1,134 | | | | 7,828 | 6,399 |
| communication services | 4,507 | | | | | 4,507 | 4,193 |
| From other agencies | 667 | 757 | 250 | \$58 | | 1,732 | 2,239 |
| Service fees and permits | 8,984 | | | | | 8,984 | 9,087 |
| Return on investment | 3,759 | 599 | 93 | | \$530 | 4,981 | 3,736 |
| Rental income Other | 10,074 2,848 | 3,505 | | . 1 | 33 | 10,074 6,387 | 9,667 4,393 |
| Total Revenues | 78,073 | 5,995 | 1,200 | 59 | 563 | 85,890 | 77,200 |
| | 10,013 | 3,993 | 1,200 | | | | 77,200 |
| EXPENDITURES Current operations: | | | | | | | |
| City Council | 151 | • | | | | 151 | 116 |
| City Manager | 988 | | | | | 988 | 918 |
| City Attorney | 1,380 | | | | | 1,380 | 1,162 |
| City Clerk | 813 | | | | | 813 | 600 |
| City Auditor Administrative Services | 418 7 , 400 | | | | | 418 7 , 400 | 426 6,921 |
| Human Resources | 1,837 | | • | • | | 1,837 | 1,546 |
| Public Works | 8,172 | | | | | 8,172 | 7,339 |
| Planning and Community Environment | 4,832 | | | | | 4,832 | 4,320 |
| Public Safety - Police | 16,093 | | | | 42 | 16,135 | 14,835 |
| Public Safety - Fire Community Services | 13,100 15,050 | | | | | 13,100 15,050 | 12,292 13,972 |
| School site operations | 6,298 | | | | | 6,298 | 6,086 |
| Capital outlay | 0,220 | 923 | | 5,826 | | 6 , 749 | 7,581 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | | 1,405 | | | 1,405 | 1,355 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | 888 | | | 888 | 964 |
| Total Expenditures | 76,532 | 923 | 2,293 | 5,826 | 42 | 85,616 | 80,433 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | 4 | | | _ | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | 1,541 | 5,072 | (1,093) | (5,767) | 521 | 274 | (3,233) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in (Note 4) Operating transfers (out) (Note 4) | 12,755 (7,822) | (3,275) | 935 | 10,132 | · | 23,825 (11,097) | 21,636 (9,205) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 4,933 | (3,272) | 935 | 10,132 | | 12,728 | 12,431 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES | 6,474 | 1,800 | (158) | 4,365 | 521 | 13,002 | 9,198 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated (Note 8) | 38,575 | 13,556 | 2,350 | 11,125 | 7,644 | 73,250 | 64,052 |
| Residual equity transfers in | 855 | | | | | 855 | 1,108 |
| Residual equity transfers (out) | | | | (855) | | (855) | (1,108) |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$45,904 | \$15,356 | \$2,192 | \$14,635 | \$8,165 | \$86,252 | <u>\$73,250</u> |

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL, SPECIAL REVENUE, AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (In thousands of dollars)

| | GENERAL | | | SPECIAL REVENUE | | |
|---|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|
| | | | Variance Favorable | | - | Variance Favorable |
| REVENUES | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Property taxes | \$8,405 | \$8,903 | \$498 | | | |
| Special assessments | \$6,405 | 40,703 | Ψ+70 | | | |
| Sales taxes | 19,700 | 20,011 | 311 | | | |
| Utility users' tax | 5,485 | 5,780 | 295 | | | |
| Transient occupancy tax | 5,700 | 5,846 | 146 | | | |
| Other taxes and fines | 5,718 | 6,694 | 976 | \$1,125 | \$1,134 | \$ 9 |
| Fire protection and emergency | ٠,, ٠٠٠ | ٠,٠٠٠ . | , , , , , | 4,-, | 4-, | 7 |
| communication services | 4,534 | 4,507 | (27) | | | |
| From other agencies | 171 | 667 | 496 | 971 | 757 | (214) |
| Service fees and permits | 8,826 | 8,984 | 158 | | | ` , |
| Return on investment | 3,100 | 3,759 | 659 | 455 | 599 | 144 |
| Rental income | 9,838 | 10,074 | 236 | | | |
| Other | 2,527 | 2,848 | 321 | 639 | 3,505 | 2,866 |
| Total Revenues | 74,004 | 78,073 | 4,069 | 3,190 | 5,995 | 2,805 |
| EXPENDITURES | | • | | • | | |
| Current operations: | | | | | | |
| City Council | 169 | 151 | 18 | | | |
| City Manager | 1,283 | 988 | 295 | | • | |
| City Attorney | 1,725 | 1,380 | 345 | | | |
| City Clerk | 855 | 813 | 42 | | | |
| City Auditor | 509 | 418 | 91 | | | |
| Administrative Services | 8,290 | 7,400 | 890 | | | |
| Human Resources | 1,927 | 1,837 | 90 | | | |
| Public Works | 9,202 | 8,172 | 1,030 | | | |
| Planning and Community Environment | 5,499 | 4,832 | 667 | | | |
| Public Safety - Police | 16,437 | 16,093 | 344 | | | |
| Public Safety - Fire | 13,372 | 13,100 | 272 | | | |
| Community Services | 15,797 | 15,050 | 747 | , | | |
| School site operations | 6,365 | 6,298 | 67 | | | |
| Capital outlay | 0,303 | 0,290 | 07 | 2,356 | 923 | 1,433 |
| Debt Service | | | | 2,330 | 923 | 1,433 |
| Principal retirement | | | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | | | | • |
| increst and fiscal charges | | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 81,430 | 76,532 | 4,898 | 2,356 | 923 | 1,433 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURÉS | (7,426) | 1,541 | 8,967 | 834 | 5,072 | 4,238 |
| OTHER ENLANGING COURCES (LICES) | | | | | • | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in | 12,820 | 12,755 | (65) | 3 | 3 | |
| Operating transfers (out) | (7,799) | | (23) | | | 220 |
| Operating transfers (out) | (1,199) | (7,822) | (23) | (3,614) | (3,275) | 339 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 5,021 | 4,933 | (88) | (3,611) | (3,272) | 339 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND | | • | | | | |
| OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | - | | | | |
| AND OTHER USES | (\$2,405) | 6,474 | \$8,879 | (\$2,777) | 1,800 | \$4,577 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated | | 38,575 | | | 13,556 | |
| Residual equity transfer in | | 855 | | | | |
| Residual equity transfer (out) | | | _ | | | ٠. |
| Fund balances at end of year | | \$45,904 | • | | \$15,356 | · · |
| | | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | | | |
| \$849 | \$857 | . \$8 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 246 | 250 | 4 | | | |
| . 59 | 93 | 34 | | | |
| 1,154 | 1,200 | 46 | | | |

| 1,405 921 | 1,405 888 | 33 |
|--------------|--------------|-------|
| 2,326 | 2,293 | - 33 |
| (1,172) | (1,093) | 79 |
| 912 | 935 | 23 |
| 912 | 935 | 23 |
| (\$260) | (158) | \$102 |
| | 2,350 | |
| | \$2,192 | |

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | | | TOTA (Memorand) | |
|--|----------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Testa en el es | Internal | 1009 | 1007 |
| OPERATING REVENUES | Enterprise | Service | 1998 | 1997 |
| Sales of utilities: | | | • | |
| Customers | \$121,777 | | \$121,777 | \$117,677 |
| City departments | 7,332 | • | 7,332 | 7,072 |
| Wholesale | 11,445 | | 11,445 | 2,505 |
| Wastewater treatment | 6,936 | | 6,936 | 6,735 |
| Service connection charges and miscellaneous | 770 | | 770 | 916 |
| Charges for services | | \$32,721 | 32,721 | 29,615 |
| Other revenues | 8,085 | , | 8,085 | 11,852 |
| • | | | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | 156,345 | 32,721 | 189,066 | 176,372 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Purchase of utilities | 57,778 | | 57,778 | 53,053 |
| Administration and general | 7,953 | 2,521 | 10,474 | 9,282 |
| Engineering (operating) | 2,639 | · | 2,639 | 2,185 |
| Resource management | 3,618 | | 3,618 | 3,099 |
| Operations and maintenance | 25,230 | 1,726 | 26,956 | 25,137 |
| Rent | 7,275 | • | 7,275 | 6,987 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 8,746 | 1,701 | 10,447 | 9,832 |
| Claim payments and change in | · · | | · | · |
| estimated self-insured liability | | 3,030 | 3,030 | 2,583 |
| Compensated absences and other benefits | | 25,349 | 25,349 | 23,884 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 113,239 | 34,327 | 147,566 | 136,042 |
| Occupation Income (Total) | 42.106 | (1.606) | 41.500 | 40.220 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 43,106 | (1,606) | 41,500 | 40,330 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | • | | |
| Return on investment | 10,002 | 1,783 | 11,785 | 9,262 |
| Interest (expense) | (715) | | (715) | (754) |
| Joint venture debt service | (11,433) | | (11,433) | (9,034) |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets | (141) | 109 | (32) | (445) |
| Other non-operating revenues | Constitution | 610 | 610 | 794 |
| Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | (2,287) | 2,502 | 215 | (177) |
| Income Before Operating Transfers | 40,819 | 896 | 41,715 | 40,153 |
| Operating transfers in (Note 4) | 619 | | 619 | 213 |
| Operating transfers (out) (Note 4) | (13,242) | (105) | (13,347) | (12,644) |
| Net Income | 28,196 | 791 | 28,987 | 27,722 |
| Retained earnings at beginning of year | 281,551 | 14,223 | 295,774 | 268,052 |
| Retained earnings at end of year | \$309,747 | \$15,014 | \$324,761 | \$295,774 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CITY OF PALO ALTO COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | • | | TOTA | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Enterprise | Internal Service | 1998 | 1997 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | \$43,106 | (\$1,606) | \$41,500 | \$40,330 |
| cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Other Changes in assets and liabilities: | 8,746 | 1,701 610 | 10 ,44 7 610 | 9,832 909 |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase in interest receivable Increase in inventory of materials and supplies | (1,237) (210) | (8) 2 5 | (1,245) (208) 5 | 218 (161) (35) |
| Increase in prepaid items Decrease in accounts payable, accrued liabilities | 145 | (180) | (35) | (23) |
| and accrued salaries and benefits Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Increase in accrued self-insurance | 2,889 | 121 801 (270) | 3,010 801 (270) | (1,035) (55) 87 |
| Increase in accrued landfill closure liability | 306 | (270) | 306 | 247_ |
| Net cash from operating activities | 53,745 | 1,176 | 54,921 | 50,314 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | • | | |
| Operating transfers in | 619 | | 619 | 213 |
| Operating transfers (out) | (13,242) | (105) | (13,347) | (12,644) |
| Net cash used in non capital financing activities | (12,623) | (105) | (12,728) | (12,431) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Acquisition and construction of fixed assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | (18,540) | (2,103) 121 | (20,643) 121 | (27,163) |
| Principal paid on long term debt Interest paid on long term debt | (840) (12,148) | | (840) (12,148) | (801) (9,788) |
| Residual equity transfer in Residual equity transfer (out) | | 2,000 (2,000) | 2,000 (2,000) | |
| Net cash used in capital financing activities | (31,528) | (1,982) | (33,510) | (37,752) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received from cash and investments | 10,002 | 1,783 | 11,785 | 9,262 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 10,002 | 1,783 | 11,785 | 9,262 |
| Net Cash Flows | 19,596 | 872 | 20,468 | 9,393 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 138,576 | 30,898 | 169,474 | 160,081 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$158,172 | \$31,770 | \$189,942 | \$169,474 |
| FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION: Cash and investments available for operations Restricted cash and investments | \$155,417 2,755 | \$31,770 | \$187,187 - 2,755 | \$165,234 4,240 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$158,172 | \$31,770 | \$189,942 | \$169,474 |
| NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Increase in contributed capital | | \$143 | \$143 | \$451 |

INDEX TO THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes are essential to present fairly the information contained in the overview level of general purpose financial statements. Narrative explanations are intended to communicate information that is not readily apparent or cannot be included in the statements and schedules themselves, and to provide additional disclosures as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

| 1. | Summary of Significant Accounting Polices | 13 |
|-----|---|----|
| 2. | Budgets and Budgetary Accounting | 18 |
| 3. | Cash and Investments | 19 |
| 4. | Interfund Transactions | 23 |
| 5. | Notes and Loans Receivable | 24 |
| 6. | Property, Plant and Equipment | 26 |
| 7. | General Long Term Debt | 28 |
| 8. | Special Assessment Debt | 32 |
| 9. | Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care | 34 |
| 10. | Fund Equity | 35 |
| 11. | Segment Information for Enterprise Funds | 38 |
| 12. | Pension Plans | 39 |
| 13. | Retiree Health Benefits | 40 |
| 14. | Deferred Compensation Plan | 41 |
| 15. | Risk Management | 42 |
| 16. | Joint Ventures | 43 |
| 17. | Commitments and Contingencies | 47 |

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Palo Alto was incorporated in 1894 and operates as a charter city, having had its first charter granted by the State of California in 1909. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works, electric, water, gas, wastewater, storm drain, refuse, golf course, planning and zoning, general administration services, library, open space and science, recreational and human services.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is governed by a nine member council elected by City residents. The City is legally separate and fiscally independent which means it can issue debt, set and modify budgets and fees and sue or be sued. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

The financial statements of the City of Palo Alto include the financial activities of the City as well as the Palo Alto Public Improvement Corporation and the City of Palo Alto Golf Course Corporation, both of which provide financing of public capital improvements for the City. Their governing boards must be approved by City Council. While these are separate legal entities, their financial activities are integral to those of the City. Their financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blended") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

The Palo Alto Public Improvement Corporation provides financing of public capital improvements for the City through the issuance of Certificates of Participation (COPs), a form of debt which allows investors to participate in a stream of future lease payments. Proceeds from the COPs are used to construct projects which are leased to the City. The lease payments are sufficient in timing and amount to meet the debt service requirements of the COPs. The Corporation is controlled by the City, which performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Corporation. The financial activities of the Corporation are included in the Civic Center Debt Service Fund and general long term obligations account group.

The City of Palo Alto Golf Course Corporation provides financing of golf course improvements for the City through the issuance of Lease Revenue Bonds (Bonds), a form of debt which allows investors to participate in a stream of future lease payments. Proceeds from the Bonds are used to construct projects which are leased to the City. The lease payments are sufficient in timing and amount to meet the debt service requirements of the Bonds. The Corporation is controlled by the City, which performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Corporation. The financial activities of the Corporation are included in the Golf Course Debt Service Fund and general long term obligations account group.

Financial statements for the above component units may be obtained from the City of Palo Alto, Administrative Services Department, 250 Hamilton Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94301.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. These various funds are grouped as follows, in the general purpose financial statements:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs and expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent or trustee for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. These include agency, expendable trust, and pension trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in the same manner as governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general purpose financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental fund types, expendable trust and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally sixty days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Amounts which could not be measured or were not available were not accrued as revenue in the current fiscal year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, motor vehicle in lieu fees, fines and earned grant entitlements, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, use of money and property revenue, and interest revenue. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Licenses and permits, state gas taxes, charges for services, forfeitures and miscellaneous revenue are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Financial resources usually are appropriated in other funds for transfer to a debt service fund in the period in which maturing debt principal and interest must be paid. Such amounts are not current liabilities of the debt service fund as their settlement will not require expenditure of existing fund assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred, except for revenues from utility customers, which are recognized based on cycle billings. Revenues for services provided but not billed at the end of a fiscal period are not material and are not accrued.

The City follows those Financial Accounting Standard Board Statements issued before November 30, 1989 which do not conflict with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements.

D. Measurement Focus

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for on a spending or *financial flow* measurement focus, which means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of *available spendable resources*. Governmental fund types and expendable trust fund operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of *available spendable resources* during a period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a cost of services or *capital maintenance* measurement focus, which means that all assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total assets.

E. Inventory of Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are held for consumption and are valued at average cost. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as an expenditure at the time inventory items is used, rather than purchased.

F. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences includes the vested portions of vacation, sick leave, and overtime compensation pay. The City's liability for accrued compensated absences is recorded in the General Benefits and Insurance Internal Service Fund. The Fund is reimbursed through payroll charges to all other funds. Earned but unpaid vacation and overtime compensation pay is recognized as an expense or expenditure in the Proprietary and Governmental Fund Types when earned because the City has provided financial resources for the full amount through its budgetary process. Vested accumulated sick pay is paid in the event of termination due to disability and under certain conditions specified in employment agreements primarily restricted to individuals with fifteen or more years of continuous service. The City had accumulated vacation and overtime compensation pay of \$5.869 million, and vested accumulated sick pay of \$3.808 million as of June 30, 1998.

G. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents contributions from developers and other funds received by the proprietary funds to acquire capital assets. Changes in contributed capital were as follows (in thousands):

| | | Internal |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|
| | Enterprise | Service |
| | Funds | Funds |
| Balance, June 30, 1996 | \$58,593 | \$5,546 |
| Contributions from other funds | <u> </u> | 451 |
| Balance, June 30, 1997 | 58,593 | 5,997 |
| Contributions from other funds | · | 143 |
| Balance, June 30, 1998 | \$58,593 | \$6,140 |

During the year ended June 30, 1998, the City transferred contributed capital amounting to \$2 million from the Vehicle Replacement and Maintenance Internal Service Fund to the Computer Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Property Tax

Santa Clara County assesses properties and bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1, and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31. Collection of delinquent accounts is the responsibility of the County, which retains all penalties.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property tax revenues are recognized by the City in the fiscal year they are assessed, provided they become available as defined above.

I. Classification Changes

For the year ended June 30, 1998, certain account classifications have been changed to improve financial statement presentation. For comparative purposes, prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 1998 presentation.

J. New Fund

During the year ended June 30, 1998, the City established the Computer Replacement Internal Service Fund to account for the maintenance and replacement of computer equipment used by all City departments.

K. Rounding

All amounts included on the combined statements, footnotes, and combining statements and schedules are presented to the nearest thousands in accordance with the City's policy.

L. Total Columns on Combined Statements

Although each of the City's funds is a separate accounting entity, the Combined Financial Statements also include total columns, which are captioned Memorandum Only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in cash flow in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation, since no interfund eliminations have been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget ordinance for all funds except for Trust and Agency Funds.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to reallocate funds from a contingent account maintained in the General Fund in conformance with the adopted policies set by the City Council. Additional appropriations to departments in the General Fund, or to total appropriations for each other budgeted fund, or transfers of appropriations between funds, require approval by the City Council.
- 5. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level for the General Fund, at the fund level for Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year in all funds except Trust and Agency Funds.
- 7. Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all funds.
- 8. Expenditures for the Capital Projects Fund are budgeted and managed on a project length basis and budget to actual comparisons for these expenditures have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

B. Reconciliation with Original Appropriations

Budgeted expenditure amounts in the budgetary comparison statements are reconciled below with the amounts originally appropriated by City Council (in thousands):

| | Original | Amendments | Amended |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| Fund | Appropriations | (net) | Budget |
| General Fund | \$83,356 | (\$1,926) | \$81,430 |
| Special Revenue Funds: | | | |
| Federal Revenue | 860 | 123 | 983 |
| Housing In-Lieu | 50 | 992 | 1,042 |
| Local Law Enforcement | | 331 | 331 |
| Downtown Planned Community | . 50 | (50) | |
| Debt Service Funds: | | | |
| Terman Lease | 502 | | 502 |
| Golf Course | 153 | | 153 |
| Civic Center | 816 | | 816 |
| Special Assessment Debt | 855 | | 855 |

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

C. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reappropriated in the following year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated in the following year.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average month-end cash and investment balances in these funds.

A. Categorization of Credit Risk of Securities Instruments

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to maximize security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all its investments, regardless of their form.

The City categorizes its individual securities instruments in ascending order to reflect the relative risk of loss of these instruments. This risk is called Credit Risk, the lower the number, the lower the risk.

The three levels of risk prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles are described below:

Category 1 - The City is the registered owner of securities held in book entry form by the bank's Trust Department. Securities instruments in this category are in the City's name and are in the possession of the Trust Department of the bank employed by the City solely for this purpose.

Category 2 - Securities instruments and book entry form securities in this category are held by the Bank's Trust Department as the City's agent in the City's name.

Category 3 - None of the City's investments are in this category, which would include only Cityowned securities instruments or book entry form securities which were not in the City's name and not held by the bank's Trust Department.

Pooled Investments - Pooled investments are not categorized because of their pooled, rather than individual, nature.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments are carried at fair market value (see F. below) and are categorized as follows at June 30 (in thousands):

| | 1998 | | |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| Cash and Investments | | | |
| Available for | | | |
| Operations | Restricted | Total | 1997 |
| | | | |
| \$15,108 | | \$15,108 | \$24,968 |
| 215,087 | | 215,087 | 187,358 |
| • | | | |
| | \$170 | 170 | 163 |
| | 761 | 761 | |
| | | | |
| 18,796 | | 18,796 | 10,000 |
| 5,100 | 2,788 | 7,888 | 6,114 |
| 254,091 | 3,719 | 257,810 | 228,603 |
| 6,084 | 94_ | 6,178 | 1,718 |
| \$260,175 | \$3,813 | \$263,988 | \$230,321 |
| | Available for Operations \$15,108 215,087 18,796 5,100 254,091 6,084 | Cash and Investments Available for Operations Restricted \$15,108 215,087 \$170 761 18,796 5,100 2,788 254,091 3,719 6,084 94 | Cash and Investments Available for Operations Restricted Total \$15,108 \$15,108 215,087 215,087 \$170 170 761 761 18,796 18,796 5,100 2,788 7,888 254,091 3,719 257,810 6,084 94 6,178 |

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. All these funds have been invested as permitted under the Code.

Cash and investments maturing in three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be liquid assets for purposes of measuring cash flows.

B. Cash Deposits

Cash in banks is entirely insured or collateralized by the institution holding the deposit. California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for all municipal deposits. This collateral is considered to be held in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution. The City has waived collateral requirements for the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance.

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposits was \$6.178 million at June 30, 1998. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$7.195 million, of which \$195 thousand was insured (Category 1) and \$7 million was collateralized as discussed above (Category 2) at June 30, 1998.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Market Risk and Investment Maturities

Market risk is the risk that investments will decline in market value. The City limits market risk by limiting the types and maturities of its investments and by not borrowing against its investments. Investment yield is ranked after safety and liquidity in making investment decisions. All investments are held to maturity and maturities are matched to the City's projected cash flow needs. Investments at fair market value matured as follows at June 30 (in thousands):

| | 1998 | 1997 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Available immediately | \$29,124 | \$25,277 |
| Maturities of less than one year | 60,387 | 35,120 |
| Maturities of one to five years | 167,915 | 167,795 |
| Maturities of five to eighteen years | 384 | 411 |
| Total Investments | \$257,810 | \$228,603 |

D. Authorized City Investments

Investment instruments authorized for purchase include:

- 1. Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies. No more than ten percent of the portfolio shall be invested in Farm Credit Securities, and no more than two percent of the portfolio shall be invested in the Guaranteed Portion of Small Business Administration Notes. These securities shall include Callable and Multi-step-up securities, limited to no more than twenty percent of the City's portfolio, provided that:
 - the potential call dates are known at the time of purchase;
 - the interest rates at which they "step-up" are known at the time of purchase; and
 - the entire face value of the security is redeemed at the call date.
- 2. Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) with federally insured institutions. No more than ten percent of the City's portfolio may be invested in CD's.
- 3. Bankers Acceptance Notes with maturities less than two hundred seventy days. Purchases from any one bank may not exceed \$5 million, and total bankers acceptance notes may not exceed thirty percent of the City's investment portfolio.
- 4. Short-term Commercial Paper. Purchases of commercial paper may not exceed 180 days maturity or more than fifteen percent of the City's investment portfolio, and purchases from any one institution may not exceed \$3 million.
- 5. State of California Local Agency Investment Fund.
- 6. Short-term Repurchase Agreements.
- 7. City of Palo Alto Bonds.
- 8. Money Market Deposit Accounts.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

9. Mutual Funds which are limited essentially to the above investments, registered with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and which are rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. No more than twenty percent of the City's portfolio may be invested in mutual funds, and no more than ten percent of the portfolio may be in any one Mutual Fund.

E. Marking Investments to Fair Market Value (GASB 31)

In fiscal 1998 the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 31, which requires that the City's investments be carried at fair market value instead of cost. Under GASB 31, the City must adjust the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair market value at each fiscal year end, and it must include the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

GASB 31 applies to all the City's investments, even if they are held to maturity and redeemed at full face value. Since the City's policy is to hold all investments to maturity, the fair market value adjustments required by GASB 31 result in accounting gains or losses (called "recognized" gains or losses) which do not reflect actual sales of the investments (called "realized" gains or losses). Thus, recognized gains or losses on an investment purchased at par will now reflect changes in its market value at each succeeding fiscal year end, but these recognized gains or losses will net to zero if the investment is held to maturity. By following the requirements of GASB 31, the City is reporting the amount of resources which would actually have been available if it had been required to liquidate all its investments at any fiscal year end.

GASB 31 requires the City to restate June 30, 1997 fund balances for fair market value adjustments, if material. The City has determined that the amounts of any such restatements would not be material; accordingly, only June 30, 1998 balances have been adjusted to fair market value.

At June 30, 1998 the fair market value of the City's investments was \$1.939 million higher than the carrying value, resulting in a recognized gain for accounting purposes which was not realized in cash. The gain has been included in fiscal 1998 income. The governmental funds portion of this gain has been fully designated in Fund Balance, since the recognized gains have not been realized. Proprietary, trust and agency funds have been adjusted to reflect the portion of this gain allocable to those funds.

F. Return on Investments

The City's realized return on investments comprises only interest income; there were no realized gains or losses on sales of securities since all were held to maturity. Recognized return on investments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998 represented a return of 6.58% on the City's quarter-end average investment balances. This income is allocated among funds on the basis of their average month-end cash and investment balances.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The composition of the return on investments for all the City's funds was \$14.827 million in interest income plus \$1.939 million representing the net gains recognized as a result of market value changes. These amounts total to \$16.766 million representing the total return on investments.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Operating Transfers Between City Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers, called operating transfers, is to reimburse a fund which has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Less often, a residual equity transfer may be made to open or close a fund. Operating transfers between City funds during fiscal year 1998 were as follows (in thousands):

| Fund Receiving Transfer | Fund Making Transfer | Amount Transferred |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| General Fund | Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund | \$267 |
| Ocheral Fund | Federal Revenue Special Revenue Fund | 203 |
| • | Special Districts Special Revenue Fund | 430 |
| | Water Enterprise Fund | 2,044 |
| | Electric Enterprise Fund | 7,336 |
| | Gas Enterprise Fund | 2,475 |
| Local Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund | General Fund | 3 |
| Debt Service Funds: | Contract and | 5 |
| Terman Lease | General Fund | 141 |
| Civic Center | General Fund | 714 |
| Civic Center | Special Districts Special Revenue Fund | 80 |
| Capital Project Fund | General Fund | 6,964 |
| | Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund | 1,068 |
| | Transportation Mitigation Special Revenue Fund | 948 |
| | Downtown Planned Community Special Revenue Fund | 250 |
| | Water Enterprise Fund | 152 |
| | Electric Enterprise Fund | 427 |
| | Gas Enterprise Fund | 93 |
| | Wastewater Collection Enterprise Fund | 48 |
| | Wastewater Treatment Enterprise Fund | 26 |
| | Refuse Enterprise Fund | 34 |
| | Storm Drain Enterprise Fund | 17 |
| | Vehicle Replacement & Maintenance Internal Service Fund | 105 |
| Enterprise Funds: | • | |
| Electric | Water Enterprise Fund | 93 |
| Electric | Gas Enterprise Fund | 235 |
| Electric | Wastewater Collection Enterprise Fund | 46 |
| Electric | Refuse Enterprise Fund | 55 |
| Electric | Storm Drain Enterprise Fund | 19 |
| Refuse | Special Districts Special Revenue Fund | 29 |
| Refuse | Water Enterprise Fund | 24 |
| Refuse | Electric Enterprise Fund | 47 |
| Refuse | Gas Enterprise Fund | 47 |
| Refuse | Wastewater Collection Enterprise Fund | 24 |
| | | \$24,444 |

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Current Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 1998, the Federal Revenue Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund \$514 thousand.

NOTE 5 - NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 1998, the City's notes and loans receivable totaled (in thousands):

| Palo Alto Housing Corporation and Affiliates: | |
|---|---------|
| Oak Manor Townhouse | \$1,501 |
| Emerson Street Project | 375 |
| Stevenson House | 20 |
| Alma Single Room Occupancy Development | 2,695 |
| Barker Hotel | 1,400 |
| Home Rehabilitation Loans | 406 |
| Executive Relocation Assistance Loans | 689 |
| Total | \$7,086 |

A. Housing Loans

The City engages in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to home-owners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. These loans have been offset by reserved fund balance as they are not expected to be repaid immediately.

Oak Manor Townhouse

On January 7, 1991, the City loaned \$2.1 million to assist in the acquisition of an apartment complex to be used to provide rental housing for low and very low income households. This loan bears interest at three percent, is due in annual installments until 2011 and is collateralized by a subordinated deed of trust. Under the terms of the loan agreement, loan payments are forgiven if the Corporation meets the objective of this project. During the year ended June 30, 1998 the City forgave the \$141 thousand annual loan payment due under the agreement.

Emerson Street Project

On November 8, 1994 the City loaned \$375 thousand for expenses necessary to acquire an apartment complex for the preservation of rental housing for low and very low income households in the City. This loan is collateralized by a first deed of trust. The loan bears no interest until 2009 after which the loan bears interest at three percent per year. The principal balance is due in 2034.

NOTE 5 - NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Stevenson House

On December 26, 1989, the City loaned \$20 thousand for repair costs of the Stevenson House complex. This loan bears interest at three percent per year and is collateralized by a deed of trust. Loan repayment is deferred until December 1999 when it is due in full.

Alma Single Room Occupancy Development

On December 13, 1996 the City loaned \$2.695 million to the Alma Place Association for the development of a 106 unit single room occupancy development. This loan bears interest at three percent and is collateralized by a first deed of trust. Loan payments are deferred until 2011. The principal balance is due in 2041.

Barker Hotel

On April 12, 1994 the City loaned a total of \$2.07 million for the preservation, rehabilitation and expansion of a low income, single room occupancy hotel. This loan was funded by three sources: \$400 thousand from the Housing In-Lieu Special Revenue Fund, \$1 million from HOME Investment Partnership Program Funds, and \$670 thousand from Community Development Block Grant Funds. All three notes bear no interest and are collateralized by a deed of trust which is subordinated to private financing. Loan repayments are deferred until 2035. The City does not expect to collect the entire loan balance and has therefore recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts amounting to \$670 thousand to reduce the carrying value of the loans to \$1.4 million.

Home Rehabilitation

The City administers a closed housing rehabilitation loan program initially funded with Community Development Block Grant funds. Under this program, individuals with incomes below a certain level are eligible to receive low interest loans, for rehabilitation work on their homes. These loans are secured by deeds of trusts, which may be subordinated to subsequent encumbrances upon said real property with the prior written consent of the City. The loan repayments may be amortized over the life of the loans, deferred or a combination of both.

B. Executive Relocation Assistance Loans

The City Council may authorize a mortgage loan as part of a relocation assistance package to executive staff. The loans are secured by first deeds of trust and interest is adjusted annually based on the rate of return of the invested funds of the City for the year ending June 30 plus one quarter of 1%. Principal and interest payments are due bi-weekly. Employees must pay off any outstanding balance of their loans within a certain period of ending employment with the City. As of June 30, 1998, the City had 2 outstanding employee home loans, one due in 2006 and the other due in 2023.

NOTE 5 - NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The General Fixed Assets Account Group provides accounting control over the cost of fixed assets used by the City's governmental funds. The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not a fund and its balances are not financial resources available for expenditure. Rather, they provide an historical accounting record of resources expended on general fixed assets. Public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems, have not been capitalized because these assets are immovable and of value only to the public. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets.

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Proprietary fund fixed assets are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Significant interest costs incurred under restricted tax-exempt borrowings to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment are capitalized during the construction period, net of interest earned on investment of the proceeds of such borrowings. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of proprietary fund fixed assets equitably among all customers over the life of these assets, so that each customer's bill includes a pro rata share of the cost of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of proprietary fund fixed assets.

Depreciation of all proprietary fund fixed assets is charged as an expense against operations each year and the total amount of depreciation taken over the years, called accumulated depreciation, is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheet as a reduction in the book value of the fixed assets.

Depreciation of fixed assets in service is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to proprietary fund fixed assets.

| Buildings and structures | 25-60 years |
|---|--------------|
| Equipment: | |
| Vehicles and heavy equipment | 3-10 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 10-50 years |
| Transmission and distribution equipment | 10-100 years |

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

A. General Fixed Assets

Changes in the City's general fixed assets during the year ended June 30, 1998 were (in thousands):

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 1997 | Additions | Retirements | June 30, 1998 |
| General Fixed Assets: | | | | |
| Land and improvements | \$50,579 | \$981 | \$286 | \$51,274 |
| Buildings and structures | 48,716 | 405 | | 49,121 |
| Equipment | 4,872 | 428 | | 5,300 |
| Total | \$104,167 | \$1,814 | \$286 | \$105,695 |

Included in the general fixed assets account group at June 30, 1998 is \$1.75 million of construction in progress (capital improvements) expended in fiscal year 1997-98.

The City's practice is to perform physical inventory counts of fixed assets every two years on a rotational basis. In fiscal year 1996/97, a physical inventory was conducted of the City's general fixed assets which resulted in no material adjustments to the balances previously reported.

Included in land and improvements and equipment at June 30, 1998 are assets under capital leases amounting to \$6.321 million.

B. Proprietary Fixed Assets

Changes in the City's proprietary fund fixed assets during the year ended June 30, 1998 were (in thousands):

| | Balance | | | | Balance |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| | June 30, 1997 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 1998 |
| Enterprise Funds: | | | | | |
| Land and improvements | \$1,541 | | | | \$1,541 |
| Buildings and structures | 11,288 | | . \$1 | | 11,287 |
| Equipment | 309,366 | \$297 | 1,310 | \$12,806 | 321,159 |
| Construction in progress | 10,691 | 18,250 | | (12,806) | 16,135 |
| Total | 332,886 | \$18,547 | \$1,311 | | 350,122 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (115,903) | (\$8,722) | (\$1,170) | | (123,455) |
| Net fixed assets | \$216,983 | | | | \$226,667 |
| Internal Service Funds: | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$17,719 | \$2,246 | \$935_ | | \$19,030 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (10,578) | (\$1,701) | (\$923) | | (11,356) |
| Net fixed assets | \$7,141 | | | | \$7,674 |

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Also included in land and improvements in the Enterprise Funds is \$1.169 million of development and artwork costs incurred by the Refuse Fund as part of a project to convert a portion of a solid waste landfill site into a park.

C. Construction in Progress and Completed Projects

Construction in progress and projects completed in fiscal 1997-98 comprise (in thousands):

| | Project | Expended to | |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Authorization | June 30, 1998 | Committed |
| Enterprise Funds: | | - | |
| Storm drainage structural and water quality improvements | \$4,090 | \$1,802 | \$839 |
| Gas system extension replacements and improvements | 3,978 | 2,694 | 1,043 |
| Water system extension replacements and improvements | 4,266 | 1,650 | 1,155 |
| Street lighting | | | |
| Electric distribution system improvements | 3,354 | 1,040 | 98 |
| Other electrical improvement projects | 7,853 | 6,146 | 1,004 |
| Water quality control plant equipment replacement and | | · | |
| lab facilities | 723 | 182 | 417 |
| Sewer system rehabilitation and extensions | 10,423 | 757 | 1,209 |
| Automated mapping | 82 | 730 | 23 |
| Other construction in progress | 6,227 | 1,134 | 1,299 |
| Total | \$40,996 | \$16,135 | \$7,087 |

Of the totals expended to June 30, 1998, costs amounting to \$12.806 million have been transferred from construction in progress to other fixed asset types for enterprise funds, respectively.

Allocations of enterprise fund administration and general expenses of \$2.684 million have been capitalized and included in amounts expended to June 30, 1998.

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT

A. The City's Long Term Debt

The General Long Term Obligations Account Group provides accounting control over the principal of the City's general long term debt. This debt will be repaid out of governmental funds but is not accounted for in these funds because this part of the debt does not require an appropriation or expenditure in the current accounting period. Any differences between proprietary refunded debt and the debt issued to refund it is amortized over the remaining life of either the refunded debt or the refunding debt, whichever is shorter.

Bond discounts and issuance costs of Enterprise Funds' long-term debt issues are amortized over the life of the related debt. Bond discounts and issuance costs of governmental fund types related to long-term debt issues are netted against bond proceeds in the year of issuance.

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City's long-term debt issues and transactions were as follows (in thousands):

| | Original | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Issue | Balance | | Balance |
| | Amount | June 30, 1997 | Retirements | June 30, 1998 |
| General Long Term Debt: | | | | |
| 1978 Golf Course Lease Revenue Bonds, | | | | |
| 5.00-6.00%, due 03/01/2003 | \$1,800 | \$725 | \$100 | \$625 |
| 1992 Certificates of Participation, | | | | |
| 5.46-6.70%, due 02/23/12 | 7,670 | 5,675 | 460 | 5,215 |
| Terman School Capital Lease, | | | | |
| variable, due 11/09/2000 | 6,321 | 1,581 | 395 | 1,186 |
| | \$15,791 | \$7,981 | \$955 | \$7,026 |
| Enterprise Long Term Debt: | | | | |
| Utility Revenue Bonds, | | | | • |
| 1990 Refunding, 5.7-6.8%, due 06/01/2006 | \$9,650 | \$6,550 | \$555 | \$5,995 |
| 1992 Series A, 6.3-6.375%, due 06/01/2018 | 4,750 | 4,374 | 104 | 4,270 |
| 1995 Series A, 5.0-6.25%, due 06/01/2020 | 8,640 | 8,300 | 180 | 8,120 |
| Less: unamortized discount/issuance cost | | (500) | (30) | (470) |
| | \$23,040 | \$18,724 | \$809 | \$17,915 |

B. Description of the City's Long Term Debt Issues

1978 Golf Course Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds – The City issued Lease Revenue Bonds on March 13, 1978 to finance construction and other costs of improvement to the Palo Alto Municipal Golf Course. The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured by lease revenues received by the Palo Alto Golf Course Corporation from the City property taxes, golf course revenues, or other unrestricted revenues of the City. Principal payments are payable annually on March 1 and interest payments semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

In August 1998, the City's Public Improvement Corporation issued Golf Course Improvement Certificates of Participation, Series 1998 in the amount of \$7.75 million to refund the 1978 Golf Course Lease Revenue Bonds, and to finance various improvements at the Palo Alto Public Golf Course, including upgrading five fairways and various traps, trees and greens, constructing new storm drain facilities, replacing the existing irrigation system, upgrading the driving range, and installing new cart paths. The COP's are payable secured by lease revenues received by the Public Improvement Corporation from the City property taxes, golf course revenues, or other unrestricted revenues of the City. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1 beginning in 1999.

1992 Civic Center Certificates of Participation – The City issued Certificates of Participation on March 1, 1992 to refinance its 1983 Certificates of Participation and finance certain improvements of its Civic Center. Principal payments are payable annually on February 23 and interest payments semi-annually on February 23 and August 23, and are payable from lease revenues received by the Palo Alto Public Improvement Corporation from the City from available funds.

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Terman School Capital Lease — The City is purchasing a site from the Palo Alto Unified School District on an installment basis for public purposes under the discretion of the City. The lease bears annual interest at the average annual rate of return earned on the District's portfolio of investments for the fiscal year. Principal and interest payments are payable annually on November 9. The Lease is repayable from the Terman Lease Debt Service Fund.

1990 Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A – The City issued Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds on August 1, 1990 to refund the outstanding principal of the City's 1985 Utility Revenue Bonds, Series A. The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the revenues derived by the City from the funds, services and facilities of all Enterprise Funds except the Refuse Fund. Principal payments are payable annually on June 1 and interest payments semi-annually on December 1 and June 1.

1992 Utility Revenue Bonds, Series A – The City issued Utility Revenue Bonds on April 1, 1992 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the City's Storm and Surface Water Management Enterprise. The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the revenues derived by the City from the funds, services and facilities of all Enterprise Funds except the Refuse Fund. Principal payments are payable annually on June 1 and interest payments semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. A \$2.98 million 6.375% term bond will be due June 1, 2018

1995 Utility Revenue Bonds, Series A – The City issued Utility Revenue Bonds on February 1, 1995 to finance certain extensions and improvements to the City's Storm Drainage and Surface Water System. The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the revenues derived by the City from the funds, services and facilities of all Enterprise Funds except the Refuse Fund. Principal payments are payable annually on June 1 and interest payments semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. A \$2.86 million 6.25% term bond will be due June 1, 2020.

C. Debt Service Requirements (in thousands)

| For the Year | Lease | • | | Utility | |
|--------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| Ending | Revenue | Certificate of | Capital | Revenue | |
| June 30 | Bonds | Participation | <u>Lease</u> | Bonds | Totals |
| 1999 | \$136 | \$816 | \$490 | \$2,058 | \$3,500 |
| 2000 | 155 | 813 | 458 | 2,058 | 3,484 |
| 2001 | 148 | 822 | 428 | 2,063 | 3,461 |
| 2002 | 141 | 818 | | 2,059 | 3,018 |
| 2003 | 159 | 817 | | 2,056 | 3,032 |
| Thereafter | | 3,082 | | 20,356 | 23,438 |
| | 739 | 7,168 | 1,376 | 30,650 | 39,933 |
| Less amount representing | | • | | | |
| interest | 114 | 1,953 | 190_ | 12,265 | 14,522 |
| Principal amount due | \$625 | \$5,215 | \$1,186 | \$18,385 | \$25,411 |

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

D. Debt Call Provisions

Long-term debt as of June 30, 1998 is callable on the following terms and conditions:

| | Initial Call | |
|--|--------------|-----|
| | Date | |
| General Long Term Debt: | | |
| 1978 Golf Course Lease Revenue Bonds | 3/1/88 | (1) |
| 1992 Certificates of Participation | 3/1/01 | (4) |
| Special Assessment Bonds, with City's Commitment | | |
| 1975 California Avenue Parking | 7/2/85 | (1) |
| 1977 University Avenue Parking | 7/2/87 | (1) |
| 1987 California Avenue Parking, | 9/2/96 | (3) |
| 1989 University Avenue Area Off-Street Parking, | 9/1/00 | (2) |
| Enterprise Long Term Debt: | | |
| Utility Revenue Bonds - | | |
| 1990 Refunding | 6/1/99 | (2) |
| 1992 Series A | 6/1/01 | (2) |
| 1995 Series A | 6/1/04 | (2) |

- (1) Callable in inverse numerical order of maturity at par plus a premium of .25% for each year from redemption to maturity date.
- (2) Callable in inverse numerical order of maturity at par plus a premium of 2% beginning on the initial call date. The call price declines subsequent to the initial date.
- (3) Callable in inverse numerical order of maturity at par plus a premium of 3% beginning on the initial call date. The call price declines subsequent to the initial date.
- (4) Callable in any order specified by the City at par plus a premium of 2% beginning on the initial call date. The call price declines subsequent to the initial date.

E. Leasing Arrangements

Certificates of Participation, Lease Revenue Bonds, and Capital Leases are issued for the purpose of financing the construction or acquisition of projects defined in each leasing arrangement. Projects are leased to the City for lease payments which, together with unspent proceeds of the leasing arrangement, will be sufficient to meet the debt service obligations of the leasing arrangement. At the termination of the leasing arrangement title to the project will pass to the City.

Leasing arrangements are similar to debt; they allow investors to participate in a share of guaranteed payments which are made by the City. Because they are similar to debt, the present value of the total of the payments to be made by the City is recorded as long-term debt. The City's leasing arrangements are included in long-term obligations discussed above.

NOTE 7 - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

F. Debt without City's Commitment

On December 15, 1996, the City acted as a financial intermediary in order to assist Lytton Gardens Health Care Center in issuing Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Bonds are payable solely from revenues collected by Lytton Gardens Health Care Center. The City has not included these bonds in its general purpose financial statements since it is not legally or morally obligated for the repayment of the bonds. At June 30, 1998 the amount of Bonds outstanding was \$13.015 million.

NOTE 8 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

A. Special Assessment Debt with City Commitment

Special assessment districts exist in the City to provide improvements to properties located in those districts. Properties are assessed for the cost of improvements; these assessments are payable over the term of the debt issued to finance the improvements. The total amount of the assessment is recorded as a receivable and a deferred revenue at the time the related debt is issued, and reduced as assessments are collected. The City is obligated to be the purchaser of last resort or to advance available City funds to repay this debt in the event of default by any of these districts. At June 30, 1998 all these districts were in compliance with the repayment and other requirements of their respective debt issues. The City accounts for resources available to pay special assessment debt in its Debt Service Funds. The special assessment debt is included in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Special assessment debt with City commitment comprises the following issues (in thousands):

| | Original Issue Amount | Balance June 30, 1997, As Restated | Retirements | Balance June 30, 1998 |
|---|-----------------------------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| General Long-Term Debt: | | | | |
| 1975 California Avenue Parking | \$420 | \$125 | \$30 | \$95 |
| 7.00-7.50%, due 07/02/00 | | | | |
| 1977 University Avenue Parking | 79 1 | 345 | 45 | 300 |
| 5.40-7.75%, due 07/02/03 | | | | |
| 1987 California Avenue Parking, | | | | |
| 6.70-9.25%, due 09/02/2007 | 1,325 | 930 | 60 | 870 |
| 1989 University Avenue Area Off-Street Parking, | • | • | | • |
| 5.75-6.90%, due 09/01/06 | 6,420 | 4,735 | 315 | 4,420 |
| | \$8,956 | \$6,135 | \$450 | \$5,685 |

NOTE 8 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT (Continued)

Special assessment debt service requirements, including principal and interest, are as follows (in thousands):

| | Special Assessment Debt |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| For the Year Ending | with City's |
| June 30 | Commitment |
| 1999 | \$860 |
| 2000 | 862 |
| 2001 | 876 |
| 2002 | 852 |
| 2003 | 865 |
| Thereafter | 3,297 |
| | 7,612 |
| Less amount representing | |
| interest | 1,927 |
| Principal amount due | \$5,685 |

B. Description of Special Assessment Debt with City's Commitment

1975 California Avenue District Offstreet Parking Assessment District Bonds — The City issued Special Assessment Bonds on January 2, 1975 to finance the acquisition of land and related improvements for the purpose of providing public parking in the City. Principal payments are payable annually on July 2 and interest payments semi-annually on January 2 and July 2.

1977 University Avenue Area Offstreet Parking Assessment District Bonds — The City issued Special Assessment Bonds on June 2, 1977 to finance the acquisition of land and construction for the purpose of providing public parking in the City. Principal payments are payable annually on July 2 and interest payments semi-annually on January 2 and July 2.

1987 California Avenue Parking Assessment District Assessment Bonds -- The City issued Special Assessment Bonds on March 30, 1987 to finance the acquisition of land and related improvements for the purpose of providing public parking in the City. Principal payments are payable annually on September 2 and interest payments semi-annually on March 2 and September 2.

1989 University Avenue Area Off-street Parking Assessment District Refunding and Improvement Bonds – The City issued Special Assessment Bonds on December 18, 1989 to advance refund all of the outstanding University Avenue Lot J Parking Garage Assessment District Bonds of 1984 and to provide funds for the acquisition of one floor of public parking in a parking structure. Principal payments are payable annually on September 1 and interest payments semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

NOTE 8 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT (Continued)

C. Special Assessment Debt with no City Commitment

During fiscal 1998 a review was performed of the City's responsibilities with respect to the California Avenue Parking Assessment District No. 92-13 Assessment Bonds of 1993. This review determined that the City has no legal or moral liability for the special assessment debt issued by this District; this debt is payable solely out of the special assessments on property owners in this District. Accordingly, the City no longer reflects the debt of this District, which totaled \$1.945 million at June 30, 1997, in its financial statements. Also, as a result of the above, the general long term debt account group was restated to remove the balance of these bonds. In addition, fund balances for these bonds, which were included in the Special Assessment Debt Service Fund in the prior year, were recategorized as an Agency Fund liability. The effect of this change was to reduce debt service fund balance by \$437 thousand and increase due to assessment district bondholders by the same amount as of June 30, 1997.

The California Avenue Parking Assessment District has also issued debt, but the City has no legal or moral liability with respect to the payment of this debt, which is secured only by assessments on the properties in this District. At June 30, 1998, the District's outstanding debt amounted to \$1.885 million.

NOTE 9 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on the remaining open areas of the Palo Alto Refuse Disposal Site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Closure costs of \$1.561 million were reported in fiscal 1991-92, when a section of the refuse area was capped with a final cover and Byxbee Park was constructed on top of that section. A second section of the refuse area was capped with a final cover during fiscal year 1992-93, with closure costs of \$904 thousand. The remaining closure and postclosure care costs are expected to be paid only near and after the date that the refuse site stops accepting waste. Estimates of these costs are based upon current costs in 1995 and are adjusted annually for inflation. Those estimates since 1995 are as follows (in thousands):

| Year | _Estimate_ |
|------|------------|
| 1995 | \$7,661 |
| 1996 | 7,891 |
| 1997 | 8,128 |
| 1998 | 8,371 |

The \$7.238 million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 1998 represents 86.46% of the estimated remaining closure and postclosure care costs, which is based upon the estimated capacity of the remaining landfill area utilized to date. The City will recognize a portion of the remaining estimated total cost of closure and postclosure care as an operating expense in each subsequent fiscal year, based on landfill capacity.

Total cost estimates are based on what it would cost to perform all currently mandated closure and postclosure care in 1998. The City expects to close the refuse area in the year 2013. Actual closure and postclosure care costs may be higher due to inflation variances, changes in technology, or changes in State or federal regulations.

NOTE 9 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE (Continued)

The City is required by State and federal laws and regulations to make annual funding contributions to finance closure and postclosure care. The City is in compliance with these requirements for the year ended June 30, 1998 with the establishment of the fully-funded liability for this purpose.

NOTE 10 - FUND EQUITY

A. Fund Equity

Fund equity consists of reserved and unreserved amounts. Reserved fund equity represents that portion of a fund balance or retained earnings which has been appropriated for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. The remaining portion is unreserved.

A portion of unreserved fund balance may be designated to indicate plans for financial resource utilization in a future period, such as for general contingencies or capital projects. Such plans are subject to change and may never be legally authorized or result in expenditures.

Reserves are restrictions placed by outside entities, such as other governments, which restrict the expenditures of the reserved funds to the purpose intended by the entity which provided the funds. The City cannot modify or remove these restrictions or reserves.

Designations are imposed by City Council to reflect future spending plans or concerns about the availability of future resources. Designations may be modified, amended or removed by Council action.

B. Governmental Funds

At June 30, 1998, fund balance reservations and designations included (in thousands):

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Funds | Debt Service Funds | Capital Project Fund | Expendable Trust Fund |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Reserved for: | | | | | |
| Encumbrances & Reappropriations | \$5,036 | \$6,027 | | \$20,626 | |
| Notes | 689 | 6,397 | | | * |
| Debt Service | 4.050 | | \$2,191 | | |
| Inventory of materials and supplies | 1,953 | | | | |
| Total Reserved Fund Balance | \$7,678 | \$12,424 | \$2,191 | \$20,626 | |
| Unreserved; designated for: Unrealized gain on investment Streets and sidewalks/school site projects Capital and special revenue projects Budget stabilization Infrastructure | \$450 263 19,050 12,588 | \$40 5,385 | \$1 | | \$59 |
| Emergencies | 5,875 | | | | |
| Total Unreserved/Designated Fund Balances | \$38,226 | \$5,425 | <u>\$1</u> | | \$59 |

NOTE 10 - FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Reserve for **encumbrances and reappropriations** represents the portion of fund balance set aside for open purchase orders.

Reserves for **notes and inventory** are the portions of fund balance set aside to indicate these items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets.

Reserve for debt service is the portion of fund balance legally restricted for the payment of principal and interest on long term liabilities.

Designated for unrealized gain on investments is the portion of fund balance for gains or losses on investments resulting from changes in fair market values recognized for financial statement purposes but not realized, since these investments have not been sold.

Designated for streets and sidewalks/school site projects is the portion of fund balance for use on capital outlay projects.

Designated for capital and special revenue projects is the portion of fund balance for use on capital outlay projects.

Designated for **budget stabilization** is the portion of fund balance to be used for undesignated unreserved fund balance.

Designated for **infrastructure** is the portion of fund balance to be used for financing future capital improvements.

Designated for emergencies is the portion of fund balance to be used for fund expenditures in emergency situations.

C. Internal Service Funds

At June 30, 1998, internal service fund retained earnings reservations and designations included (in thousands):

| Commitments and reappropriations | \$2,599 |
|---|----------|
| Unreserved: | |
| Designated for future catastrophic losses | 5,031 |
| Undesignated | 7,384 |
| Total | \$15,014 |

Reserve for **commitments and reappropriations** represents the portion of fund balance set aside for open purchase orders.

Designated for **future catastrophic losses** is the portion of fund balance to be used for unforeseen future losses.

NOTE 10 - FUND EQUITY (Continued)

D. Enterprise Funds

At June 30, 1998, enterprise fund retained earnings reservations and designations included (in thousands):

| • | Water | Electric | Gas | Wastewater Collection | Wastewater Treatment | Refuse | Storm Drainage | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | | Concedion | Trouditont | rtoruse | Drumage | Total |
| Reserved retained earnings: | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency plant | | | | • | | | · | |
| replacement | \$829 | \$2,263 | \$683 | \$388 | \$1,191 | | | \$5,354 |
| Rate stabilization | 7,502 | | | 7,407 | 3,427 | \$5,971 | \$520 | 24,827 |
| Distribution rate | | • | | | | | | |
| stabilization | | 8,120 | 7,889 | | | | | 16,009 |
| Supply rate stabilization | | 14,560 | 8,544 | | | | | 23,104 |
| Calaveras | | 55,583 | | | | | | 55,583 |
| Commitments and | | | | | | | | - |
| reappropriations | 3,192 | 5,931 | 1,772 | 8,331 | 3,468 | 2,356 | 2,664 | 27,714 |
| Underground loan | | 617 | • | | | | | 617 |
| Conservation loan | | | 634 | | | | | 634 |
| Refuse water resources | | | | | | 590 | | 590 |
| Shasta Rewind Ioan | | 1,697 | | | | | | 1,697 |
| Central Valley project | | 1,032 | - | | | | | 1,032 |
| Public benefit program | | 1,533 | | | | | | 1,533 |
| Total | 11,523 | 91,336 | 19,522 | 16,126 | 8,086 | 8,917 | 3,184 | 158,694 |
| | | | | • | | | | |
| Unreserved retained | 21.505 | 70.400 | 00.411 | 15.051 | 1.005 | 4.051 | | 151.050 |
| earnings | 21,596 | 78,400 | 28,411 | 15,951 | 1,267 | 4,851 | 577 | 151,053 |
| Total retained earnings | \$33,119 | \$169,736 | \$47,933 | \$32,077 | \$9,353 | \$13,768 | \$3,761 | \$309,747 |
| 9. | | | | | | | | |

The City Council has internally committed unreserved retained earnings for general contingencies, future capital and debt service expenditures including operating and capital contingencies for unusual or emergency expenditures.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City maintains seven enterprise funds. These funds are intended to be self-supporting, through user fees charged for services rendered. Segment information for these funds for the year ended June 30, 1998 follows (in thousands):

| | | | | Wastewater | Wastewater | | Storm | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| · . | Water | Electric | Gas | Collection | Treatment | Refuse | Drainage | Total |
| Operating revenues | \$12,255 | \$81,142 | \$18,890 | \$9,485 | \$11,321 | \$21,163 | \$2,089 | \$156,345 |
| Depreciation and | | | | | | | | |
| amortization | 694 | 4,186 | 1,060 | 870 | 1,522 | 185 | 229 | 8,746 |
| Operating income | 3,456 | 30,645 | 4,388 | 2,976 | 285 | 900 | 456 | 43,106 |
| Operating transfers in | | 447 | | | | 172 | | 619 |
| Operating transfers (out) | (2,313) | (7,810) | (2,850) | (118) | (26) | (89) | (36) | (13,242) |
| Net income | 1,890 | 17,586 | 2,759 | 3,673 | 509 | 1,575 | 204 | 28,196 |
| Property, plant & equipment: | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | 2,157 | 7,357 | 3,609 | 2,590 | 675 | 81 | 2,071 | 18,540 |
| Retirements | 83 | 518 | · 135 | 372 | 202 | | | 1,310 |
| Net working capital | 11,523 | 91,336 | 19,522 | 16,1 2 6 | 8,085 | 8,917 | 3,184 | 158,693 |
| Total assets | 41,783 | 190,992 | 52,114 | 43,059 | 35,350 | 22,096 | 16,032 | 401,426 |
| Bonds and contracts, net of bond discount, payable from | | | | | | | | |
| operating revenues | | | | 1,855 | 4,036 | | 12,024 | 17,915 |
| Total equity | 40,870 | 186,874 | 51,225 | 41,107 | 30,735 | 13,768 | 3,761 | 368,340 |

A. CALPERS Safety and Miscellaneous Employees Plans

Substantially all permanent City employees are eligible to participate in pension plans offered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CALPERS) an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. CALPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. The City's employees participate in the separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Plans. Benefit provisions under both Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CALPERS; the City must contribute these amounts. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 1998, are summarized as follows:

| | Saf | • | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Police | Fire | Miscellaneous |
| Benefit vesting schedule | 5 years service | 5 years service | 5 years service |
| Benefit payments | monthly for life | monthly for life | monthly for life |
| Retirement age | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary | 2% - 2.7% | 2% - 2.7% | 1.092% - 2.418% |
| Required employee contribution rates | 9% | 9% | 7% |
| Required employer contribution rates | 16.864% | 14.451% | 5.962% |
| Actuarially required contributions (in thousands) | \$981 | \$1,383 | \$2,591 |

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

The City's labor contracts require it to pay employee contributions as well as its own.

CALPERS determines contribution requirements using a modification of the Entry Age Normal Method. Under this method, the City's total normal benefit cost for each employee from date of hire to date of retirement is expressed as a level percentage of the related total payroll cost. Normal benefit cost under this Method is the level amount the employer must pay annually to fund an employee's projected retirement benefit. This level percentage of payroll method is used to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities. The actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are also used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

CALPERS uses the market related value method of valuing the Plan's assets. An investment rate of return of 8.5% is assumed, including inflation at 4.5%. Annual salary increases are assumed to vary by duration of service. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period ends June 30, 2016 for both Plans.

The Plans' actuarial value (which differs from market value) and funding progress over the past three years is set forth below at their actuarial valuation date of June 30 (in thousands):

Safety Police Plan:

| Ac | ctuarial | | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | . | TT 0 1 1 | | | Unfunded |
| | Entry Age | Unfunded | | Annual | (Overfunded) |
| Value of | Accrued | (Overfunded) | Funded | Covered | Liability as a % |
| Assets | Liability | Liability | Ratio | Payroll | of Payroll |
| \$32,265 | \$37,188 | \$4,923 | 97.5% | \$5,377 | 17.2% |
| 38,601 | 41,030 | 2,429 | 94.1% | 5,325 | 45.6% |
| 42,921 | 46,058 | 3,137 | 93.2% | 5,460 | 57.4% |
| | Value of Assets \$32,265 38,601 | Assets Liability \$32,265 \$37,188 38,601 41,030 | Value of Assets Liability Liability Liability \$32,265 \$37,188 \$4,923 38,601 41,030 2,429 | Value of Assets Liability Liability Ratio \$32,265 \$37,188 \$4,923 97.5% 38,601 41,030 2,429 94.1% | Value of Assets Liability Liability Ratio Payroll \$32,265 \$37,188 \$4,923 97.5% \$5,377 38,601 41,030 2,429 94.1% 5,325 |

Safety Fire Plan:

| | Ac | ctuarial | | | | |
|------------|----------|-----------|--------------|--------|---------------|------------------|
| | | _ | | | | Unfunded |
| | | Entry Age | Unfunded | | Annual | (Overfunded) |
| Valuataion | Value of | Accrued | (Overfunded) | Funded | Covered | Liability as a % |
| Date | Assets | Liability | Liability | Ratio | Payroll | of Payroll |
| 1994 | \$52,886 | \$55,418 | \$2,532 | 95.4% | \$8,369 | 30.3% |
| 1995 | 56,381 | 59,318 | 2,937 | 95.0% | 8,765 | 33.5% |
| 1996 | 63,090 | 65,714 | 2,624 | 96.0% | 9,6 85 | 27.1% |

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Miscellaneous Plan:

| , | Ac | tuarial | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Entry Age | Unfunded | | Annual | Unfunded (Overfunded) |
| Valuataion Date | Value of Assets | Accrued Liability | (Overfunded) Liability | Funded Ratio | Covered Payroll | Liability as a % of Payroll |
| 1994 | \$118,167 | \$116,980 | (\$1,187) | 101.0% | \$37,197 | (3.2%) |
| 1995 | 128,631 | 126,484 | (2,147) | 101.7% | 39,794 | (5.4%) |
| 1996 | 146,654 | 137,747 | (8,907) | 106.5% | 37,592 | (23.7%) |

Audited annual financial statements and ten year trend information are available from CALPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

The market value of the net assets in the Plans changed as follows during the year ended June 30, 1996 (in thousands):

| | Safety | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|--|
| | Police | Fire | Miscellaneous | |
| Additions to Plan Assets: | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$747 | \$1,172 | \$2,674 | |
| Plan Member Contributions | 514 | 661 | 2,621 | |
| Net Investment Income | 5,078 | 7,494 | 17,333 | |
| Deductions from Plan Assets: | | | | |
| Benefits Paid | (1,996) | (2,634) | (4,550) | |
| Refunds of Contributions | (41) | (6) | (206) | |
| Net Assets Held for Pension Benefits: | | • | | |
| Beginning of Year | 38,481 | 56,241 | 127,450 | |
| End of Year | 42,783 | 62,928 | 145,322 | |

Additional disclosures will be included when made available by PERS.

NOTE 13 - RETIREE HEALTH BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City participates in the California Public Employees Medical and Health Care Act program to provide certain health care benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The costs of retiree health care are recognized as expenditures when premiums are paid. For fiscal 1998, expenditures for retiree health care for approximately 435 eligible retired employees totaled \$953 thousand, including administrative fees. The premium is based upon an average annual cost of coverage per retiree of \$2 thousand.

NOTE 13 - RETIREE HEALTH BENEFITS (Continued)

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1993, the City received a \$6.1 million refund from the California Public Retirement System ("CALPERS") through the passage of Assembly Bill (AB) 702. This amount was placed in trust to defer future costs of retiree health care coverage. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, the City established and transferred the amount to an expendable trust fund. The trust fund is to provide funding of retiree health benefits to the extent that actual health care premium costs exceed 1.5% of the City's gross payroll costs in any fiscal year. Approval by the City Council is required if the money is to be expended for any other purpose. In fiscal year 1997-98, the \$948 thousand premium represented 1.49% of gross Citywide payroll.

The Retiree Health Benefit Expendable Trust Fund's fund balance consists of the following for the fiscal year ended June 30 (in thousands):

| | 1998 | 1997 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Fund balance, beginning of year | \$7,135 | \$6,727 |
| Interest earnings | 496 | 408 |
| | | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$7,631 | \$7,135 |
| | | |

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under three separate, optional City sponsored deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under these Plans, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plans.

All assets of the Plans, including participant contributions and earnings therefrom, are the property of the City. These assets may also be claimed by the general creditors of the City; however, the City believes the likelihood of any such claim is remote. Participants rights under the Plans are equal to those of general creditors of the City.

The City has no liability for any losses incurred by the Plans and does not participate in any gains, but it does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City has contracts with International City Manager's Association (ICMA), Washington Mutual (formerly Great Western Bank) and ITT Hartford Life Insurance Companies to manage and invest the assets of the Plans. All assets of the Plans are pooled with those of other participants and does not make separate investments for the City

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN(Continued)

The Plans require investments to be stated at fair market value and they require all gains and losses on Plan investments to accrue directly to participants accounts. Increases and decreases in Plan assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Washington | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| The Hartford | ICMA | Mutual | TOTAL | | |
| \$29,699 | \$17,794 | \$766 | \$48,259 | | |
| 1,597 | 2,997 | | 4,594 | | |
| 4,7 79 | 3,370 | 46 | 8,195 | | |
| | | | • | | |
| (1,984) | (370) | (82) | (2,436) | | |
| \$34,091 | \$23,791 | \$730 | \$58,612 | | |
| | \$29,699 1,597 4,779 (1,984) | \$29,699 \$17,794 1,597 2,997 4,779 3,370 (1,984) (370) | The Hartford ICMA Mutual \$29,699 \$17,794 \$766 1,597 2,997 4,779 3,370 46 (1,984) (370) (82) | | |

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Coverage

The City provides dental coverage to employees through programs which are administered by a service agent. The City is self-insured for the dental coverage.

The City has a workers' compensation insurance policy with coverage up to the statutory limit set by the State of California. The City retains the risk for the first \$500 thousand in losses for each accident and employee under this policy.

The City also has public employee dishonesty insurance with a \$5 thousand deductible and coverage up to \$1 million per loss. The City's property and machinery insurance policy has various deductibles and various coverages based on the kind of machinery.

The City is a member of the Authority for California Cities Excess Liability (ACCEL) which provides general liability, including auto liability, insurance coverage up to \$20 million per occurrence. The City retains the risk for the first \$1 million in losses for each occurrence under this policy.

ACCEL was established for the purpose of creating a risk management pool for central California municipalities. ACCEL is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of representatives of its member cities. The board controls the operations of ACCEL, including selection of management and approval of the annual budget.

The City's deposits with ACCEL equal the ratio of the City's payroll to the total payrolls of all entities. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998 the City contributed \$384 thousand to ACCEL for current year coverage.

Audited financial statements are available from ACCEL at 160 Spear Street, San Francisco, California 94105.

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Claims Liability

The City provides for the uninsured portion of claims and judgments in the General Benefits and Insurance Internal Service Fund. Claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported, are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed, above, the City has a coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible, or uninsured portion of these claims.

The City's liability for uninsured claims is limited to dental, general liability, and workers' compensation claims, as discussed above, and was estimated by management based on prior years claims experience as follows (in thousands):

| | Year Ended June 30 | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------|--|--|
| | 1998 | 1997 | | |
| Beginning Balance | \$7,920 | \$7,833 | | |
| Liability for current and prior fiscal year claims and | | | | |
| claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) | 2,586 | 2,583 | | |
| Claims paid | (2,856) | (2,496) | | |
| Ending Balance | \$7,650 | \$7,920 | | |
| | | | | |

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURES

A. General

The City participates in joint ventures through Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these JPAs exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement, including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the JPAs are not those of the City.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from each member agency. Each board controls the operations of its respective JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member agencies beyond their representation on the Board.

B. Northern California Power Agency

The City is a member of Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), a joint powers agency which operates under a joint powers agreement among fifteen public agencies. The purpose of NCPA is to use the combined strength of its members to purchase, generate, sell and interchange electric energy and capacity through the acquisition and use of electrical generation and transmission facilities. Each agency member has agreed to fund a pro rata share of certain assessments by NCPA and enter into take-or-pay power supply contracts with NCPA. While NCPA is governed by its members, none of its obligations are those of its members unless expressly assumed by them.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 1998, the City incurred expenses totaling \$18.295 million for purchased power and assessments earned by NCPA.

The City's interest in NCPA Projects and Reserves, as computed by NCPA, is set forth below (in thousands):

| | June 30, 1998 |
|--|---------------|
| General Operating Reserve (including advances) | \$4,458 |
| Undivided equity interest, at cost, in specific NCPA | |
| Power Projects: | |
| Geothermal Projects | NIL |
| Calaveras Hydroelectric Project | 1,225 |
| Geothermal Public Power Line | NIL |
| Northwest Power Purchase Contract | 574 |
| | \$6,257 |

The General Operating Reserve represents the City's portion of funds which resulted from the settlement with third parties of issues with financial consequences and reconciliations of several prior years' budgets for programs. It is recognized that all the funds credited to the City are linked to the collection of revenue from the City's ratepayers, or to the settlement of disputes relating to electric power supply and that the money was collected from the City's ratepayers to pay power bills. Additionally, the NCPA Commission identified and approved the funding of specific reserves for working capital, accumulated employees post-retirement medical benefits, and billed property taxes for the geothermal project. The Commission also identified a number of contingent liabilities that may or may not be realized, the cost of which in most cases is difficult to estimate at this time. One such contingent liability is the steam field depletion which will require funding to cover debt service and operational costs in excess of the expected value of the electric power. The General Operating Reserve is intended to minimize the number and amount of individual reserves needed for each project, protect NCPA's financial condition and maintain its credit worthiness. These funds are available on demand, but the City has left them with NCPA as a reserve against these contingencies identified by NCPA.

Members of NCPA may participate in an individual project of NCPA without obligation for any other project. Member assessments collected for one project may not be used to finance other projects of NCPA without the member's permission.

Geothermal Projects

A purchased power agreement with NCPA obligated the City for 6.158% and 6.158%, respectively, of the operating costs and debt service of the two NCPA 110-megawatt geothermal steam powered generating plants, Project Number 2 and Project Number 3.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

The City's participation in the Geothermal Project was sold to Turlock Irrigation District in October 1984. Accordingly, the City is liable for payment of outstanding geothermal related debt only in the event that Turlock fails to make specified payments. Total outstanding debt of the NCPA Geothermal Project at June 30, 1998 is \$605.545 million. The City's participation in this project was 6.15%, or \$37.241 million.

NCPA's Geothermal Project has experienced a greater than originally anticipated decline in steam production from geothermal wells on its leasehold property. Results of the continuing well analysis program indicate that the potential productive capacity of the geothermal steam reservoir is less than originally estimated. Therefore, NCPA has modified the operations of the Geothermal Project to reduce the average annual output from past levels. As a result, the per unit cost of energy generated by the projects will be higher than anticipated.

NCPA will continue to monitor the wells while pursuing alternatives for improving and extending reservoir performance, including supplemental water reinjection, plant equipment modifications, and changes in operating methodology. NCPA, along with other steam field operators, has observed a substantial increase in steam production in the vicinity of reinjection wells and is attempting to increase water reinjection at strategic locations. NCPA, other steam developers, and the Lake County Sanitation District are constructing a wastewater pipeline project that will greatly increase the amount of water available for reinjection.

Calaveras Hydroelectric Project

In July 1981, NCPA agreed with Calaveras County Water District to purchase the output of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project and to finance its construction. Debt service payments to NCPA began in February, 1990 when the project was declared substantially complete and power was delivered to the participants. Under its power purchase agreement with NCPA, the City is obligated to pay 22.92% of this Project's debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 1998, the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$570.594 million, while its long term debt totaled \$564.193 million and other liabilities totaled \$6.401 million. The City's share of the Project's long term debt amounted to \$129.313 million at that date.

In April 1991, the City signed an agreement with the City of Roseville to sell a 6.52% portion of its capacity share of NCPA's Calaveras hydroelectric plant for a period of 14 years. Under the terms of the sale agreement, Roseville pays all the operation and maintenance costs associated with 6.52% of the plant. In addition, Roseville will also pay the city a portion of the net debt service obligations of the current long-term debt associated with the Hydroelectric Project No. 1. However, if Roseville defaults, the City is secondarily liable for the outstanding debt service obligations.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Geothermal Public Power Line

In 1983, NCPA, Sacramento Municipal Utility District, the City of Santa Clara and the Modesto Irrigation District (joint owners) initiated studies for a Geothermal Public Power Line (GPPL) which would carry power generated at several existing and planned geothermal plants in the Geysers area to a location where the joint owners could receive it for transmission to their load centers. NCPA has an 18.5% share of this Project and the City has a 11.074% participation in NCPA's share. In 1989, the development of the proposed Geothermal Public Power Line was discontinued because NCPA was able to contract for sufficient transmission capacity to meet its needs in the Geysers. However, because the project financing provided funding for an ownership interest in a PG&E transmission line, a central dispatch facility and a performance bond pursuant to the Interconnection Agreement with PG&E, as well as an ownership interest in the proposed GPPL, NCPA issued \$16,000,000 in long-term, fixed-rate revenue bonds in November 1989 to defease the remaining variable rate refunding bonds used to refinance this project. The City is obligated to pay its 11.074% share of the related debt service, but debt service costs are covered through NCPA billing mechanisms that allocate the costs to members based on use of the facilities and services.

At June 30, 1998, the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$12.627 million, while its long term debt totaled \$12.627 million. The City's share of the Project's long term debt amounted to \$1.398 million at that date.

Northwest Power Purchase Contract

The City's participation with other NCPA members in a long-term contract for purchase of power from the Washington Water Power Company was approved in 1993. At that date the City did not have a share of the Project's long term debt. On February 1, 1997, the NCPA issued \$18,310,000 in Northwest Resource Revenue Bonds. The proceeds will be used to finance a portion of a payment to be made under the Northwest Power Purchase Contract and costs of issuance of the debt. Under the NCPA Agreement for Financing Electric Capacity, the City is obligated to pay 13.61% of this debt service. At June 30, 1998 the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$21.715 million, while its long term debt totaled \$16.272 million and other liabilities totaled \$5.443 million. The City's share of the Project's long-term debt amounted to \$2.214 million at that date.

NCPA Financial Information

NCPA's financial statements can be obtained from NCPA, 180 Cirby Way, Roseville, CA 95678.

C. Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)

The City is a member of a joint powers agreement with 14 other entities in the Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC). TANC's purpose is to provide electrical transmission or other facilities for the use of its members. While governed by its members, none of TANC's obligations are those of its members unless expressly assumed by them. The City is obligated to pay 4% of TANC's debt-service and operating costs.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

According to the 1985 Project Agreement with TANC for the development of the California-Oregon Transmission Project (COTP) and subsequent related project agreements, the City is obligated to pay its share of the project's costs, including debt service and is entitled to the use of a percentage of the project's transmission or transfer capacity. TANC has issued two series of Revenue Bonds and Commercial Paper Notes totaling \$453.701 million as of June 30, 1998. The City's share of this debt is \$18.148 million.

Construction of the COTP was complete as of June 30, 1993. The transmission line was energized March 24, 1993. Because funding of certain project participants' shares in the project was needed pending approval of their applications for participation, TANC issued \$93,781,238 of Commercial Paper debt backed by a Letter of Credit. The City's share of the Commercial Paper was \$2.455 million at June 30, 1998, which is included in the share of debt discussed above. Shares and obligations of the existing participants could increase pending final project subscription.

Because the investor owned utilities that had planned on being participants in the project did not receive Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity from the California Public Utilities Commission, they were unable to participate. Accordingly, the remaining participants' percentage participation in the project increased substantially.

TANC Financial Information

TANC's financial statements can be obtained from TANC, P.O. Box 15129, Sacramento, CA 95851.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Palo Alto Unified School District — The City leases the former Cubberley School site and eleven extended day care sites from the Palo Alto Unified School District (PAUSD). The lease is part of a larger agreement which includes a covenant not to develop certain properties owned by the PAUSD. The lease term expires in December 2004 with an option for an additional ten year term. The City's rent for the facilities are \$4.963 million per year plus insurance, repairs and maintenance work to be completed, which are not to exceed \$250 thousand per year. This lease is cancelable upon 90 days' written notice in the event funds are not appropriated by the City. In addition, the lease is contingent upon authorization by the Palo Alto electorate if it exceeds the City's Proposition 4 (Gann) appropriations limitation in any fiscal year. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 1998 amounted to \$5.006 million.

Future minimum annual lease and covenant payments are as follows (in thousands):

| Year ending June 30: | |
|----------------------|----------|
| 1999 | \$5,200 |
| 2000 | 5,382 |
| 2001 | 5,570 |
| 2002 | 5,764 |
| Thereafter | 5,966 |
| Total | \$27,882 |

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Palo Alto Sanitation Company- The City entered into contract in 1987 with the Palo Alto Sanitation Company (PASCO) for services related to refuse collection, the curbside recycling program, operation of the Recycling Center, and emptying and maintenance of public trash receptacles. The contract is for an indefinite period unless either party gives a written cancellation notice which will become effective five years from the date of notification. The City is committed to pay PASCO a percentage of refuse revenue billed to the customers. That percentage, negotiated annually, was 30.43% for collection services and 95% for the bin rentals in fiscal 1997-98. During this period, the City made payments of approximately \$6.854 million for services rendered by PASCO.

City of Palo Alto Regional Water Quality Control Plant- The cities of Palo Alto, Mountain View and Los Altos (the Partners) participate jointly in the cost of maintaining and operating the City of Palo Alto Regional Water Quality Control Plant and related system (the Plant). The City is the owner and administrator of the Plant which provides joint operations for the transmission, treatment and disposal of sewage for the Partners. The cities of Mountain View and Los Altos are entitled to use a portion of the capacity of the Plant for a specified period of time. Each partner has the right to rent unused capacity from/to the other partners. The expenses of operations and maintenance are paid quarterly by each partner based on its pro rata share of treatment costs. Additionally, joint system revenues are shared by the partners in the same ratio as expenses are paid. The amended agreement has a term of fifty years beginning from the original signing in October 1968, but may be terminated by any partner upon ten years' notice to the other partners. All sewage treatment property, plant and equipment are included in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund's property, plant and equipment balance at June 30, 1998. If the City initiates the termination of the contracts, it is required to pay the other partners their unamortized contribution towards the property, plant and equipment.

Solid Waste Materials Recovery and Transfer Station (SMaRT Station)- On June 9, 1992, the City, along with the City of Mountain View, signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the City of Sunnyvale (Sunnyvale) to participate in the construction and operation of the SMaRT station which will recover recyclable materials from the municipal solid waste delivered from participating cities. Per the MOU, the City has capacity share of 21.27% of this facility and will reimburse its proportionate capacity share of design, construction, and operation costs to Sunnyvale.

On December 1, 1992, the Sunnyvale Financing Authority issued \$24,160,000 revenue bonds to finance the design and construction costs. Even though these bonds are payable from and secured by the net revenues of Sunnyvale's Utilities Enterprise, the City is obligated to reimburse Sunnyvale 21.27% of total debt service payments related to these bonds. The City's portion of remaining principal balance for SMaRT revenue bonds as of June 30, 1998 is \$4.591 million. During the year ended June 30, 1998, the City paid \$397 thousand as its portion of current debt service.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Deregulation of Electric Industry- Effective January 1, 1998, Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E), Southern California Edison and San Diego Gas & Electric Company turned their transmission systems over to the operational control of an Independent System Operator (ISO). The City currently receives its transmission service from PG&E under an agreement between PG&E and the Northern California Power Agency. Effective January 1, 1998, the City had the option of continuing its transmission service through its existing contracts or converting to transmission service offered by the ISO. This restructuring also introduce a Power Exchange through which the City will had the option of buying and selling electric power and energy.

Litigation — The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Grant Programs — The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act amendments of 1996 and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The general fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

CITY OF PALO ALTO GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 1998 AND 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | 1998 | 1997 |
|---|-------------|----------|
| ASSETS | | |
| | | |
| Cash and investments available for operations Receivables, net: | \$38,781 | \$31,760 |
| Accounts | 6,072 | 5,061 |
| Interest | 879 | 817 |
| Notes | 689 | 703 |
| Interfund receivable | 514 | 203 |
| Inventory of materials and supplies | 1,953 | 2,086 |
| Total Assets | \$48,888 | \$40,630 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$1,525 | \$1,237 |
| Accrued salaries and benefits | 982 | 818 |
| Deferred revenue | 477 | |
| Total Liabilities | 2,984 | 2,055 |
| FUND BALANCES | | |
| Reserved for: | | |
| Encumbrances and reappropriations | 5,036 | 3,706 |
| Notes | 689 | 703 |
| Inventory of materials and supplies | 1,953 | 2,086 |
| Unreserved, designated for: | | |
| Unrealized gain on investments | 450 | |
| Streets and sidewalks/school site projects | 26 3 | 428 |
| Budget stabilization | 19,050 | 17,900 |
| Emergencies | 5,875 | 5,600 |
| Infrastructure | 12,588 | 8,152 |
| Total Fund Balances | 45,904 | 38,575 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$48,888 | \$40,630 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| REVENUES Taxes: Property taxes \$8,405 \$8,903 \$498 \$3 les taxes 19,700 20,011 311 Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 \$7 ransient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 \$70 lataxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 \$7 lataxes 45,008 47,234 4,507 (27) 4 | \$7,735 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 2,451 |
|--|--|
| Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Actual REVENUES Taxes: Property taxes \$8,405 \$8,903 \$498 Sales taxes 19,700 20,011 311 Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | \$7,735 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| REVENUES Taxes: Property taxes \$8,405 \$8,903 \$498 \$498 \$4 | \$7,735 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Taxes: \$8,405 \$8,903 \$498 Sales taxes 19,700 20,011 311 Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Property taxes \$8,405 \$8,903 \$498 Sales taxes 19,700 20,011 311 Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: Current: 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00 | 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Sales taxes 19,700 20,011 311 Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 18,277 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Utility users' tax 5,485 5,780 295 Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: Current: 146 146 | 5,509 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Transient occupancy tax 5,700 5,846 146 Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 5,107 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Other taxes and fines 5,718 6,694 976 Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 5,299 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Total taxes 45,008 47,234 2,226 Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 41,927 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Fire protection and emergency communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 4,193 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| communication services 4,534 4,507 (27) From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| From other agencies 171 667 496 Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 171 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Service fees and permits 8,826 8,984 158 Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 9,087 2,739 9,667 |
| Return on investment 3,100 3,759 659 Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 2,739 9,667 |
| Rental income 9,838 10,074 236 Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: | 9,667 |
| Other revenues 2,527 2,848 321 Total Revenues 74,004 78,073 4,069 EXPENDITURES Current: Current: | |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | 70,235 |
| Current: | |
| | |
| | |
| City Council 169 151 18 | 116 |
| City Manager 1,283 988 295 | 918 |
| City Attorney 1,725 1,380 345 | 1,162 |
| City Clerk 855 813 42 | 600 |
| City Auditor 509 418 91 | 426 |
| Administrative Services 8,290 7,400 890 | 6,921 |
| Human Resources 1,927 1,837 90 | 1,546 |
| Public Works 9,202 8,172 1,030 | 7,339 |
| Planning and Community Environment 5,499 4,832 667 | 4,320 |
| Public Safety - Police 16,437 16,093 344 | 14,804 |
| Public Safety - Fire 13,372 13,100 272 | 12,292 |
| Community Services 15,797 15,050 747 | 13,972 |
| School Site Operations 6,365 6,298 67 | 6,086 |
| Total Expenditures <u>81,430</u> <u>76,532</u> <u>4,898</u> | 70,502 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES (7,426) 1,541 8,967 | (267) |
| | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | |
| Operating transfers in 12,820 12,755 (65) | 12,759 |
| Operating transfers (out) $(7,799)$ $(7,822)$ (23) | (6,469) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,021 4,933 (88) | 6,290 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND | |
| OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | |
| AND OTHER USES (\$2,405) 6,474 \$8,879 | 6,023 |
| (#2,405) 0,474 #6,675 | 0,023 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year 38,575 | 33,660 |
| Residual equity transfer in 855 | |
| Residual equity transfer (out) | (1,108) |
| | (1,100) |
| Fund balance at end of year \$45,904 | |
| 53 | \$38,575 |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for the proceeds derived from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

STREET IMPROVEMENT

This fund accounts for revenues received from state gas tax, allocations must be spent on the construction and maintenance of the road network system of the City.

FEDERAL REVENUE

This fund accounts for grant funds received under the Community Development Act of 1974 and HOME Investment Grant Programs, for activities approved and subject to federal regulations.

HOUSING IN-LIEU

This fund accounts for revenues from commercial and residential developers to provide housing under the City's Below Market Rate program.

SPECIAL DISTRICTS

This fund accounts for revenues from parking permits and for maintenance of various parking lots within the City's parking districts.

TRANSPORTATION MITIGATION

This fund accounts for revenues from fees or contributions required for transportation mitigation issues encountered as a result of City development.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

This fund accounts for revenues received in support of City's law enforcement program.

DOWNTOWN PLANNED COMMUNITY

This fund accounts for revenues received from contributions and fees that will be used to implement downtown improvements.

CITY OF PALO ALTO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997

| | Street Improvement | Federal Revenue | Housing In-Lieu | Special Districts | Transportation Mitigation |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | • | |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$3,376 | \$343 | \$3,178 | \$640 | \$1,664 |
| Receivables, net | 1 | 75 | 50 | | |
| Interest receivable | 45 | | 45 | 9 | . 23 |
| Notes, net | | 1,426 | 4,971 | | · · |
| Total Assets | \$3,422 | \$1,844 | \$8,244 | \$649 | \$1,687 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | \$28 | \$63 | \$31 | ÷ |
| Deferred revenue | | | 129 | | |
| Interfund payables | · · | 514 | | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 542 | 192 | 31 | |
| FUND BALANCES | | , | | | |
| Reserved for: | | | | | |
| Encumbrances and reappropriations | \$4,128 | 1,634 | 50 | | |
| Notes | | 1,426 | 4,971 | | |
| Unreserved, designated for: | | | • | | • , |
| Special revenue projects | | | 3,007 | 614 | \$1,675 |
| Unrealized gain on investments | | | 24 | 4 | 12 |
| Undesignated | (706) | (1,758) | | | |
| Total Fund Balances | 3,422 | 1,302 | 8,052 | 618 | 1,687 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$3,422 | \$1,844 | \$8,244 | \$649 | \$1,687 |

| | | TOT | ALS |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Local Law Enforcement | Downtown Planned Community | 1998 | 1997 |
| | .• | | |
| \$198 | \$88 | \$9,487 | \$7,230 |
| | | 126 | 369 |
| . 3 | 1 | 126 | 108 |
| | | 6,397 | 6,424 |
| \$201 | \$89 | \$16,136 | \$14,131 |
| | | | |
| \$15 | | \$137 | \$372 |
| | | 129 | |
| | | 514 | 203 |
| 15 | | 780 | 575 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 215 | | 6,027 | 5,891 |
| | | 6,397 | 6,424 |
| | | | -, : |
| | \$89 | 5,385 | 1,241 |
| | | 40 | - ,- · • |
| (29) | | (2,493) | |
| 186 | 89 | 15,356 | 13,556 |
| \$201 | \$89 | \$16,136 | \$14,131 |
| Φ201 | | #10,130 | , w14,131 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

| | Street Improvement | Federal Revenue | Housing In-Lieu | Special Districts | Transportation Mitigation |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Other taxes and fines | \$1,134 | | | | |
| From other agencies: Community Development Block Grant Federal Urban Aid Local Law Enforcement Block Grant State of California | | \$594 | | | |
| HOME Grant Other revenue from other agencies TDA grant | 25 | | | | |
| Total from other agencies | 25 | 594 | | | |
| Return on investment | 215 | 9 | \$174 | \$40 | \$132 |
| Other: Great Western Bank - loan payoff Housing In-Lieu - residential Housing In-Lieu - commercial Traffic Mitigation - transportation | | 2 | 707 1,362 | 504 | 546 |
| University Avenue Parking California Avenue Parking Sale of property Other fees | | | 191_ | 504 118 | |
| Total other | | 2 | 2,260 | 622 | 546 |
| Total Revenues | 1,374 | 605 | 2,434 | 662 | 678 |
| EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIAL REVENUE PROJECTS | | 451 | 334 | | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 1,374 | 154 | 2,100 | 662 | 678 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in | | | | | |
| Operating transfers (out) | (1,335) | (203) | | (539) | (948) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,335) | (203) | | (539) | (948) |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES | 39 | (49) | 2,100 | 123 | (270) |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | 3,383 | 1,351 | 5,952 | 495 | 1,957 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$3,422 | \$1,302 | \$8,052 | \$618 | \$1,687 |
| | 58 | | | | |

| | Downtown TO | | ΓALS | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|--|--|
| Local Law | Planned | | | | |
| Enforcement | Community | 1998 | 1997 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | ¢1 124 | ¢1 100 | | |
| | | \$1,134 | \$1,100 | | |
| | | | | | |
| • | | 594 | 814 | | |
| | | 371 | 45 | | |
| | | | 30 | | |
| \$138 | | 138 | 252 | | |
| | | • | 50 | | |
| • | | 25 | 109 | | |
| | | | 12_ | | |
| | | | | | |
| 138 | | <u>757</u> | 1,312 | | |
| 16 | 012 | 500 | 160 | | |
| 16 | \$13 | 599_ | 469 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 2 | (6) | | |
| | | 707 | 4 | | |
| | | 1,362 | 304 | | |
| | * | 546 | 100 | | |
| | - | 504 | 879 | | |
| • | | 118 | 95 | | |
| | | | 82 | | |
| | 75. | 266 | 362 | | |
| | | 2.525 | 1,820 | | |
| | 75_ | 75 3,505 | | | |
| 154 | . 88 | 5,995 | 4,701 | | |
| 134 | . 00 | 3,993 | 4,701 | | |
| 138 | | 923 | 1,245 | | |
| | | 723 | 1,243 | | |
| 16 | 88 | 5,072 | 3,456 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3 | 391 | | |
| | (250) | (3,275) | (2,724) | | |
| | (0.50) | (0.050) | (0.000) | | |
| 3 | (250) | (3,272) | (2,333) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 19 | (162) | 1,800 | 1,123 | | |
| 17 | (102) | 1,000 | 1,123 | | |
| 167_ | 251_ | 13,556 | 12,433 | | |
| | | | | | |
| \$186 | \$89 | \$15,356 | \$13,556 | | |
| | | | | | |

CITY OF PALO ALTO

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

| _ | STREET IMPROVEMENT | | | FED | FEDERAL REVENUE | | |
|--|--------------------|---------|--|------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| _ | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | |
| REVENUES | | | | • | | | |
| Other taxes and fines | \$1,125 | \$1,134 | \$9 | | | ·// / / / / | |
| From other agencies: Community Development Block Grant Local Law Enforcement Block Grant State of California | | | | \$802 | \$594 | (\$208) | |
| Other revenue from other agencies | | 25 | 25 | | | | |
| Total from other agencies | · · · | 25 | 25 | 802 | 594 | (208) | |
| Return on investment | 183 | 215 | 32 | 15 | 9 | (6) | |
| Other: Great Western Bank - loan payoff Housing In-Lieu - residential Housing In-Lieu - commercial Traffic Mitigation - transportation | | | | 7 | 2 | (5) | |
| University Avenue Parking California Avenue Parking Other fees | | | | | | · | |
| Total other | | | | 7 | 2 | (5) | |
| Total Revenues | 1,308 | 1,374 | 66 | 824 | 605 | (219) | |
| EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIAL REVENUE PROJECTS | · | - | | 983 | 451 | 532 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 1,308 | 1,374 | 66 | (159) | 154 | 313 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in | (1.504) | (1.225) | 250 | (228) | (202) | 25 | |
| Operating transfers (out) | (1,594) | (1,335) | 259 | (228) | (203) | 25 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,594) | (1,335) | 259 | (228) | (203) | 25 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | 20 | #22 <i>5</i> | (#2.9 7) | (40) | # 220 | |
| AND OTHER USES | (\$286) | 39 | \$325 | (\$387) | (49) | \$338 | |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | 3,383 | | | 1,351 | • | |
| Fund balances at end of year | | \$3,422 | : | | \$1,302 | : | |

| Н | OUSING IN- | LIEU | SPE | CIAL DIST | RICTS | TRANSPO | RTATION N | IITIGATION |
|---------------|------------|--|-----------|-------------|----------------------------------|---------|--------------|--|
| _Budget_ | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$117 | \$174 | \$57 | \$26 | \$40 | \$14 | \$114 | \$132 | \$18 |
| | 707 | 707 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 1,362 | 1,355 | | | | 40 | 546 | 506 |
| | | | 443 84 | 504 118 | 61 34 | | 340 | .500 |
| 58 | 191 | 133 | | | | | | |
| 65 | 2,260 | 2,195 | 527 | 622 | 95 | 40 | 546 | 506 |
| 182 | 2,434 | 2,252 | 553 | 662 | 109 | 154 | 678 | 524 |
| 1,042 | 334 | 708 | | | <u>.</u> | | | |
| (860) | 2,100 | 2,960 | 553 | 662 | 109 | 154 | 678_ | 524 |
| | | | (594) | (539) | 55 | (948) | (948) | |
| , | | | (594) | (539) | 55 | (948) | (948) | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| (\$860) | 2,100 | \$2,960 | (\$41) | 123 | \$164 | (\$794) | (270) | \$524 |
| | 5,952 | | | 495 | | | 1,957 | |
| | \$8,052 | | | \$618 | | | \$1,687 | (Continued) |

CITY OF PALO ALTO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

| | LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT | | | DOWNTOWN PLANNED COMMUNITY | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------|--|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--|
| - - | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | |
| REVENUES Other taxes and fines | , | | | | | | |
| From other agencies: Community Development Block Grant Local Law Enforcement Block Grant State of California Other revenue from other agencies | \$31 138 | \$138 | (\$31) | | | | |
| Total from other agencies | 169 | 138 | (31) | | | | |
| Return on investment | | 16 | \$16 | | \$13 | \$13 | |
| Other: Great Western Bank - loan payoff Housing In-Lieu - residential Housing In-Lieu - commercial Traffic Mitigation - transportation University Avenue Parking California Avenue Parking Other fees | | | | · . | 75 | <u>.</u> 75 | |
| Total other | | | <u> </u> | | 75 | 75 | |
| Total Revenues | 169 | 154 | (15) | | 88 | 88 | |
| EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIAL REVENUE PROJECTS | 331 | 138 | 193 | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | (162) | 16 | 178 | | 88 | 88 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) | 3 | 3 | | (\$250) | (250) | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 3 | 3 | | (250) | (250) | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES | (\$159) | 19 | \$178 | (\$250) | (162) | \$88 | |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | 167 | | | 251 | | |
| Fund balances at end of year | | \$186 | : . | | \$89 | | |

| | TOTALS | |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) |
| \$1,125 | \$1,134 | \$9_ |
| 802 31 | 594 | (208) (31) |
| 138 | 138 - 25 | 25 |
| 971 | 757 | (214) |
| 455 | 599 | 144 |
| . 7 | 2 707 | (5) 707 |
| 7 40 | 1,362 546 | 1,355 506 |
| 443 | 504 | 61 |
| 84 | 118 | 34 |
| 58 | 266 | 208_ |
| 639 | 3,505 | 2,866 |
| 3,190 | 5, 995 | 2,805 |
| 2,356 | 923 | 1,433 |
| 834 | 5,072 | 4,238 |
| 3 | 3 | 220 |
| (3,614) | (3,275) | 339 |
| (3,611) | (3,272) | 339 |
| | | |
| (\$2,777) | 1,800 | \$4,577 |
| | 13,556 | |
| | \$15,356 | |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City and its related entities.

TERMAN LEASE

This fund accounts for revenues received to provide repayment of principal and interest on the long-term lease of the former Terman School with the Palo Alto Unified School District.

GOLF COURSE

This fund accounts for revenues received from the General Fund to provide payment of principal and interest associated with general obligation debt issued for the City's golf course.

CIVIC CENTER CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

This fund accounts for revenues received from the General Fund to provide payment of the Civic Center Certificate of Participation as they become due.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

This fund accumulate monies for payments of special assessment improvement bonds which are financed by assessments placed on property owners within the University Avenue and California Avenue Parking districts.

CITY OF PALO ALTO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997

| | | | | Special | TOTALS | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| | Terman Lease | Golf Course | Civic Center | Assessment Debt | 1998 | 1997 |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$515 | | | \$592 | \$1,107 | \$1,297 |
| Restricted cash and investments | • | \$171 | \$794 | 92 | 1,057 | 1,036 |
| Special assessment receivable | | | | 5,195 | 5,195 | 5,685 |
| Interest receivable | 7 | 3 | 18_ | | 28 | 17 |
| Total Assets | \$522 | \$174 | \$812 | \$5,879 | \$7,387 | \$8,035 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Deferred revenue | | | | \$5,195 | \$5,195 | \$5,685 |
| Total Liabilities | | | | 5,195 | 5,195 | 5,685 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Reserved for debt service | \$522 | \$174 | \$811 | 684 | 2,191 | 2,350 |
| Unreserved, designated for unrealized gain on investments | | · . | 1 | | 1_ | <u> </u> |
| Total Fund Balances | 522 | 174 | 812 | 684_ | 2,192 | 2,350 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$522 | \$174 | \$812 | \$5,879 | \$7,387 | \$8,035 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

| | | | | Special | TOTALS | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|---------|
| | Terman Lease | Golf Course | Civic Center | Assessment Debt | 1998 | 1997 |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Special assessments | | | | \$857 | \$857 | \$858 |
| From other agencies | \$250 | | | | 250 | 246 |
| Return on investment | 36 | \$9_ | \$48 | | 93 | 91 |
| Total Revenues | 286 | 9 | 48 | 857 | 1,200 | 1,195 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Debt service: | | • | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 395 | 100 | 460 | 450 | 1,405 | 1,355 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 88 | 42 | 356 | 402 | 888 | 964 |
| Total Expenditures | 483 | 142 | 816 | 852 | 2,293 | 2,319 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | (197) | (133) | (768) | 5 | (1,093) | (1,124) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in | - | 141_ | 794 | | 935 | 924 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 141 | 794 | | 935 | 924 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER | | | | | • | |
| EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES | (197) | 8 | 26 | 5 | (158) | (200) |
| Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated | 719 | 166 | 786 | 679 | 2,350 | 2,550 |
| Fund balances at end of year | <u>\$522</u> | <u>\$174</u> | \$812 | \$684 | \$2,192 | \$2,350 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

| | TERMAN LEASE | | | C | GOLF COURSE | | | |
|---|--------------|--------|--|--------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | | |
| REVENUES | | | | • | · | | | |
| Special assessments | • | | | | | | | |
| From other agencies | \$246 | \$250 | \$4 | | | | | |
| Return on investment | 35 | 36 | 1 | \$4 | \$9_ | \$5_ | | |
| Total Revenues | 281_ | 286 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 5 | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 395 | 395 | | 100 | 100 | | | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 107 | 88 | 19 | 53 | 42 | 11 | | |
| Total Expenditures | 502 | 483 | 19 | 153 | 142 | 11 | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | • | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (221) | (197) | 24 | (149) | (133) | 16 | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | • | · · · · . | | |
| Operating transfers in | | | • | 134 | 141 | 7 | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | 134 | 141 | 7 | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | | • | , | | | | |
| AND OTHER USES | (\$221) | (197) | \$24 | (\$15) | 8 | \$23 | | |
| Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated | | 719 | • | | 166_ | | | |
| Fund balances at end of year | | \$522 | | ٠. | \$174 | | | |

| CIVIC CENTER | | | SPECIAI | PECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT | | | TOTALS | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--|------------|------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | | |
| \$20 | \$4 8 | \$28 | \$849 | \$857 | \$8 | \$849 246 59 | \$857 250 93 | \$8 4 34 | | |
| 20 | 48 | 28 | 849 | 857 | . 8 | 1,154 | 1,200 | 46 | | |
| 460 356 | 460 356 | . • | 450 405 | 450 402 | 3 | 1,405 921 | 1,405 888 | | | |
| 816 | 816 | | 855 | 852 | 3 | 2,326 | 2,293 | 33 | | |
| (796) | (768) | 28 | (6) | 5 | 11_ | (1,172) | (1,093) | 79 | | |
| 778 | 794 | 16 | | | · . | 912 | 935 | 23 | | |
| 778 | 794 | 16 | | | | 912 | 935 | 23 | | |
| (\$18) | 26 | \$44 | (\$6) | 5 | \$11 | (\$260) | (158) | \$102 | | |
| (\$10) | 786 | | | 679 | | (#200) | 2,350 | <u> </u> | | |
| | \$812 | | | \$684 | · | | \$2,192 | | | |

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

CITY OF PALO ALTO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 1998 AND 1997

(In thousands of dollars)

| | 1998 | 1997 |
|---|----------|----------|
| ASSETS | , | |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$15,162 | \$11,554 |
| Accounts receivable | | 485 |
| Total Assets | \$15,162 | \$12,039 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$527 | \$914 |
| Total Liabilities | 527 | 914 |
| FUND BALANCE | | |
| Reserved for: | | |
| Reappropriations and encumbrances | 20,626 | 11,871 |
| Unreserved: | | |
| Undesignated | (5,991) | (746) |
| Total Fund Balance | 14,635 | 11,125 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balance | \$15,162 | \$12,039 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 AND 1997

(In thousands of dollars)

| | 1998 | 1997 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| REVENUES | | |
| From other agencies: | | |
| Peninsula Community Foundation | \$50 | • |
| Stanford University | 8 | \$10 |
| Santa Clara County | | 480 |
| Palo Alto Unified School District | · | 20 |
| Total from other agencies | 58 | 510 |
| Return on Investment | | |
| Federal grants | | 55 |
| Community Development Block Grant | | 45 |
| Other revenues | 1 | 9 |
| Total Revenues | 59 | 619 |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Capital outlay | 5,826_ | 6,336 |
| Total Expenditures | 5,826 | 6,336 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES | | |
| OVER/UNDER EXPENDITURES | (5,767) | (5,717) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | |
| Operating transfers in | 10,132 | 7,562 |
| Operating transfers (out) | | (12) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 10,132 | 7,550 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER | | |
| SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | |
| AND OTHER USES | 4,365 | 1,833 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 11,125 | 8,184 |
| Residual equity transfer in | | 1,108 |
| Residual equity transfer (out) | (855) | |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$14,635 | \$11,125 |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds account for City operations which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprise. Costs of providing service to the public are covered by user charges, grant funds, and impact fees.

WATER SERVICES

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Water service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

ELECTRIC SERVICES

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Electric service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

GAS SERVICES

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Gas service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

WASTEWATER COLLECTION

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Wastewater Collection. Collections are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Wastewater Treatment. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

REFUSE SERVICES

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Refuse service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

STORM DRAINAGE SERVICES

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's Storm Drain service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in Palo Alto.

CITY OF PALO ALTO ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Water | Electric | Gas | Wastewater Collection | Wastewater Treatment |
|---|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current Assets: Cash and investments: | . • | | | | |
| Available for operations Restricted | \$10,917 | \$86,189 | \$18,894 | \$15,002 | \$8,377 |
| Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Prepaid items | 1,365 154 | 8,006 1,217 42 | 1,251 266 | 1,196 212 | 577 |
| Total Current Assets | 12,436 | 95,454 | 20,411 | 16,410 | 9,072 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 29,347 | 95,538 | 31,703 | 26,649 | 26,278 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 29,347 | 95,538 | 31,703 | 26,649 | 26,278 |
| Total Assets | \$41,783 | \$190,992 | \$52,114 | \$43,059 | \$35,350 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits Current portion of revenue bonds Accrued landfill closure liability | \$873 40 | \$3,959 159 | \$825 64 | \$66 31 187 | \$500 79 408 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 913 | 4,118 | 889 | 284 | 987 |
| Long-term liabilities: Revenue bonds, net of unamortized discount | | | | 1,668 | 3,628 |
| Total Liabilities | 913 | 4,118 | . 889 | 1,952 | 4,615 |
| FUND EQUITY | | | | | |
| Contributed capital | 7,751 | 17,138 | 3,292 | 9,030 | 21,382 |
| Retained earnings | 33,119 | 169,736 | 47,933 | 32,077 | 9,353 |
| Total Fund Equity . | 40,870 | 186,874 | 51,225 | 41,107 | 30,735 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equity | \$41,783 | \$190,992 | \$52,114 | \$43,059 | \$35,350 |

| | Q. | TOTA | ALS |
|----------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Refuse | Storm Drainage | 1998 | 1997 |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| \$15,265 | \$773 | \$155,417 | \$134,336 |
| | 2,755 | 2,755 | 4,240 |
| 1,764 | 192 | 14,351 | 13,114 |
| 216 | 11 | 2,194 42_ | 1,984 187_ |
| 17,245 | 3,731 | 174,759 | 153,861 |
| | | | |
| 4,851 | 12,301 | 226,667 | 216,983 |
| 4,851 | 12,301 | 226,667 | 216,983 |
| \$22,096 | \$16,032 | \$401,426 | \$370,844 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| \$1,055 | \$235 | \$7,513 | \$4,709 |
| 35 | 12 | 420 | 335 |
| 7.220 | 300 | 895 | 840 |
| 7,238 | | 7,238 | 6,932 |
| 8,328 | 547 | 16,066 | 12,816 |
| | | | |
| | 11,724 | 17,020 | 17,884 |
| 8,328 | 12,271 | 33,086 | 30,700 |
| | | | |
| | | 58,593 | 58,593 |
| 13,768 | 3,761 | 309,747 | 281,551 |
| 13,768 | 3,761 | 368,340 | 340,144 |
| \$22,096 | \$16,032 | \$401,426 | \$370,844 |
| | | | |

CITY OF PALO ALTO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Water | Electric | Gas | Wastewater Collection | Wastewater Treatment |
|--|----------|-----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | 4 | | | | - 1 |
| Sales of utilities: | | | | | |
| Customers | \$11,411 | \$64,650 | \$16,827 | \$8,655 | |
| City departments | 532 | 1,655 | 347 | 109 | \$4,158 |
| Wholesale | | 10,389 | 1,056 | | , , |
| Wastewater treatment | | , | , | | 6,936 |
| Service connection charges and miscellaneous | 180 | 309 | 227 | 54 | • |
| Other operating revenues | 132 | 4,139 | 433 | 667 | 227 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 12,255 | 81,142 | 18,890 | 9,485 | 11,321 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Purchase of utilities | 4,283 | 32,771 | 9,712 | 4,158 | |
| Administration and general | 1,222 | 2,631 | 1,438 | 358 | 962 |
| Engineering (operating) | 41 | 347 | 62 | 34 | 1,401 |
| Resource management | 312 | 2,783 | 523 | | • |
| Operations and maintenance | 1,578 | 5,725 | 1,537 | 996 | 7,151 |
| Rent | 669 | 2,054 | 170 | 93 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 694 | 4,186 | 1,060 | 870 | 1,522 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 8,799 | 50,497 | 14,502 | 6,509 | 11,036 |
| Operating Income | 3,456 | 30,645 | 4,388 | 2,976 | 285 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | • | | |
| Return on investment | 774 | 5,409 | 1,252 | 965 | 549 |
| Interest (expense) | ,,, | 2,102 | 1,202 | (137) | (298) |
| Joint venture debt service | | (11,036) | | (10.) | (250) |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | (27) | (69) | (31) | (13) | (1) |
| Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | 747 | (5,696) | 1,221 | . 815 | 250 |
| Income Before Operating Transfers | 4,203 | 24,949 | 5,609 | 3,791 | 5 35 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | • | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 447 | *, | | |
| Operating transfers (out) | (2,313) | (7,810) | (2,850) | (118) | (26) |
| Net Income | 1,890 | 17,586 | 2,759 | 3,673 | 509 |
| Retained earnings at beginning of year | 31,229 | 152,150 | 45,174 | 28,404 | 8,844 |
| Retained earnings at end of year | \$33,119 | \$169,736 | \$47,933 | \$32,077 | \$9,353 |
| <u>−</u> , • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | | | |

| | | TOTALS | | |
|---------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Refuse | Storm Drainage | 1998 | 1997 | |
| \$18,257 | \$1,977 | \$121,777 | \$117,677 | |
| 423 | 108 | 7,332 | 7,072 | |
| | | 11,445 | 2,505 | |
| | | 6,936 | 6,735 | |
| 2.402 | 4 | 770 | 916 | |
| 2,483 | 4 | 8,085 | 11,852 | |
| 21,163 | 2,089 | 156,345 | 146,757 | |
| | | | | |
| 6,854 | | 57,778 | 53,053 | |
| 1,000 | 342 | 7,953 | 7,202 | |
| 453 | 301 | 2,639 | 2,185 | |
| | | 3,618 | 3,099 | |
| 7,482 | 761 | 25,230 | 23,301 | |
| 4,2 89 | | 7,275 | 6,987 | |
| 185 | 229 | 8,746 | 8,257 | |
| 20,263 | 1,633 | 113,239 | 104,084 | |
| 900 | 456 | 43,106 | 42,673 | |
| | • | | • | |
| 989 | 64 | 10,002 | 7,663 | |
| | (280) | (715) | (754) | |
| (397) | ` , | (11,433) | (9,034) | |
| | | (141) | (560) | |
| 592_ | (216) | (2,287) | (2,685) | |
| 1,492 | 240 | 40,819 | 39,988 | |
| | | | | |
| 172 | | 619 | 213 | |
| (89) | (36) | (13,242) | (12,519) | |
| 1,575 | 204 | 28,196 | 27,682 | |
| 12,193 | 3,557 | 281,551 | 253,869 | |
| \$13,768 | \$3,761 | \$309,747 | \$281,551 | |
| | | | | |

CITY OF PALO ALTO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Water | Electric | Gas | Wastewater Collection |
|---|------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) | \$3,456 | \$30,645 | \$4,388 | \$2,976 |
| to cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: | 694 | 4,186 | 1,060 | 870 |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in interest receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items | 186 (4) | (1,175) (176) (42) | (230) | (1) (12) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and accrued salaries and benefits Increase in accrued landfill closure | 109 | 2,628 | 255 | (457) |
| Net Cash From Operating Activities | 4,441 | 36,066 | 5,482 | 3,376 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) | (2,313) | 447 (7,810) | (2,850) | (118) |
| Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities | (2,313) | (7,363) | (2,850) | (118) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | • | |
| Acquisition and construction of fixed assets Principal paid on long term debt | (2,157) | (7,357) | (3,609) | (2,590) (175) |
| Interest paid on long term debt | | (11,036) | - | (137) |
| Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities | (2,157) | (18,393) | (3,609) | (2,902) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on pooled investments | 774 | 5,409 | 1,252 | 965 |
| Net Cash From Investing Activities | 774 | 5,409 | 1,252 | 965 |
| Net Cash Flows | 745 | 15,719 | 275 | 1,321 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 10,172 | 70,470 | 18,619 | 13,681 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$10,917 | \$86,189 | \$18,894 | \$15,002 |

| | | | TOTA | ALS |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Wastewater Treatment | Refuse | Storm Drainage | 1998 | 1997 |
| \$2 85 | \$900 | \$456 | \$43,106 | \$42,673 |
| 1,522 | 185 | 229 | 8,746 | 8,257 |
| (65) (9) | 48 (26) 187 | 8 | (1,237) (210) 145 | 225 (78) (23) |
| 220 | 204 306 | (70) | 2,889 306 | (521) 247 |
| 1,953 | 1,804 | 623 | 53,745 | 50,780 |
| | | | | |
| (26) | 172 (89) | (36) | 619 (13,242) | 213 (12,519) |
| (26) | 83 | (36) | (12,623) | (12,306) |
| (675) (380) (298) | (81) | (2,071) (285) (280) | (18,540) (840) (12,148) | (25,188) (801) (9,788) |
| (1,353) | (478) | (2,636) | (31,528) | (35,777) |
| | | | | |
| 549_ | 989 | 64 | 10,002 | 7,663 |
| 549_ | 989 | 64 | 10,002 | 7,663 |
| 1,123 | 2,398 | (1,985) | 19,596 | 10,360 |
| 7,254 | 12,867 | 5,513 | 138,576 | 128,216 |
| \$8,377 | \$15,265 | \$3,528 | \$158,172 | \$138,576 |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for special activities and services performed by a designated City department for other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

VEHICLE REPLACEMENT AND MAINTENANCE

This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles and equipment used by all City departments. The source of revenue is an accumulation of resources.

COMPUTER EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of computer equipment used by all City departments. The source of revenue is an accumulation of resources.

PRINTING AND MAILING SERVICES

This fund accounts for central duplicating, printing and mailing services provided to all City departments. Source of revenue for this fund is on reimbursement of costs for services and supplies purchased by other departments.

GENERAL BENEFITS AND INSURANCE

This fund accounts for the administration of compensated absences and health benefits, and the City's self-insured workers' compensation and general liability programs.

CITY OF PALO ALTO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997

(In thousands of dollars)

| | Vehicle Replacement | Computer | | General Benefits | TOTA | ALS |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | and Maintenance | Equipment Replacement | Mailing Services | and Insurance | 1998 | 1997 |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current Assets Cash and investments available for operations Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Prepaid items Inventory of materials and supplies | \$5,219 4 74 217 | \$2,382 34 | \$443 | \$23,726 22 263 180 | \$31,770 26 378 180 217 | \$30,898 18 380 222 |
| Total Current Assets | 5,514 | 2,416 | 450 | 24,191 | 32,571 | 31,518 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 7,429 | 197 | 48_ | | 7,674 | 7,141 |
| Total Assets | \$12,943 | \$2,613 | <u>\$498</u> | \$24,191 | \$40,245 | \$38,659 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits Accrued compensated absences - current Accrued self insurance - current | \$129 16 | \$93 | \$10 4 | \$111 1,401 6,253 2,887 | \$343 1,421 6,253 2,887 | \$120 1,523 5,595 2,313 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 145 | 93 | 14_ | 10,652 | 10,904 | 9,551 |
| Long-term Liabilities Accrued compensated absences Accrued self insurance | | | | 3,424 4,763 | 3,424 4,763 | 3,281 5,607 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | | | | 8,187 | 8,187 | 8,888 |
| Total Liabilities | 145 | 93 | 14_ | 18,839 | 19,091 | 18,439 |
| FUND EQUITY | , | | | | | |
| Contributed capital Retained earnings | 3,944 8,854 | 2,000 520 | 196 288 | 5,352 | 6,140 15,014 | 5,997 14,223 |
| Total Fund Equity | 12,798 | 2,520 | 484 | 5,352 | 21,154 | 20,220 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equity | \$12,943 | \$2,613 | \$498 | \$24,191 | \$40,245 | \$38,659 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Replacement Computer | | Printing and Mailing | General Benefits and | TOTALS | |
|--|----------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| | Maintenance | Replacement | Services | Insurance | 1998 | 1997 |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$3,676 | \$931 | <u>\$749</u> | \$27,365 | \$32,721 | \$29,615 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Administration and general | 499 | 528 | 79 7 | 697 | 2,521 | 2,080 |
| Operations and maintenance | 1,726 | | | | 1,726 | 1,836 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,648 | 25 | 28 | | 1,701 | 1,575 |
| Claim payments and change in estimated | | | • | | | |
| self-insured liability | | | | 3,030 | 3,030 | 2,583 |
| Compensated absences and other benefits | | | | 25,349 | 25,349 | 23,884 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 3,873 | 553 | 825 | 29,076 | 34,327 | 31,958 |
| Total Operating Income (Loss) | (197) | 378 | (76) | (1,711) | (1,606) | (2,343) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | • | | | | |
| Return on investment | 357 | 142 | 27 | 1,257 | 1,783 | 1,599 |
| Gain on disposal of fixed assets | 109 | | | -, | 109 | 115 |
| Other nonoperating revenues | 41 | | 11_ | 558_ | 610 | 794 |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues | 507 | 142 | 38 | 1,815 | 2,502 | 2,508 |
| Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers | 310 | 520 | (38) | 104 | 896 | 165 |
| Operating transfers (out) | (105) | | | | (105) | (125) |
| Net Income (Loss) | 205 | 520 | (38) | 104 | 791 | 40 |
| Retained earnings at beginning of year | 8,649 | | 326 | 5,248 | 14,223 | 14,183 |
| Retained earnings at end of year | \$8,854 | \$520 | \$288 | \$5,352 | \$15,014 | <u>\$14,223</u> |

CITY OF PALO ALTO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

(In thousands of dollars)

| | Vehicle Replacement | Computer | Printing and | General Benefits | TOTA | LS |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | and Maintenance | Equipment Replacement | Mailing Services | and Insurance | 1998 | 1997 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | (\$197) | \$378 | (\$76) | (\$1,711) | (\$1,606) | (\$2,343) |
| cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Other | 1,648 41 | 25 | 28 11 | 558 | 1,701 610 | 1,575 909 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in interest receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid items Increase in inventory | 31 5 | (34) | | (8) 5 (180) | (8) 2 (180) 5 | (7) (83) (35) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and accrued salaries and benefits Decrease in accrued compensated absences Increase in accrued self-insurance | 74 | 93 | 1 | (47) 801 (270) | 121 801 (270) | (514) (55) 87 |
| Net Cash From Operating Activities | 1,602 | . 462 | (36) | (852) | 1,176 | (466) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating transfer (out) | (105) | | | | (105) | (125) |
| Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities | (105) | | | | (105) | (125) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of fixed assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Residual equity transfer in Residual equity transfer (out) | (1,881) 121 (2,000) | (222) 2,000 | | | (2,103) 121 2,000 (2,000) | (1,975) |
| Net Cash From Capital Financing Activities | (3,760) | 1,778 | | | (1,982) | (1,975) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends on pooled investments | 357 | 142 | 27 | 1,257 | 1,783 | 1,599 |
| Net Cash From Investing Activities | 357_ | 142 | 27 | 1,257 | 1,783 | 1,599 |
| Net Cash Flows | (1,906) | 2,382 | (9) | 405 | 872 | (967) |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments at beginning of year | 7,125 | | 452 | 23,321 | 30,898 | 31,865 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments at end of year | \$5,219 | \$2,382 | \$443 | \$23,726 | \$31,770 | \$30,898 |
| NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Increase in contributed capital | \$143 | | | | \$143 | \$451 |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City acting in a fiduciary capacity for other entities and individuals. The funds are operated to carry out the specific actions required by the trust agreements, ordinances and other governing regulations.

Expendable Trust Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity under formal trust agreements.

COMMUNITY PROJECTS DONATIONS

This fund accounts for community projects on behalf of the City residents. The source of revenues are donations.

ASSETS SEIZURE

This fund accounts for seized property and funds associated with drug trafficking. Under California Assembly Bill No. 4162, the monies are released to the City for specific expenditures related to law enforcement activities.

CHILD CARE

This fund accounts for the Child Care Master Plan through the efforts of the Child Care Task Force.

RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT

This fund accounts for retiree health benefits up to the amount that actual benefits exceed one and one-half of the City's gross payroll costs in any fiscal period.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City maintains two agency funds.

CALIFORNIA AVENUE PARKING ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements associated with the 1993 Parking District No. 92-13 Assessment Bonds.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION

This fund accounts for assets and liabilities of the City sponsored deferred compensation plan established under Internal Revenue Code section 457.

CITY OF PALO ALTO TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Community Projects Donation | Assets Seizure | Child Care | Retiree Health Benefit | | | |
| ASSETS | | * | | | | | |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$164 | \$61 | \$301 | \$7,525 | | | |
| Restricted cash and investments | | 1 | | | | | |
| Deferred compensation plan investments | | | | | | | |
| Interest receivable | 3 | 1 | 4 | 106 | | | |
| Total Assets | <u>\$167</u> | \$63 | \$305 | \$7,631 | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | \$1 | | | | | |
| Deferred compensation payable | | • | | | | | |
| Due to bondholders | | | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 1 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | | | | |
| Unreserved, designated for unrealized gain on investment | \$1 | | \$2 | \$56 | | | |
| Unreserved, undesignated | 166 | 62_ | 303 | 7,575 | | | |
| Total Fund Balances | 167 | 62 | 305 | 7,631 | | | |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | \$167 | \$63 | \$305 | \$7,631 | | | |

| AGENCY | FUNDS | TOT | ALS |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| California Avenue Parking Assessment District | Deferred Compensation | 1998 | 1997 |
| | - COLLEGE COLLEGE | | |
| \$400 | | \$8,451 | \$7,969 |
| | | 1 | 1 |
| • | \$58,612 | 58,612 | 48,259 |
| | : | 114_ | 112_ |
| | | | |
| \$400 | \$58,612 | <u>\$67,178</u> | \$56,341 |
| | | | |
| | | \$1 | \$1 |
| | \$58,612 | 58,612 | 48,259 |
| \$400_ | | 400 | 437 |
| 400 | 58,612 | 59,013 | 48,697 |
| | | | |
| | | 59 | |
| | | 8,106 | 7,644 |
| | | 8,165 | 7,644 |
| \$400 | \$58,612 | \$67,178 | \$56,341 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO

EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997 (In thousands of dollars)

| | | • | | | TOTA | TOTALS | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|--|
| REVENUES | Projects Donations | Assets Seizure | Child Care | Retiree Health Benefit | 1998 | 1997 | |
| Return on Investment | \$12 | \$3 | \$19 | \$496 | \$530 | \$437 | |
| Other | 23 | 10 | | | 33_ | 13 | |
| Total Revenues | 35 | 13 | 19 | 496 | 563 | 450 | |
| EXPENDITURES | • | | | • | | | |
| Public Safety - Police | 42 | | | | 42 | 31 | |
| Total Expenditures | 42 | | | · · · | 42 | 31 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | (7) | 13 | 19 | 496 | 521 | 419 | |
| Fund balances beginning of year | 174_ | 49 | 286 | 7,135 | 7,644 | 7,225 | |
| Fund balances end of year | \$167 | \$62 | \$305 | \$7,631 | \$8,165 | \$7,644 | |

CITY OF PALO ALTO AGENCY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

(In thousands of dollars)

| | Balance June 30, 1997 (As Restated) | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 1998 |
|---|---|-----------|------------|--------------------------|
| California Avenue Parking Assessment District | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | • |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$437 | \$121 | \$158 | \$400 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Due to bondholders | \$437 | \$121 | \$158 | \$400 |
| Deferred Compensation | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Deferred compensation plan investments: | | | | |
| The Hartford | \$29,699 | \$6,376 | \$1,984 | \$34,091 |
| ICMA | 17,794 | 6,367 | 370 | 23,791 |
| Great Western Savings | 766 | 46_ | 82 | 730 |
| Total assets | \$48,259 | \$12,789 | \$2,436 | \$58,612 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | • |
| Deferred compensation payable | \$48,259 | \$12,789 | \$2,436 | \$58,612 |
| Total Agency Funds | | | | • |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments available for operations | \$437 | \$121 | \$158 | \$400 |
| Deferred compensation plan investments | 48,259 | 12,789 | 2,436 | 58,612 |
| Total assets | \$48,696 | \$12,910 | \$2,594 | \$59,012 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Due to bondholders | \$437 | \$121 | \$158 | \$400 |
| Deferred compensation plan investments | 48,259 | 12,789 | 2,436 | 58,612 |
| Total liabilities | \$48,696 | \$12,910 | \$2,594 | \$59,012 |
| · · | | | | |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

CITY OF PALO ALTO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Balance June 30, 1997 | Additions | Retirements | Balance June 30,1998 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| General Fixed Assets: | | | | |
| Land and improvements | \$50,579 | \$981 | (\$286) | \$51,274 |
| Buildings and structures | 48,716 | 405 | | 49,121 |
| Equipment | 4,872 | 428_ | | 5,300 |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$104,167 | \$1,814 | (\$286) | \$105,695 |
| Investments in General Fixed Assets by Source: | | | | |
| Balances prior to July 1, 1994 | \$97,626 | | | \$97,626 |
| General Fund | 227 | \$64 | (\$286) | . 5 |
| Capital Projects Fund | 6,314 | 1,750 | | 8,064 |
| Total Investment in General Fixed Assets | \$104,167 | \$1,814 | (\$286) | \$105,695 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

(In thousands of dollars)

| FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY | Balance June 30, 1997 | Additions | Retirements | Balance June 30, 1998 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------------|
| ADMINISTRATION: | | | | |
| City Clerk and Council | \$55 | | | \$55 |
| City Manager | ,533 11 | | | \$33 11 |
| Administrative Services | 1,377 | \$76 | | 1,453 |
| General Government | 16,961 | 612 | | 17,573 |
| General Government | 10,701 | | · | 17,575 |
| Total administration | 18,404 | 688_ | | 19,092 |
| PUBLIC SAFETY: | | | | |
| Police | 25 | 41 | | 66 |
| Fire | 5,724 | 12 | | 5,736 |
| Communications | 603 | | | 603 |
| Animal Services | 400 | | | 400 |
| | | | | |
| Total public safety | 6,752 | 53 | | 6,805 |
| LIBRARIES | 3,354 | | | 3,354 |
| PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE | 45,876 | 1,073 | | 46,949 |
| PARKING FACILITIES | 11,687 | | | 11,687 |
| OPEN SPACE | 17,808 | | | 17,808 |
| HOUSING | 286 | | (\$286) | |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$104,167 | \$1,814 | (\$286) | \$105,695 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998 $\,$

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 1997

(In thousands of dollars)

| | • | | | TOT | ALS |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY | Land and Improvements | Buildings and Structures | Equipment | 1998 | 1997 |
| | | | | | |
| ADMINISTRATION: | | | | | |
| City Clerk and Council | | | \$55 | \$55 | \$55 |
| City Manager | • | | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Administrative Services | | | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,377 |
| General Government | \$1,782 | \$14,286 | 1,505 | 17,573 | 16,961 |
| Total administration | 1,782 | 14,286 | 3,024 | 19,092 | 18,404 |
| PUBLIC SAFETY: | | | | | |
| Police | • | | 66 | · 66 | 25 |
| Fire | 392 | 5,188 | 156 | 5,736 | 5,724 |
| Communications | | | 603 | 603 | 603 |
| Animal Services | 37 | 330 | 33 | 400 | 400 |
| Total public safety | 429 | 5,518 | 858 | 6,805 | 6,752 |
| LIBRARIES | 245 | 2,881 | 228 | 3,354 | 3,354 |
| PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE | 27,998 | 17,761 | 1,190 | 46,949 | 45,876 |
| PARKING FACILITIES | 3,012 | 8,675 | | 11,687 | 11,687 |
| OPEN SPACE | 17,808 | | | 17,808 | 17,808 |
| HOUSING | | | | | 286 |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$51,274 | \$49,121 | \$5,300 | \$105,695 | \$104,167 |

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section contains comprehensive statistical data which relates to physical, economic, social and political characteristics of the City. It is intended to provide users with a broader and more complete understanding of the City and its financial affairs than is possible from the financial statements and supporting schedules included in the financial section.

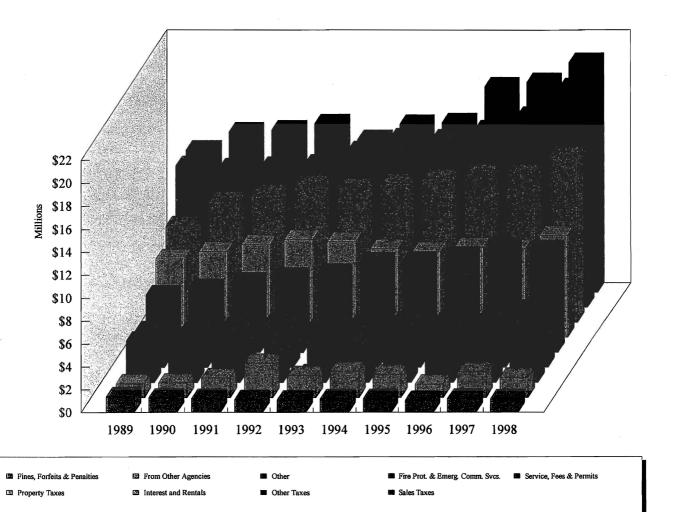
In this section, readers will find comparative information related to the City's revenue sources, expenditures, property tax valuations, levies and collections, general obligation bonded debt, utility revenue debt service, demographics and pension plan funding. Where available, the comparative information is presented for the last ten fiscal years.

In addition, this section presents information related to the City's legal debt margin computation, principal taxpayers, notary and security bond coverages, and other miscellaneous statistics pertaining to services provided by the City.

In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not usually subject to independent audit.

This Page Left Intentionally Blank

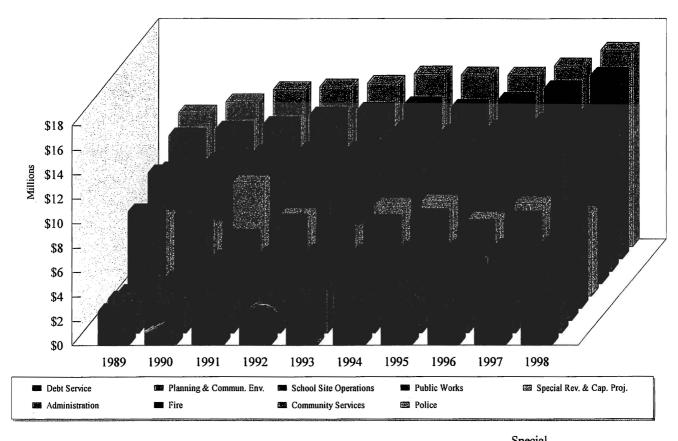
CITY OF PALO ALTO GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)



| Fiscal Year | Sales Taxes | Property Taxes | Other Taxes | Service Fees & Permits | Fines, Forfeits & Penalties | Interest & Rentals | Fire Protection & Emergency Communication Services | From Other Agencies | Other | Total |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1989 | \$12,409 | \$6,887 | \$12,376 | \$5,024 | \$1,383 | \$8,444 | \$3,227 | \$1,193 | \$3,628 | \$54,571 |
| 1990 | 13,987 | 7,512 | 12,158 | 5,615 | 1,251 | 10,567 | 3,029 | 1,269 | 4,038 | 59,426 |
| 1991 | 14,140 | 8,109 | 12,317 | 6,168 | 1,222 | 11,190 | 3,561 | 1,711 | 3,110 | 61,528 |
| 1992 | 14,692 | 8,555 | 12,493 | 6,570 | 1,097 | 12,001 | 3,908 | 2,982 | 1,127 | 63,425 |
| 1993 | 13,322 | 8,367 | 13,663 | 6,923 | 1,068 | 11,725 | 3,565 | 1,910 | 750 | 61,293 |
| 1994 | 14,635 | 7,737 | 14,763 | 7,915 | 1,180 | 12,132 | 3,884 | 2,295 | 2,381 | 66,922 |
| 1995 | 14,765 | 7,485 | 14,682 | 7,955 | 1,179 | 12,528 | 4,097 | 2,007 | 2,938 | 67,636 |
| 1996 | 17,895 | 7,854 | 15,469 | 8,380 | 1,032 | 12,953 | 4,073 | 1,144 | 2,445 | 71,245 |
| 1997 | 18,277 | 7,735 | 16,654 | 9,087 | 1,219 | 12,966 | 4,193 | 2,239 | 4,380 | 76,750 |
| 1998 | 20,011 | 8,903 | 19,150 | 8,984 | 1,161 | 14,525 | 4,507 | 1,732 | 6,354 | 85,327 |

NOTES (1) During fiscal year 1993-94 the City implemented GASB Statement No. 14, The Reporting Entity, and as a result the Palo Alto Centennial 1994, Inc. was included in the beginning of this year. Data prior to 1993-94 has not been restated.

CITY OF PALO ALTO GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

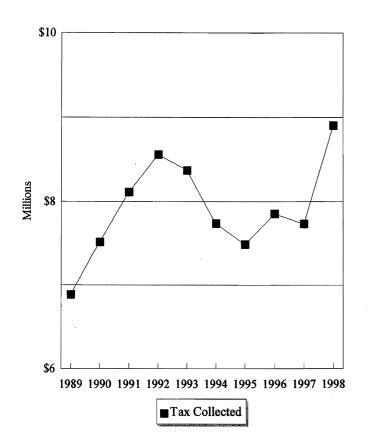


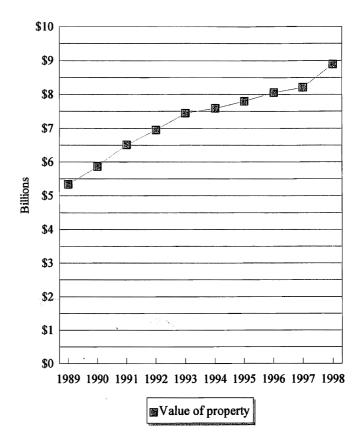
| | Admin- istration (1) | Public Works | Planning & Community Environment | Police | Fire | Community Services | School Site Operations | Revenue & Capital Projects | Debt Service | Total |
|-----|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| (2) | \$9,117 | \$7,953 | \$2,807 | \$10,954 | \$8,339 | \$10,098 | \$2,378 | \$6,470 | \$2,789 | \$60,905 |
| | 7,788 | 7,729 | 3,065 | 11,881 | 9,067 | 10,674 | 3,434 | 5,641 | 2,547 | 61,826 |
| | 7,830 | 5,871 | 2,881 | 12,867 | 9,762 | 11,025 | 5,164 | 9,303 | 3,139 | 67,842 |
| | 8,519 | 7,129 | 3,313 | 13,076 | 10,027 | 11,816 | 5,469 | 6,609 | 2,765 | 68,723 |
| | 8,809 | 6,673 | 3,757 | 13,380 | 10,040 | 12,183 | 5,632 | 5.342 | 2,541 | 68,357 |
| (3) | 9,343 | 7,058 | 4,160 | 14,150 | 11,718 | 12,651 | 5,645 | 7.450 | 2,569 | 74,744 |
| | 10,340 | 7,517 | 3,842 | 14,058 | 11,437 | 12,435 | 5,884 | 7,722 | 2,415 | 75,650 |
| | 11,133 | 6,614 | 3,901 | 14.066 | 11,739 | 13,019 | . 5,992 | 6,296 | 2,490 | 75,250 |
| | 11,689 | 7,339 | 4,320 | 14,804 | 12,292 | 13,972 | 6,086 | 7,581 | 2,319 | 80,402 |
| | 12,987 | 8,172 | 4,832 | 16,093 | 13,100 | 15,050 | 6,298 | 6,749 | 2,293 | 85,574 |
| | , | istration (1) (2) \$9,117 7,788 7,830 8,519 8,809 (3) 9,343 10,340 11,133 11,689 | istration (1) Works (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 7,788 7,729 7,830 5,871 8,519 7,129 8,809 6,673 (3) 9,343 7,058 10,340 7,517 11,133 6,614 11,689 7,339 | Administration (1) Public Works Community Environment (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 7,788 7,729 3,065 7,830 5,871 2,881 8,519 7,129 3,313 8,809 6,673 3,757 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 10,340 7,517 3,842 11,133 6,614 3,901 11,689 7,339 4,320 | Administration (1) Public Works Community Environment Police (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 \$10,954 7,788 7,729 3,065 11,881 7,830 5,871 2,881 12,867 8,519 7,129 3,313 13,076 8,809 6,673 3,757 13,380 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 14,150 10,340 7,517 3,842 14,058 11,133 6,614 3,901 14,066 11,689 7,339 4,320 14,804 | Administration (1) Public Works Community Environment Police Fire (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 \$10,954 \$8,339 7,788 7,729 3,065 11,881 9,067 7,830 5,871 2,881 12,867 9,762 8,519 7,129 3,313 13,076 10,027 8,809 6,673 3,757 13,380 10,040 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 14,150 11,718 10,340 7,517 3,842 14,058 11,437 11,133 6,614 3,901 14,066 11,739 11,689 7,339 4,320 14,804 12,292 | Administration (1) Public vorks Community Environment Police Fire Community Services (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 \$10,954 \$8,339 \$10,098 7,788 7,729 3,065 11,881 9,067 10,674 7,830 5,871 2,881 12,867 9,762 11,025 8,519 7,129 3,313 13,076 10,027 11,816 8,809 6,673 3,757 13,380 10,040 12,183 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 14,150 11,718 12,651 10,340 7,517 3,842 14,058 11,437 12,435 11,133 6,614 3,901 14,066 11,739 13,019 11,689 7,339 4,320 14,804 12,292 13,972 | Administration (1) Public istration (1) Community Works Police Fire Community Services Site Operations (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 \$10,954 \$8,339 \$10,098 \$2,378 7,788 7,729 3,065 11,881 9,067 10,674 3,434 7,830 5,871 2,881 12,867 9,762 11,025 5,164 8,519 7,129 3,313 13,076 10,027 11,816 5,469 8,809 6,673 3,757 13,380 10,040 12,183 5,632 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 14,150 11,718 12,651 5,645 10,340 7,517 3,842 14,058 11,437 12,435 5,884 11,133 6,614 3,901 14,066 11,739 13,019 5,992 11,689 7,339 4,320 14,804 12,292 13,972 6,086 | Administration (1) Public istration (1) Planning & Community Environment Police Fire Community Services School Operations Revenue & Capital Projects (2) \$9,117 \$7,953 \$2,807 \$10,954 \$8,339 \$10,098 \$2,378 \$6,470 7,788 7,729 3,065 11,881 9,067 10,674 3,434 5,641 7,830 5,871 2,881 12,867 9,762 11,025 5,164 9,303 8,519 7,129 3,313 13,076 10,027 11,816 5,469 6,609 8,809 6,673 3,757 13,380 10,040 12,183 5,632 5,342 (3) 9,343 7,058 4,160 14,150 11,718 12,651 5,645 7,450 10,340 7,517 3,842 14,058 11,437 12,435 5,884 7,722 11,133 6,614 3,901 14,066 11,739 13,019 5,992 6,296 11,689 <t< th=""><th> Admin- Public Community istration (1) Works Environment Police Fire Services Services Services Operations Projects Service Service </th></t<> | Admin- Public Community istration (1) Works Environment Police Fire Services Services Services Operations Projects Service Service |

NOTES: (1) Comprised of the following departments: City Council, City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk City Auditor, Administrative Services and Human Resources.

- (2) Includes litigation settlement of \$1,820.
- (3) During fiscal year 1993-94 the City implemented GASB Statement No. 14, The Reporting Entity, and as a result the Palo Alto Centennial 1994, Inc. was included in the beginning of this year. Data prior to 1993-94 has not been restated.

CITY OF PALO ALTO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)





| Fiscal Year | | Total Tax Levy | Current Tax Collections | Delinquent Tax Collections | Total Property Tax Collected | Assessed Value of Property Subject to Basic County Wide Tax Rate |
|----------------|-----|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1989 | | \$6,869 | \$6,726 | \$161 | \$6,887 | \$5,339,581 |
| 1990 | | 7,509 | 7,356 | 156 | 7,512 | 5,864,061 |
| 1991 | | 8,192 | 7,970 | 139 | 8,109 | 6,501,973 |
| 1992 | | 8,617 | 8,372 | 183 | 8,555 | 6,949,429 |
| 1993 | | 8,373 | 8,148 | 219 | 8,367 | 7,443,688 |
| 1994 | (1) | 7,310 | 7,310 | 427 | 7,737 | 7,592,131 |
| 1995 | ` ' | 7,485 | 7,485 | | 7,485 | 7,795,396 |
| 1996 | | 7,854 | 7,854 | | 7,854 | 8,058,927 |
| 1997 | | 7,735 | 7,735 | | 7,735 | 8,206,532 |
| 1998 | | 8,903 | 8,903 | | 8,903 | 8,885,623 |

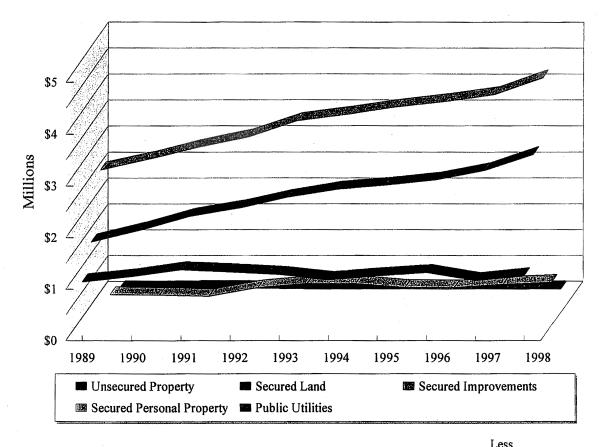
SOURCE:

County of Santa Clara Assessor's Office

NOTES:

(1) Effective with the fiscal year 1993-94, the City is on the Teeter Plan, under which the County of Santa Clara pays the full tax levy due. All prior delinquent taxes were also received in this fiscal year. Assessed value of property is considered to be an estimate of full market value.

CITY OF PALO ALTO ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)



| | | Secured | | | | Exemptions | Total |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Land | Improvements | Personal Property | Public Utilities | Unsecured Property | Net of State Aid | Assessed Value |
| 1989 | \$1,670,237 | \$2,809,962 | \$142,484 | \$7,295 | \$1,145,899 | \$436,296 | \$5,339,581 |
| 1990 | 1,897,944 | 3,019,530 | 134,389 | 8,138 | 1,248,028 | 443,968 | 5,864,061 |
| 1991 | 2,168,956 | 3,253,018 | 107,494 | 10,139 | 1,384,622 | 422,256 | 6,501,973 |
| 1992 | 2,324,109 | 3,446,205 | 275,237 | 13,666 | 1,340,081 | 449,869 | 6,949,429 |
| 1993 | 2,533,275 | 3.758,000 | 356,415 | 3,200 | 1,290,140 | 497,342 | 7,443,688 |
| 1994 | 2,687,134 | 3,876,127 | 353,803 | 1,425 | 1,188,354 | 514,712 | 7,592,131 |
| 1995 | 2,764,558 | 4,018,251 | 281,479 | 1,508 | 1,262,254 | 532,654 | 7,795,396 |
| 1996 | 2,865,710 | 4,129,805 | 277.037 | 2,508 | 1,325,835 | 541,968 | 8,058,927 |
| 1997 | 3,045,477 | 4,259,209 | 340,073 | 2,410 | 1,173,563 | 614,200 | 8,206,532 |
| 1998 | 3,353,027 | 4,585,725 | 381,091 | 2,652 | 1,265,100 | 701,972 | 8,885,623 |

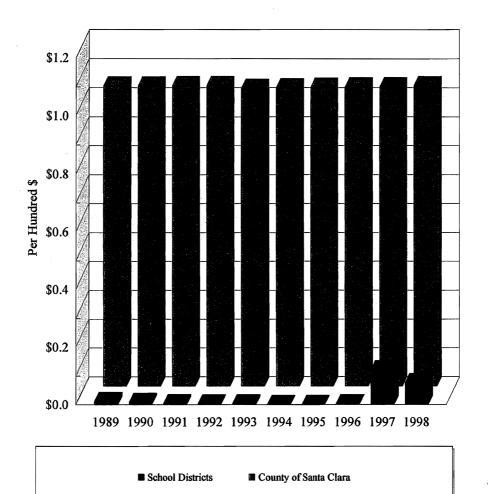
SOURCE:

County of Santa Clara Assessor's Office

NOTE:

- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 1988-89, Chapter 921 of the Statutes of 1987 requires the establishment of a single county-wide tax rate area for the assignment of the assessed value of certain types of state-assessed utility property and sets forth formulas for the determination of county-wide tax rates for this particular type of property.
- * The State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus an increment of no more than two percent annually, plus any local over-rides. These values are considered to be full market values.

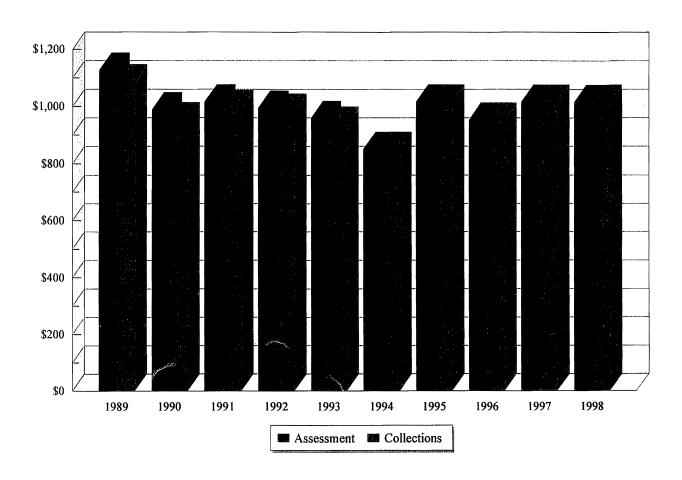
CITY OF PALO ALTO PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



| Fiscal | County of | School | |
|--------|-------------|------------------|----------|
| Year | Santa Clara | Districts | Total |
| 1989 | 1.0380 | \$0 .0110 | \$1.0490 |
| 1990 | 1.0380 | 0.0080 | 1.0460 |
| 1991 | 1.0390 | 0.0040 | 1.0430 |
| 1992 | 1.0390 | 0.0020 | 1.0410 |
| 1993 | 1.0290 | 0.0030 | 1.0320 |
| 1994 | 1.0310 | 0.0000 | 1.0310 |
| 1995 | 1.0330 | 0.0000 | 1.0330 |
| 1996 | 1.0340 | 0.0030 | 1.0370 |
| 1997 | 1.0340 | 0.1210 | 1.1550 |
| 1998 | 1.0388 | 0.0764 | 1.1152 |

Source: County of Santa Clara, Tax Rates and Information

CITY OF PALO ALTO SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)



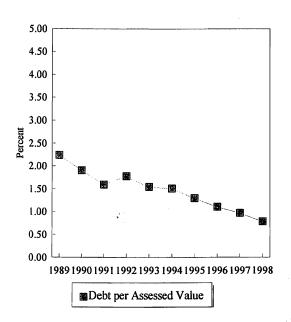
| Fiscal Year | County Assessment Due | Current Assessment Collected | Delinquent & Penalties Collected | Special Assessment Billings and Collections |
|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1989 | \$1,127 | \$1,086 | \$31 | \$1,117 |
| 1990 | 989 | 954 | 36 | 990 |
| 1991 | 1,016 | 997 | 23 | 1,020 |
| 1992 | 994 | 984 | 14 | 998 |
| 1993 | 959 | 939 | 11 | 950 |
| 1994 | 850 | 850 | 14 | 864 |
| 1995 | 1,016 | 1,016 | | 1,016 |
| 1996 | 952 | 952 | | 952 |
| 1997 | 1,016 | 1,016 | | 1,016 |
| 1998 | 1,015 | 1,015 | | 1,015 |

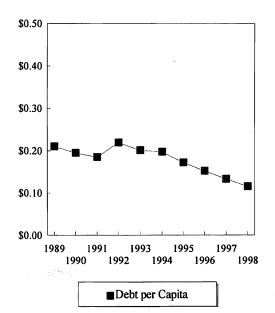
SOURCE:

NOTE:

⁽¹⁾ Effective with the fiscal year 1993-94, the City is on the Teeter Plan, under which the County of Santa Clara pays the City the full assessment due. Payment for all prior delinquencies was also received in this fiscal year.

CITY OF PALO ALTO RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)





| Fiscal Year | Population | Assessed Value | Bonded Debt | Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation | Net Bonded Debt Per Capita |
|----------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| 1989 | 56,950 | \$5,339,581 | \$11,978 | 0.224% | \$0.21 |
| 1990 | 57,400 | 5,864,061 | 11,198 | 0.191% | 0.20 |
| 1991 | 56,000 | 6,501,973 | 10,397 | 0.160% | 0.19 |
| 1992 | 56,330 | 6,949,429 | 12,376 | 0.178% | 0.22 |
| 1993 | 57,300 | 7,443,688 | 11,541 | 0.155% | 0.20 |
| 1994 | 58,100 | 7,592,131 | 11,498 | 0.151% | 0.20 |
| 1995 | 58,580 | 7,795,396 | 10,103 | 0.130% | 0.17 |
| 1996 | 58,500 | 8,058,927 | 8,916 | 0.111% | 0.15 |
| 1997 | 59,900 | 8,206,532 | 7,981 | 0.097% | 0.13 |
| 1998 | 60.500 | 8.885.623 | 7.026 | 0.079% | 0.12 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

JUNE 30, 1998

(In Thousands)

| 1997-98 ASSESSED VALUATION: | | \$8,885,623 |
|--|--------|-------------|
| Debt limit - 15% of assessed value | | \$1,332,843 |
| Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: | | |
| General revenue bonds | \$625 | |
| Certificates of participation | 5,215 | |
| Capital lease obligations | 1,186 | |
| Special assessment debt with governmental commitment | 5,685 | |
| | | |
| Total | 12,711 | |
| Less amount of debt not applicable to debt limit | 0 | |
| Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit | | 12,711 |
| Legal debt margin | | \$1,320,132 |

Note:

- (1) The above does not include debt recorded in the Enterprise Funds because such debt is not subject to the legal debt margin.
- (2) Special assessments debt excludes Cambridge Ave. parking debt because there is no government commitment. (\$1,885)

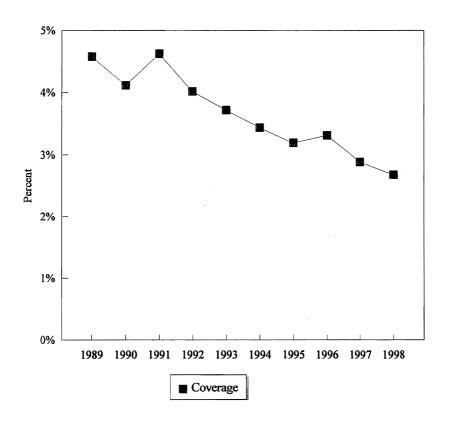
CITY OF PALO ALTO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT JUNE 30, 1998 (In Thousands)

(In Thousands)

| 1997-1998 Assessed Valuation \$ 8,885,623 | Percentage Applicable | |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt | To City of Palo Alto | June 30, 1998 Bonded Debt |
| Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt | Palo Alto | Bollded Debt |
| OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: | | |
| Palo Alto Unified School District | 89.784 | \$110,672 |
| Other School Districts and School Authorities | 5.286 | 1,710 |
| City of Palo Alto Special Assessment Bonds | 100.000 | 5,685 (1) |
| Special Districts | 13.508 | 4,456 |
| Spoolar Districts | 13.500 | 1,130 |
| Total overlapping tax and assessment debt | | 122,523 |
| DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING LEASE OBLIGATION DEBT: | | |
| | 7.638 | 40,583 |
| Santa Clara County General Fund Obligations Santa Clara County Board of Education Certificates of Participation | 7.638 | 1,578 |
| Other School Districts and School Authorities | 22.533 | 8,722 |
| City of Palo Alto General Fund Obligations | 100.00 | 7,026 |
| Santa Clara Valley Water District Certificates of Participation | 7.638 | 10,150 |
| Other Special Districts, (net of El Camino Hospital - 100% self | 7.050 | 10,130 |
| supporting) | 13.508 | 6,294 |
| supporting) | 15.500 | - 0,25 |
| Total gross direct and overlapping lease obligation debt | | 74,353 |
| NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT | | \$196,876 |
| | | |
| Note: (1) Excludes Cambridge (California Avenue) parking special assessr | nent bonds | |
| Ratios to Assessed Valuation: | | |
| Gross Direct Debt(\$7,026) | 0.08% | |
| Total Gross Debt | 2.24% | |
| Total Net Debt | 2.24% | |
| | =:= : , 0 | |

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF PALO ALTO RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)



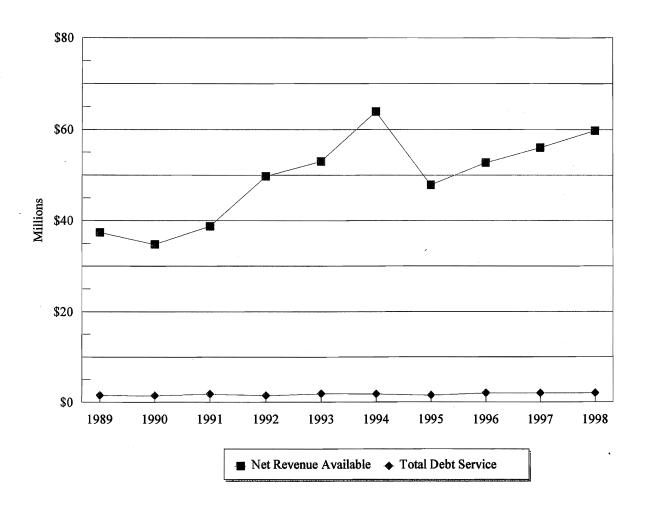
| | Total | | Debt Service | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| Fiscal Year | General Expenditures | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 1989 | \$60,905 | \$1,113 | \$1,676 | \$2,789 | 4.58% |
| 1990 | 61,826 | 1,112 | 1,435 | 2,547 | 4.12% |
| 1991 | 67,842 | 1,289 | 1,850 | 3,139 | 4.63% |
| 1992 | 68,723 | 1,151 | 1,614 | 2,765 | 4.02% |
| 1993 | 68,357 | 1,274 | 1,267 | 2,541 | 3.72% |
| 1994 | 74,744 | 1,305 | 1,264 | 2,569 | 3.44% |
| 1995 | 75,650 | 1,245 | 1,170 | 2,415 | 3.19% |
| 1996 | 75,250 | 1,365 | 1,125 | 2,490 | 3.31% |
| 1997 | 80,402 | 1,355 | 964 | 2,319 | 2.88% |
| 1998 | 85,574 | 1,405 | 888 | 2,293 | 2.68% |

NOTE: (1) Includes general, special revenue, debt services and capital project funds.

CITY OF PALO ALTO

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

WATER, ELECTRIC, GAS, WASTEWATER COLLECTION, WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND STORM DRAINAGE FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

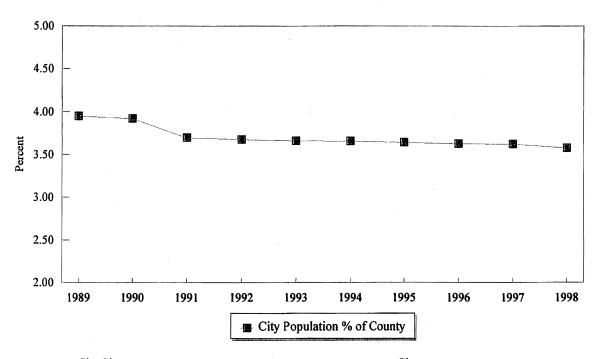


| Fiscal | Gross | Direct Operating | Net Revenue Available for | Debt | Service | Requir | ements |
|--------|----------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|
| Year | Revenue | (1) Expenditures (2) | Debt Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 1989 | \$97,790 | \$60,344 | \$37,446 | \$534 | \$1,011 | \$1,545 | 24.24 |
| 1990 | 104,948 | 70,090 | 34,858 | 565 | 935 | 1,500 | 23.24 |
| 1991 | 109,115 | 70,302 | 38,813 | 950 | 922 | 1,872 | 20.73 |
| 1992 | 115,659 | 65,861 | 49,798 | 690 | 829 | 1,519 | 32.78 |
| 1993 | 119,274 | 66,212 | 53,062 | 735 | 1,159 | 1,894 | 28.02 |
| 1994 | 132,317 | 68,371 | 63,946 | 875 | 945 | 1,820 | 35.14 |
| 1995 | 124,537 | 76,693 | 47,844 | 555 | 997 | 1,552 | 30.83 |
| 1996 | 120,828 | 68,096 | 52,732 | 755 | 1,308 | 2,063 | 25.56 |
| 1997 | 133,081 | 77,107 | 55,974 | 801 | 1,263 | 2,064 | 27.12 |
| 1998 | 144,195 | 84,415 | 59,780 | 840 | 1,214 | 2,054 | 29.10 |

NOTES:

- (1) 1993-94 excludes electric rebate.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and amortization expense.

CITY OF PALO ALTO DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

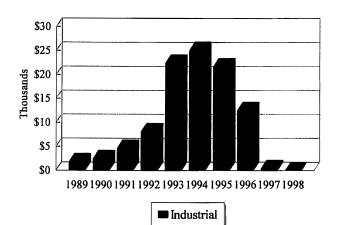


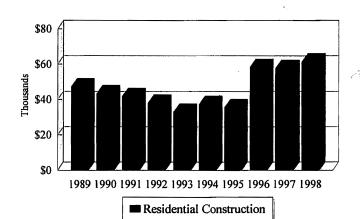
| | City Size | | | | City | | |
|--------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Fiscal | Square | Street | City | County | Population | School | Unemployment |
| Year | Miles | Miles | Population | (1) Population | (2) % of County | Population (3 |) Rate |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1989 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 56,950 | 1,440,900 | 3.95% | 7,477 | 2.60% |
| 1990 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 57,400 | 1,463,500 | 3.92% | 7,443 | 2.30% |
| 1991 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 56,000 | 1,513,100 | 3.70% | 7,496 | 3.90% |
| 1992 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 56,330 | 1,531,700 | 3.68% | 7,756 | 4.50% |
| 1993 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 57,300 | 1,563,800 | 3.66% | 7,970 | 3.80% |
| 1994 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 58,100 | 1,587,800 | 3.66% | 8,334 | 3.30% |
| 1995 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 58,580 | 1,607,700 | 3.64% | 8,419 | 2.80% |
| 1996 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 58,500 | 1,612,300 | 3.63% | 9,122 | 1.90% |
| 1997 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 59,900 | 1,653,100 | 3.62% | 9,407 | 1.50% |
| 1998 | 25.98 | 193.12 | 60,500 | 1,689,900 | 3.58% | 9,719 | 1.50% |

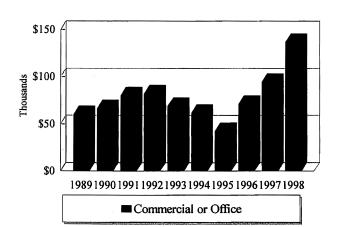
Sources:

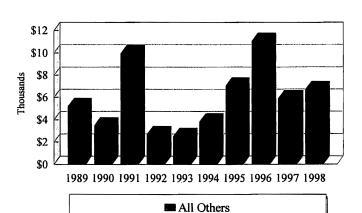
- (1) State Department of Finance
- (2) Palo Alto Unified School District
- (3) State Employment Development Office

CITY OF PALO ALTO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)









| | | Indus | strial | Commercia | l or Office | Reside | ntial | All O | thers |
|--------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fiscal | Property | Number of | | Number of | | Number of | | Number of | |
| Year | Values | Permits | Valuation | Permits | Valuation | Permits | Valuation | Permits | Valuation |
| 1989 | \$5,339,581 | 3 | \$182 | 316 | \$59,835 | 1,130 | \$47,334 | 65 | \$5,192 |
| 1990 | 5,864,061 | 7 | 249 | 331 | 66,373 | 1,195 | 43,378 | 53 | 3,474 |
| 1991 | 6,501,973 | 6 | 470 | 342 | 79,998 | 1,088 | 41,862 | 70 | 9,935 |
| 1992 | 6,949,429 | 11 | 814 | 355 | 82,088 | 1,087 | 38,101 | 63 | 2,692 |
| 1993 | 7,443,688 | 7 | 2,244 | 388 | 68,923 | 1,079 | 33,065 | 65 | 2,506 |
| 1994 | 7,592,131 | 23 | 2,509 | 377 | 61,492 | 1,081 | 37,284 | 96 | 3,823 |
| 1995 | 7,795,396 | 20 | 2,169 | 364 | 42,302 | 1,032 | 35,563 | 72 | 7,055 |
| 1996 | 8,058,927 | 10 | 1,256 | 400 | 71,015 | 1,194 | 58,262 | 89 | 11,052 |
| 1997 | 8,206,532 | 2 | 41 | 375 | 94,444 | 1,095 | 57,617 | 106 | 5,874 |
| 1998 | 8,885,623 | 0 | 0 | 374 | 136,761 | 1,154 | 61,316 | 80 | 6,704 |

SOURCE: Planning and Community Environment Department City of Palo Alto

CITY OF PALO ALTO INSURANCE COVERAGE June 30, 1998

| ТҮРЕ | COVERAGE (Deductible) | LIMITS | COMPANY | EXPIRATION DATE |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------|
| PROPERTY LOSS | | | | |
| Blanket | All real & personal property (\$10,000 deductible) | \$182,934,542 | Federal Insurance Company | 7/1/98 |
| Boiler & Machinery | All real & personal property: (Deductibles are: \$50,000 - all distribution transformers \$10,000 - all other objects | | | |
| FINANCIAL LOSS | | | | |
| Employee Blanket | Position bond - faithful performance per loss (\$5,000 deductible) | \$1,000,000 | Hartford Fire Insurance | 7/1/98 |
| Trustees Errors and Omissions | Trustees errors and omissions (\$15,000 deductible) | \$1,000,000 | National Union Fire Insurance | 7/1/98 |
| UMBRELLA EXCESS | City is a member of an insurance pool participating with a number of other California cities. (\$1,000,000 self insured retention) | \$9,000,000 рег осситенсе \$27,000,000 aggregate | ACCEL Group | 7/1/98 |
| | First excess layer (\$10,000,000 deductible) | \$10,000,000 per occurrence | Insurance Company of Pennsylvania | 7/1/98 |
| SPECIAL LIABILITY Volunteers Accident | Each Occurrence Medical - Each Person (\$25 deductible) | \$5,000 | North Atlantic Life Insurance Company | 1/1/99 |
| Special Events | Bodily Injury | \$1,000,000 per occurrence | General Star Indemnity Co. | 1/1/01 |
| EMPLOYEE BENEFIT Travel Accident | Indemnity, based on salary | \$1,500,000 per accident | Life Insurance Co. of North America | 6/1/98 |
| EMPLOYEE HEALTH PLAN | The City participates in the California Public Employees' Medical and Health Care Act (PEMHCA) program to provide medical benefits to employees and retirees. | | · | |
| WORKERS' COMPENSATION | City is self-insured for first \$500,000 of liability | | | |
| EXCESS WORKERS' COMPENSATION | Excess Workers' Compensation | | National Union Fire | |
| COM BROWNION | Employers Liability | \$2,000,000 | Insurance | 7/1/98 |

CITY OF PALO ALTO TOP TEN PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

JUNE 30, 1998

(In thousands of dollars)

| | Trus of Durings | Assessed | Percent of Total Assessed |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| | Type of Business | <u>Valuation</u> | <u>Valuation</u> |
| Leland Stanford Jr. University | University and Ancillary | \$1,483,270 | 16.69 |
| Space Systems/Loral, Inc. | Research and Development | 179,819 | 2.02 |
| Sun Microsystems, Inc. | Computers and Electronics | 51,332 | 0.58 |
| Harbor Investment Partners | General Industrial | 42,000 | 0.47 |
| S I Palo Alto, Inc. | Offices, Banks and Clinics | 41,511 | 0.47 |
| Digital Equipment Corporation | Computers and Electronics | 37,954 | 0.43 |
| Cowper-Hamilton Associates | Offices, Banks and Clinics | 36,403 | 0.41 |
| University Avenue Partners | | | |
| and Associates | Offices, Banks and Clinics | 19,889 | 0.22 |
| Maytai Investments, Inc. | Offices, Banks and Clinics | 15,763 | 0.18 |
| Stanford Square Limited Partners | Offices, Banks and Clinics | 15,700 | 0.18 |
| Totals | | \$1,923,641 | 21.65 |

Source: Center for Urban Analysis, County of Santa Clara

CITY OF PALO ALTO MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 1998

| DISCOVERED | 1769 | NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS | 25,701 |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| DATE OF INCORPORATION | April 16, 1894 | COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SPACE | 27.1 Million Square Feet |
| INCORPORATED AS CHARTER CITY | July 1, 1909 | MUNICIPAL UTILITY PLANTS: | |
| FORM OF GOVERNMENT | Council-Manager | WATER Million CCF Sold, 19,298 Accounts | 5.8 |
| POPULATION | 60,500 | Miles of Mains | 215 |
| LAND AREA | 25.98 Square Miles | WASTEWATER Million Gallons Processed | 10,339 |
| CITY MAINTAINED TREES | 39,200 | Accounts Miles of Sanitary Sewer Lines | 21,951 219 |
| POLICE PROTECTION: | | ELECTRIC | - |
| NUMBER OF STATION(S) NUMBER OF REGULAR EMPLOYEES NUMBER OF POLICE PATROL VEHICLES | . 1 170 26 | Million KWH Sold, 27,641 Accounts Pole Miles, 200 Trench Miles | 1,121 185 |
| FIRE PROTECTION: | • | GAS Million Therms Sold, 23,327 Accounts Miles of Gas Mains | 37 170 |
| NUMBER OF STATION(S) NUMBER OF REGULAR EMPLOYEES NUMBER OF FIRE APPARATUS NUMBER OF FIRE HYDRANTS | 8 122 24 1,500 | | |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | | | |
| ACRES- DOWNTOWN PARKS ACRES- OPEN SPACE PARKS GOLF COURSE TENNIS COURTS ATHLETIC CENTER COMMUNITY CENTERS THEATERS CULTURAL CENTER JUNIOR MUSEUM AND ZOO SWIMMING POOLS NATURE CENTERS | 142 3,997 36 1 51 1 4 3 1 1 3 | | |
| LIBRARIES | . 6 | | |